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PARIS, MONDAY, APRIL 20, 1981

Established 1887

Israeli-Backed Force Shells Lebanese City; 16 Killed, 25 Injured

From Agency Dispatches
BEIRUT — Israeli-backed rightist Christian militias under Maj.

Saad Haddad in southern Lebanon shelled the port city of Sidon with long-range artillery Sunday. Pro-vincial authorities said that 16 persons were killed and 25 were wounded when a cafe was hit.

The governor's office in Sidon, a rovincial capital in southern Lebanon, and the state radio in Beirut said that the casualty toll could climb, and that rescue operations were begun three hours after the 15-shell barrage.

The city's Maronite Christian archbishopric and the Lebanese-French bank were among several buildings that were reported to be on fire.

Although Sidon's population of 100,000 is predominantly Moslem, Easter was an official holiday in

Ulster Catholics Commemorate 1916 Uprising

BELFAST — Thousands of Roman Catholics took part in rallies and parades in Northern Ire-land on Sunday to commemorate the 1916 Dublin uprising against British rule. There was little violence connected with the activities.

In Londonderry, however, rioting erupted for a fifth straight night Sunday. Authorities said two teen-agers were accidentally run over and killed by a British Army

The accident occurred after troops fixed four warning shots over the heads of about 100 stonethrowing youths in a predominant-ly Catholic area of the city, authorties said.

In Belfast, three masked men fired the traditional volley of shots over graves in Belfast's Milltown Cemeters, where one speaker told the crowd that only through armed struggle could they win national freedom in the British province.

Tension at the annual demonstrations was heightened this year by the hunger strike of Bobby Sands, a jailed Irish Republican Army member, whose condition was said to be progressively weak-er. Mr. Sands, who has refused food since March I, has received last rites of the Catholic

By Kevin Klose

Washington Post Service
MOSCOW — The Soviet Union

has indicated disapproval of Po-

and's agreement to recognize Ru-al Solidarity and continues to ig-

nore publicly the rapidly growing reform movement within the Pol-

sh Communist Party.
In a brief Warsaw dispatch Sat-

arday, Tass reported that the Pol-

sh government had agreed to the certification of the new union for

Poland's 3.5 million private farm-

ers, a major concession that Mos-

ow cannot find to its liking.
The carefully worded dispatch implied that the Polish govern-

ment was agreeing to the new un-

on's legal status only as part of its

attempts three weeks ago to head

off a crippling national strike.

(The Polish government Satur-

day proposed substantive new talks with the trade union federa-

tion Solidarity. A detailed agenda

proposed by the government for the talks was published in all War-

saw newspapers as Poles began a three-day Easter holiday break.

The initiative marks a significant new attempt to involve Solidarity

in tackling the country's economic

and political crisis.
(The government proposal cov-

ered most outstanding problems, from chronic food shortages to the union's access to the news media,

nation of 3 million. The city is controlled by leftist Lebanese Moslem militias allied with Palestinian

guerrillas. Sidon is 25 miles (40 kilometers) south of Beirut and about the same distance northwest of the "Free Lebanon" enclave under the com-mand of Maj. Haddad. The right-ists control a six-mile strip for 60 miles along the border with Israel from the Mediterranean to the footbills of Mount Hermon.

Before the shelling of Sidon, the Haddad militia exchanged fire Sunday with Palestinians and leftists around the southern Lebanese towns of Arnoun and Nabativet. The militia also reported that

three of its men were killed and one was seriously wounded Sun-day when a vehicle struck a land mine west of the town of Marjayoun, the militia's headquarters.

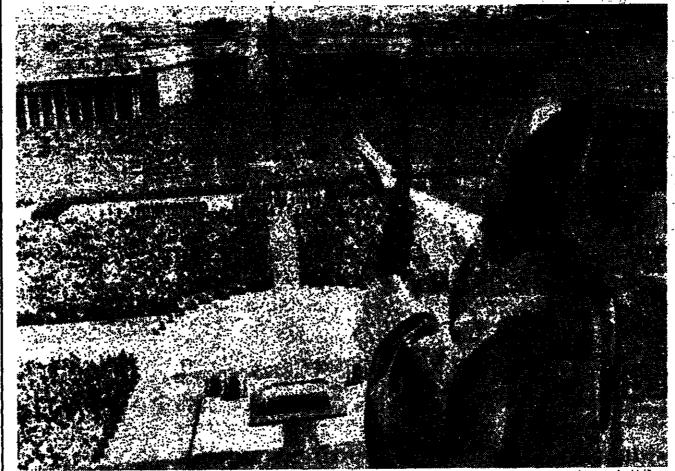
In Beirut, Easter Sunday was marred by street fighting between Syrian troops and Lebanese Army regulars. Police sources said the ri-val armies traded artillery and machine-gun fire along the so-called Green Line, which divides the city into the mainly Moslem western sector and the Christian eastern

In Zahle, 33 miles east of Beirut, the Christian Phalangist radio, the Voice of Lebanon, reported spo-radic machine-gun and mortar ex-changes between Syrian troops surrounding Zahle and Phalangist militiamen inside the town. But police said the 11-day-old ceasefire between the two sides was still nsidered to be in effect

Haddad Has Heart Attack

METULLA, Lebanon (Reuters) - Maj. Haddad had a slight heart attack Sunday, militia sources said. He was taken across the border to Israel and flown by helicopter to a hospital in Haifa.

The sources said Maj. Haddad complained of chest pains while trying to calm villagers in the area of Marjayoun after the three militiamen were killed. The villagers reportedly demanded Israeli action against Palestinian guerrillas and charged that United Nations peacekeeping forces allowed guer-rillas to infiltrate the area and lay the land mine that killed the miliu-



EASTER SUNDAY — Pope John Paul II saluted thousands of tourists and Roman Catholic pilgrims from the main balco-traditional blessing to the city and the world. Details, Page 3.

ny of St. Peter's Basilica in Rome after he delivered his

Baldrige Says U.S. Grain Embargo May End

By Judith Miller New York Times Service

WASHINGTON — Amid conflicting signals that the Reagan administration might soon lift restricions on grain sales to the Soviet Union, Commerce Secretary Malcolm Baldrige has stated that the restrictions might "possibly" be ended in a week or two.

Another official confirmed Saturday that senior U.S. officials had agreed early this month that a prompt end to the restrictions on grain sales would be helpful in winning congressional support for farm legislation sought by the White House, and as an incentive to the Soviet Union to refrain from military intervention in Poland.

"Clearly," the official said, events are coming together where it's to our advantage domestically and internationally" to lift the

Mr. Reagan wanted to lift grain-sale limitations promptly, ending them now would send the Soviet Union a "wrong signal," in view of the continuing threat to Poland. Similarly, a spokesman for the an. surprise about reports that the re-Mr. Baldrige said Saturday, strictions could be lifted soon. Ag-

Agriculture Department expressed however, that President Reagan vould not lift the restrictions on pressed on two or three occasions in recent weeks for an end to the restrictions soon.

grain sales unless the Russians ei-ther provided "private assurances"

that they would not intervene mili-

tarily in Poland or sent another

Signal Problem

drige's suggestion that an end to

the restrictions might be imminent were contradicted by other official

administration statements Satur-

Department issued a joint state-ment reaffirming the administra-

tion's previous position that while

The White House and the State

Published reports and Mr. Bal-

signal of restraint.

Members of Congress also have pressed the administration for an early end to the restrictions, im-On Union Accord, Ignores Party Reform posed following the Soviet intervention in Afghanistan. President Jimmy Carter ordered a ban in January, 1980, on Soviet purchases of grain beyond the maximum of 8 million metric tons that Moscow could purchase per year under an existing agreement with the United States. At the time, the Russians had negotiated to purchase an additional 17 million tons.

Going Public

Earlier this month, a "sense of ingly approved, called for an early end to the restrictions on grain sales to the Soviet Union. And Sen. Roger Jepsen, Republican of Iowa, said last week that he had been assured by the White House that if the Polish situation remained stable, the curtailment of further grain sales would be lifted

Mr. Baldrige, interviewed Saturday on Cable News Network, contwo. "But there has to be, in effect, a quid pro quo," he said in reference to the Soviet Union. "Now the quid pro quo [for lifting the restrictions) does not have to be pub-

However, State Department of-ficials expressed serious doubt that the Soviet Union would ever pro-

vide such assurances. early lifting of the embargo, as have several key White House officials who are concerned about the political impact of the ban. Mr.

American grain sales. The administration must prepare its 1981 farm bill by April 27, and it is seeking congressional support for seeking congressional support for what will undoubtedly be a contro-

versial legislative proposal. Secretary of State Alexander M. Haig Jr., however, has resisted ef-Mr. Baldrige and Mr. Block forts to end the restrictions. State have consistently advocated an Department officials have argued Department officials have argued that while the threat of imminent Soviet military intervention in Poished recently, such land has dimini intervention would remain a possi-Reagan promised during the press bility for many months.

U.S. Widening **Soviet Strategy**

Reagan Policy Expected to Include 3 Chance of Long Conventional Wark

By Richard Halloran New York Times Service

WASHINGTON -- The Reagan administration is fashioning a military strategy that would prepare the armed forces for the possibility of a confrontation with the Soviet Union leading to a protracted con-ventional war, according to senior Pentagon officials.

The concept, which is still being refined, marks the imprint of Derefined, marks the imprint of De-fense Secretary Caspar W. Wein-berger and his leading associates on U.S. military thinking. It is part of the policy being drafted to guide the military services in their 1983 budgets.

The officials said the plan sheds the concept that any war with the

the concept that any war with the Soviet Union would probably be of short duration and settled by negotiation or enlarged into a nuclear conflict. Instead, they said, it envisions the possibility of a long conflict with conventional weapons in several parts of the world at the same time.

The new strategy would require investing huge sums of money in weapons, ammunition, transport, equipment and supplies. It would elso require a vast mobilization of manpower and revitalization of the armaments industry, the officials

Invulnerable Apparatus

The administration would retain the long-standing reliance on stra-tegic and tactical nuclear weapons as a deterrent, the officials said, but would strive to make the militions apparatus invulnerable to nuclear attack. tary command and communica-

They said that the administra-tion would also retain the commitment to the Atlantic alliance and continue to modernize its mediumrange nuclear weapons, keep U.S. forces in South Korea and elsewhere in Northeast Asia, and prapare for localized conflicts against adversaries other than the Soviet

The new military strategy reflects President Reagan's and Mr.
Weinberger's skepticism about detente. It may lead to an overall

doctrine characterizing administra-tion policy. doctrine characterizing watminstation policy.

Once the strategy has been decided, the Army, Navy and Air Force will use it for guidance in budgeting for fiscal 1983, which begins Oct. 1, 1982. Their recommendations will pass through Mr. Weinberger's office and the Office of Management and Budget before being approved by Mr. Reagan.

Sources of Oil

The policy instructs the military services to plan their forces, weap-ons and equipment to defend U.S. interests as far away from American shores as their resources will permit, the officials said.

A Soviet threat to the West's sources of oil in the Middle East and around the Gulf is empha-sized, the officials said. The strate-gy calls for the direct introduction of U.S. forces into the region if access to petroleum supplies is jeop-ardized.

This policy appears to solidify and extend the policy enunciated by former President Jimmy Carter after the Soviet intervention in Afghanistan in late 1979. At the time, Mr. Carter pledged to defend U.S. interests in that region with military force if necessary.

However, Mr. Weinberger, in

his initial appearance before a congressional committee as defense secretary, criticized that Carter administration policy as "extraordinarily clumsy and ill-advised."

The new policy, the Pentagon officials said, asserts that it is essential that the Soviet Union be confronted with the possibility of a

Senators Question Reagan Military Budget

Conservative Pentagon Backers Fear Backlash if Waste Continues

By George C. Wilson

WASHINGTON — Some of the Pentagon's best friends in Congress are also its most knowledgeable critics, and their reaction to the Reagan administration's rich military budget is a strange one: It worries them a little.

These veteran conservative legislators have no objection to increasing military spending; they have fought for that for years. But they think that some of the increases President Reagan has proposed — enough to lift obliga-

tional authority next fiscal year to \$222 billion, up about 25 percent, with more to follow — are exces-And they fear that these

excesses — plus the domestic spending cuts the military increases will force — will in time destroy the new, hard-won congression. consensus in favor of military

For example, John C. Stennis, the former chairman and now ranking minority member of the Senate Armed Services Committee and one of the Senate's staunchest defenders of military spending, is flying cautionary flags about the cost of both procurement and resays of the weapons programs. On said of the rising cost of individual bonus for an 18-year-old youngster recruitment, he says that "we got weapons." if he'll serve in the infantry," he enough men in uniform now," but not the skilled ones the services

told Mr. Weinberger," recalled Sen. Stennis, referring to Defense Secretary Caspar W. Weinberger, "that you're going to get your money this year. The years you've got to worry about are the following years, because if it's not handled well, there'll be a

John G. Tower of Texas, Sen. Stennis' Republican successor as committee chairman, sees the same problem ahead. "We're going to go after these cost overruns," he pledges. The proposed military spending increase puts us all on the spot more than before to show very prudent spending of all that

Sen. Sam Num, the Georgia Democrat who played a leading role in pushing Pentagon spending up to its current record peacetime levels, is another who fears that military spending is inefficient. He warns that the pro-military consti-tuency could fall apart a lot quick-er than it was built.

"It doesn't seem as if anybody in the Department of Defense is

diligent effort to try to build a consensus on defense," Sen. Nunn continued, but it could be shat-

tered in a year or 18 months if the Pentagon fails to halt rumaway He said "a second land mine" that could go off under the promilitary consensus is a seen understatement of military spend

ing for fiscal 1981 through 1986. Anthority to spend is much higher than estimated actual spending in the budget documents. **New Billions**

This suggests that spending will ultimately be much higher than advertised, raising the budget deficit. It may also mean that the weapons industry will not be able to absorb the new billions efficiently, Sen. Sen. John J. Exon Jr., a Nebras-

ka Democrat who joined the Armed Services Committee two years ago, said bluntly that Mr. Reagan and his advisers seem to be playing "show and tell" with the military budget.

"I'm sure the Soviets are scared

to death now that we're going to bring some battleships out of storage," scoffed Sen. Exon, referring one of the budget proposals. "They'll target one or two of their missiles on them. This administration thinks that if they have kind of a show and tell, everything is

going to work out fine.
"You know, they're talking 600plus ships for the Navy; they're
talking about all this sophisticated weaponry. Where's the manpower going to come from to do all this? We're throwing money at the prob-lem," but not solving it, he said.

Military Draft

Manpower costs are the most troublesome part of the Pentagon budget; like many pro-Pentagon legislators, Sen. Exon wonders aloud whether the country may not eventually have to return to a military draft. Rather than continuing to in-

crease military pay, awarding bonuses and bringing back the GI Bill in the belief that "we can hire our gladiators from the lower echelon of our economic structure," Sen. Exon said, the all-volunteer force should be given only one more year before it is assessed for quality, not quantity.

If the quality is not there. Sen. Exon continued, the draft should be reinstituted. Given that possibility, why should the administration and Congress approve "mas-sive legislation" this year to raise military pay, he asked indignantly.

"They're talking over there now in the Pentagon about a \$10,000

To me, when people over there in that Pentagon are thinking such thoughts they aren't th about the survival of the United States. They're thinking about political survival - not having the guts to say that maybe this isn't going to work." 'Hard-Core Decision'

He added, "I'm really worried this administration is going to be throwing gobs of money at a prob-lem so that they can hide, or stay away from, that hard-core deci-

sion" on the draft.

Sen. Carl Levin, a Michigan Democrat on the Armed Services Committee, is particularly sensi-tive to possible backlash against military spending because he (Continued on Page 2, Col. 3)

Bhutto Son Says His Rebel Group Hijacked Plane

The Associated Press

LONDON — Murtaza Bhutto, son of former Prime Minister Zulfikar Ali Bhutto of Pakistan, has admitted that an organization be directs was responsible for last month's hijacking of a Pakistani airliner in Afghanistan, the BBC reported Sunday.

In a dispatch from Bombay, the BBC quoted Mr. Bhutto, a 26-year-old Harvard graduate, as saying that members of the Al Zulfi-kar organization, of which he is general secretary, seized the airliner March 2 at Kabul airport. He said he personally had no prior knowledge of the hijacking.

Mr. Bhutto declared that his or

ganization, also known as the Pakistan Liberation Army, could "turn Pakistan upside down" and was now pledged to violence to oust the administration of Gen. Mohammed Zia ul-Haq. "We are going to react on a massive scale and we will react brutally," Mr. Bhutto said.
The BBC broadcast a taped in-

terview with Mr. Bhutto, who lives in exile. The interview was reportedly conducted at the airport in Bombay. Mr. Bhutto, whose father was

deposed by Gen. Zia in 1977 and was executed in 1979, was suspected of being behind the hijacking, although he and his organization had not claimed responsibility. He said the hijacking was organized by a member of his organization acting on his own initiative Mr. Bhutto claimed that the Pakistani diplomat passenger who was killed by the hijackers at Kabul had col-laborated in his father's overthrow.

"We don't get enough for our in the Department of Defense is money," the Mississippi Democrat getting on top of it." Sen. Nunn firmed that the embargo may pos-sibly be lifted within a week or

European arms-deal swindle while trying to get badly needed supplies ities by Solidarity under threat of a

ral union to be registered by May

mittee for Social Self-Defense

His comments followed the pattern of other high-level Soviet statements on Poland, expressing

leadership without ruling out the possibility of intervention.

While Soviet propaganda against Solidarity continues with almost daily denunciations of its alleged ties to Western "counterrevolutionaries," the media in Mos-cow have said nothing about the mass meeting in Torun last week in which delegates called for democratization of the party.

The internal ferment and steady incorporation of liberalizing changes into the Polish party's life seems to have caught Moscow offguard after the tensions of three weeks ago.

So far, the Polish Communists show no sign of being able to stem the reform, and Moscow has yet to formulate any discernible ap-proach short of the ever-present possibilities of toppling Mr. Kama from power or direct armed inter-

within three weeks."

Iran Loses \$56 Million in Arms Swindle

qi President Saddam Hussein) needs ammunition and military

dorsed shipping documents when the arms cargo was loaded, after recalled to Tehran to explain the The disclosure followed persis-

the money even though the documents were incomplete." Bank Melli Iran is the largest of iran's nationalized commercial banks and handles most foreign 'Crime Happened in Paris'

Bank Melli Iran in Paris had trade. Iranian leaders had previously spoken of obtaining arms abroad incomplete, Mr. Nabavi said, but to make up for war losses, and

added that "the government has Iran is believed to be receiving frozen the money and a court is small arms from North Korea and investigating the matter." He said Libya, as well as what it can get

tribunal set up to settle the disposi-tion of billions of dollars of Iranian assets held in the United States. The tribunal, which will probably sit in The Hague, is part of the Jan. 19 agreement under which Iran released 52 American hostages in exchange for the return of its frozen assets. The agreement requires the transfer by July 19 of about \$4 billion of these assets, about half of the total.

Iran to Buy Oil, Kerosene

BEJRUT (AP) - The Iranian parliament has approved alloca-tion of \$200 million to Iran's na-Pars has reported.

sene, gas oil and engine oil from abroad was approved Saturday by the Council of Ministers, headed by Premier Mohammed Ali Rajai, although it did not say where Iran was buying the oil.

Resters

ALGIERS — Ahmed Ben Bella, the first president of Algeria, has returned to live in Algiers as an ordinary citizen 16 years after he was overthrown in a bloodless coup by the late Houari Boumedienne, then

said he has settled with his wife, their three adopted children and some other relatives in a modest house in the hills around Algiers. The sources said he has received

refrained from expressing views on internal politics.

bers. Page 1.

<u>INSIDE</u> Post Accounting

The story of an 8-year-old heroin addict who never exist-ed convulsed Washington and humiliated The Washington Post - which has returned the Pulitzer Prize won by the staff reporter responsible for the story. Now, The Post has com-piled a detailed accounting of its spectacular failure. Page 5.

Soviet Shift

The Soviet Union is broadening its military influence and chnical presence in Cambodia. Some Western analysts and unofficial Cambodian sources say the Russians moves are irritating their Vietnamese allies, who also are in Cambodia in large num-

but highlighted Poland's desperate apparent confidence in the Polish economic plight. No date was set for the talks, but it is believed they may begin following a session of the Communist Party Central Committee next weekend. The session is also likely to set the date for

Moscow Signals Disapproval of Warsaw

a party congress and consider changes in the Politburo.) Noting that the Polish news agency PAP had "transmitted a statement by the Polish government," Tass said that "from the statement it follows that an agreement was signed on March 30. Under the agreement, the founding of a trade union of individual peas-

ants is now recognized." Tass sought to salvage some-thing for its Soviet public, who are members of unions strictly subordinated to party control, by adding that the agreement included a statement by farmers' union activists that "recognizes the role of the

Polish Communist Party as the guiding force in the building of So-This formulation leaves Moscow free to claim at some later date, if it wishes, either that the party un-der Stanislaw Kania's direction failed to preserve its position as "guiding force," or that the agree-ment was coerced from the author-

strike. Tass did not report Friday's agreement in Bydgoszcz for the ru-

Meanwhile, a Kremlin spokesman, Leonid Zamyatin, spoke on Soviet television Saturday night of increased counterrevolution in Poland. He asserted that the Soviet nal Socialist Poland in its hour of need." He scathingly attacked by name leaders of the Polish Com-

Reflection of Gravity

Mr. Zamyatin's 15-minute public discussion of Poland was one of the longest made by any Soviet of-ficial since the Polish labor unrest began in August. Western diplomats in Moscow regarded his television appearance as directly reflecting the gravity with which Moscow regards the situation in

TEHRAN - Iran admitted Sunday that it had lost \$56 million in a

for its war against Iraq. Iran's chief government spokes-man, Behzad Nabavi, was questioned at a press conference about reports that 560 million rials (\$7.5 million) sent to France for arms purchases had been stolen by Ira-

man representatives. "It is not 56 million tomans but \$56 million," Mr. Nabavi said. (One toman equals 10 rials.) Mr. Nabavi, answering written questions, said the Iranian charge d'affaires in Spain, responsible for overseeing the purchase, had been

set aside to buy arms had been embezzled abroad. It was the first officially reported attempt by Iran to obtain arms outside government channels during the seven-month-

paid \$56 million against shipping

documents which turned out to be

tent rumors in Tehran that funds

later in a state radio interview that from nongovernmental sources in the court was in Paris "because the European weapons market." crime happened in Paris." He did not explain how the money paid by Bank Melli Iran could be fro- lawyers to the Iranian-U.S. claims zen, nor what chance there was of regaining it.
"The fight against Saddam [Ira-

equipment, which we have to get from sources that are not govern-ments but companies." Mr. Naba-Under the deal, the Iranian Embassy in Madrid was to have en-

which the money would be paid. "All this was done in the wrong way," he said. "The Iranian charge [d'affaires] in Spain endorsed the shipment without seeing the docu-ments, and the Bank Melli paid

tional oil company for the purchase of oil and kerosene abroad to meet the nation's fuel needs, It said that the purchase of kero-

rationing at the start of the war last September. Iranian and Iraqi oil fields and installations have

Ben Bella Makes Home in Algiers

his defense minister. Sources close to Mr. Ben Bella

Mr. Ben Bella spent 14 years in detention after the 1965 coup and 15 months more in restricted residence at Msila, 130 miles (200 kilometers) south of the capital. Restrictions on Mr. Ben Bella were lifted last October, but despite extensive traveling in Algeria, he has.

Russia Expanding Technical, Military Aid for Cambodia

By Denis D. Gray

PHNOM PENH - The Soviet Union is broadening its military influence and technical presence in Cambodia.

Some Western analysts and unofficial Cambodian sources say that the Russians' moves are irritating their Vietnamese allies, who also are in Cambodia in large

A year ago, only a handful of Phnom Penh, the capital. Today, there are an estimated 200 to 300 advisers. They occupy a large apartment complex, and several villas are being renovated to house

According to a Soviet official in Phnom Penh, the Soviet Union has embarked on an ambitious program to rebuild Cambodia. Between 1970 and 1979, the country was devastated first by war and then by the starvation that followed the takeover by the Khmer Rouge under Pol Pot in 1975. The Pol Pot regime was overthrown af-ter an invasion in late 1978 by the Vietnamese, whose forces remain.

Massive Effort Needed James Grant of Unicef, the ma-

jor UN aid agency in Cambodia, said recently it would take billions of dollars to renovate the country's crippled infrastructure.

Today we are beginning to think about the long term when emergency aid is over and the international agencies leave," said Vladimir M. Golovkine, a Soviet Embassy spokesman, referring to a massive, mostly Western food relief effort that began two years

ago. "We are now preparing the base. It is the beginning."

The Soviet Embassy recently outlined plans to rebuild factories, power plants, hospitals, grain silos, roads, bridges, and colleges and vocational schools. The Soviet Union said it poured about \$250 mil-

lion in emergency aid into Cambo-dia in the last two years. But while Moscow appears eager to publicize its economic assist-

Planes Collide. 15 Die in U.S.

DENVER - Fifteen persons were killed when a commuter plane and a light aircraft carrying parachutists collided in a mid-air about 50 miles (80 kilometers)

north of here, police said.

They said the three-man crew and all 10 passengers aboard the commuter plane died in the colli-Six parachutists jumped clear of

the other plane but two were killed on impact when their parachutes apparently failed to open, police to a hospital in serious condition.

ance, little information is released on military aid.

Western diplomatic sources in Bangkok say the Soviet Union has shipped arms through the port of Kompong Som and by air via Vietnam to Siem Reap in northwest

The armies of Vietnam and the Cambodian government are con-centrated in the northwest, where remnants of the Chinese-backed Pol Pot regime are still fighting.

The Phnom Penh government of President Heng Samrin says a number of Cambodians have been sent to the Soviet Union for pilot training. Other military personnel are also believed to be receiving training, but this is clearly minimal in comparison to Vietnam's role in shaping the Phnom Penh armed

ments in Southeast Asia, particu-larly neighboring Thailand, have expressed fear about potential Soviet military presence in Cambo-

The Soviet Union already wields considerable influence in Laos. Moscow is also the prime supporter of Vietnam's badly alling economy and chief supplier for Hanoi's military, which has an estimated 200,000 personnel in Cambodia.

Plumom Penh has adopted a stauphly are Smitsting allowed.

staunchly pro-Soviet line, although some officials have little knowledge about the Soviet Union. "The people in Moscow don't eat so well ause 300 million Russians have sacrificed so much for revolution around the world," said a Foreign Ministry official.

Cambodia's foreign minister, Hum Sen, made it clear in an interview that Cambodian-Soviet ties will be strengthened. He said hundreds of Cambodians had been sent to the Soviet Union and East bloc countries for training and thousands are scheduled to go this

Source of Tension

Some Western analysis speculate that Vietnam does not favor a strong, independent Soviet pres-ence in Cambodia. Instead, Hanoi would prefer to have Soviet action "filtered" through the Vietnamese.
The Soviet Embassy in Phnom
Penh denies any problems. But
unofficial Cambodian sources

claim the relationship is not comfortable. A story making the rounds in Phnom Penh is that the Soviet Union had initially insisted on flying seven aircraft provided to the Cambodians and backed down only after a dispute with the Reportedly Eases

The Russians do not appear to be especially popular with the average Cambodian, at least in the Gang of Four trial may be capital, although there is every evidence they behave correctly.

they are Communists and we don't sources here say. said. Others made similar remarks,

A view of the nuclear power plant at Tsuruga, where a high

level of radiation has been detected, and the adjacent bay.

Japanese Officials Are Puzzled

By Leak at Nuclear Power Plant

United Press International

planation Sunday for the leakage of highly radioactive material from a nuclear power plant closed last January.

The government's Natural Resources and Energy Agency an-

nounced on Saturday that "abnormal" readings of radioactive substances were detected at the mouth of a sewage system con-

An urgent government probe traced the leak to a nearby nuclear

Despite government insistence that there was no immediate

The Tsuruga plant, the second oldest of 21 nuclear facilities in

operation, is located in a sparsely populated area on the tip of

Tsuruga Bay on the Sea of Japan, about 225 miles (360 kilometers)

Officials said soil samples taken from a spot near the ferro-

concrete disposal unit showed an extremely high concentration of

cobalt-60 and manganese-54, both radioactive substances released

The Natural Resources and Energy Agency said Saturday that the radiation levels were 7,600 to 11,000 times higher than normal

readings. Sources said investigators believe a crack in one of the

radioactive wastes containers and possible human error during a

operators failed to report leakage in the radioactive water cooling

The plant was ordered closed in January after it was revealed its

danger, reports of the leakage touched off a scare among local

residents and prompted fishery officials to order the removal of

nected to the 11-year-old Tsuruga nuclear plant.

seafood produced in the area from market shelves.

waste disposal unit, officials said.

during the nuclear reacting process.

disposal operation were responsible.

TOKYO - Authorities were unable to offer any conclusive ex-



Demonstrators in West Berlin marched Saturday to mourn Sigurd Debus, a convicted West German terrorist who died in prison last week after refusing food for more than 10 weeks.

Protesters Disrupt West German Easter Services

BONN - Demonstrators burst into churches across West Germany on Sunday, forcing cancellation of Easter services and disrupting midnight Mass in the fourth day of violence following the death of a convicted

Church and housing takeovers, arson, railroad sabotage and bombings were reported in the country. The disorders began Thursday after Sigurd Debus, 38, a convicted terrorist, died in jail after refusing food for more

Nikolas Lutheran Church in Kiel on the Baltic Sea and forced cancellation of two Easter services in a 12-hour occupation. In Hannover, 80 demonstrators took over a midnight service and held a 10-minute service at the altar in memory of Mr. Debus.

In the Canisius Church in Berlin, demonstrators interrupted a service to read a declaration on Mr. Debus' death. Services also were disrupted at St. Mary's Lutheran Church in Osnabrueck.

A locomotive was damaged

Demonstrators invaded the St. when substeurs threw three concrete pipes across the tracks in Grafing, near Munich. It was the fourth sabotage attempt on railways in the area in the past week.

In Luebeck, a bomb exploded in an employment department office. No one was injured. Damage was estimated at \$2,500. Arsonists believed to be linked to terrorists set a Frankfurt bookstore and a suburban Frankfurt shopping center ablaze, causing \$100,000 damage in

Senators Question Pentagon Spending

(Continued from Page 1)

comes from job-hungry Detroit. He agreed with Sen. Numn that the pro-military constituency is prov-

ing to be fragile.

The best way to preserve that constituency, he reasoned, is for Congress to demonstrate that it is cutting fat in the Pentagon budget at the same time it is approving record high totals, thus freeing up money for muscle.

There is growing resistance to spending so much on defense at the same time there is a lack of ef-

Political Fallout Of 'Gang' Trial

postponed or shelved as China's leadership looks for consensus in-"We don't like Russians because stead of confrontation, diplomatic

> trial ended Jan. 25 that further justice would be forthcoming, but there have been no reports of any major figures being tried. Sixty persons besides those already convicted with the Gang of Four were expected to stand trial for crimes committed during Mao's Cultural

The diplomatic sources said the apparent delay indicates the Chinese government is calling a true with its critics. Among the signs has been a warning in the press that old grudges should not be the source of new rifts.

The sources said that the pragmatists around party Vice Chairman Deng Xiaoping have been emphasizing conciliation with old leftists and followers of Mao.

Court Upholds End to Busing In Los Angeles

United Press International
LOS ANGELES — More than
7,000 elementary and junior high
school students will return to their neighborhood schools Monday as the result of a court ruling that upholds plans to dismantle the city's mandatory busing program.

A federal appeals court, in a rul-ing announced late Saturday, overturned a federal judge who Friday granted the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People (NAACP) a temporary restraining order which reinstated busing for about 23,000 students. About 16,000 had elected to stay in the integrated schools until the end of the term in June, but the rest had chosen to return to their neighborhood schools when spring vacation ends Monday.

Hassan Protests Polisario Attack

CASABLANCA, Morocco King Hassan II said in a protest to the United Nations that Polisario Front guerrillas had attacked a fort inside Morocco, killing 13 troops and seriously wounding 20.

In a letter Saturday to UN Secretary-General Kurt Waldheim, the Moroccan king said the attack occurred Thursday at the Sidi Amara fort in southeastern Morocco after the guerrillas entered the country from Algeria. He asked Mr. Waldheim to intervene "so similar events do not occur in the

The Algerian-based Polisario Front is fighting for the independ-ence of the Western Sahara, administered by Morocco. Spain removed its colonial administration

fort to get at waste" in the Penta-gon budget, Sen. Levin said in giv-ing his sense of the public mood.

While saying that he supports increased spending for some weapons programs, Sen. Levin said the voters would rebel if the government keeps pursuing wasteful ones. He mentioned especially the elaborate MX missile system, a costly proposal that others also Mr. Weinberger has not "given

us a very adequate presentation" on where he intends to economize, and thus is asking for trouble in the months ahead. Sen. Levin said. "I'm going to be spending a lot of my time on military procurement," the Michigan senator said. There is a perception that we've fallen behind. I think the public

wants to be strong.

Nonetheless, the public also wants us to eliminate some waste. There's no budget this size that doesn't have substantial waste in it. They see an effort made to eliminate waste and fat in domestic programs, but they don't see that same effort being made in the de-

reconsider some of the military spending increases they now support. He said they would come un-der acute political pressure to cut the military budget to balance the federal revenue lost through their proposed tax cuts. If the government's budget defi-

card d'Estaing the most. cit is larger than the administra-tion has been estimating when tax cuts are proposed, Sen. Hart said, ed. Mr. Mitterrand's crowds always wait; he is unfailingly late. On his way around France he that will make a very interesting lingers over a meal, stops to admire the view, breaks off for a long telephone chat with friends. With dilemma for many Republicans — both an ideological dilemma and a practical political dilemma — if they are forced to choose between an equal measure of conviction and calculation, he flourishes the cutting taxes and increasing de-fense spending ... It could be the hardest, most fascinating confroninsistence that politics is not ma-chinery and should never be welltation of the next year or two." was excited flurry around him. He spoke to his Beziers audience

Man Hurt in Opera Jump

The Associated Press
MARSEILLES — A 22-year-old
music student was in serious condition after leaping from the sec-ond balcony of the Marseilles opera house when he apparently became carried away by the beauty know all about our economy, of of a Wagner opera, police said. He course. Judging by the results, I Sen. Gary Hart, a Colorado front-row seats as the curtain came Democrat, predicted that Republi-down Friday, officers said.

U.S. Shifting Soviet Policy To Prepare for Long War

(Continued from Page 1) far larger conflict if its forces try to deny the United States access to

The officials asserted that such a geographic spread of a conflict would not necessarily escalate into a nuclear exchange because neither side could be certain of escaping devastating damage. Thus, they said, the conflict could turn into a long conventional war for which the United States must be pre-

To build up the total military force confronting the Soviet Union, the officials said, the United States would increase its military assistance to other nations, especially in the Middle East and particularly Egypt, Turkey and Saudi Arabia.

The policy also envisions revitalizing the weapons industry to be

U.S. Coal Talks Are Broken Off

New York Times Service WASHINGTON — Negotiators for the striking United Mine Workers union and the major Eastern and Midwestern coal companies have broken off bargaining amid signs that talks might not resume for several weeks.

Leaders on both sides an-

nounced Friday - the 22d day of the miners' walkout - that the had been no progress in the re-newed talks, adding that the indus-try had resubmitted the March 23 proposal that was rejected 2-1 by the rank and file three weeks ago. No new negotiations have been

Sam M. Church Jr., president of the union, said that the mine operators need time to study the settlement package that he presented to them Friday morning and that the union would give the industry "as much time as it will take to look it

British Liberal in China

The Associated Press TOKYO - David M. Steel, the British Liberal Party leader, dis-cussed China's political and economic situation Sunday with Li Xiannian, the Communist Party vice chairman, the Chinese news agency reported. Mr. Steel was in-vited to China by the Chinese People's Institute on Foreign Affairs.

years of conservative rule, the So-cialists took over the municipal council by a bare 200 votes, with the help of the Communists. The partners began to quarrel almost at once, until finally the Communists able to double or triple production within a year after the onset of hostilities, as in the Korean War, and to produce eight times as much within three years, as in World War II, the officials said.

U.S. Troop Shift

BONN (AP) - The U.S. Army may shift more of its 206,000 West German-based forces closer to the East German and Czechoslovak borders, Stars and Stripes, the unofficial Army newspaper, quot-ed Sen. Strom Thurmond as saying Saturday.

Redeployment out of the cities

and nearer East Bloc borders would help to improve morale and combat readiness among U.S. troops, the South Carolina Republican, who is a member of the Armed Services Committee, reportedly said. Sen. Thurmond, who was in Eu-

rope for talks with West German and U.S. military officials, said Congress should provide more money for improving troop faciliries in West Germany,

Bank economic standings.

France, \$8,880.

point for world ranking.

and Canada.

World Bank Study Finds Kuwait

Wealthiest in Per Capita Income

WASHINGTON — Kuwait, with a per capita income of \$15,970, has the world's wealthiest citizens, according to World

Switzerland remained second in the latest atlas, published Sat-

urday. The atlas is based on 1978 data, the most recent figures

Denmark and West Germany moved ahead of the United States—into third and fifth place, respectively—while Canada dropped from fourth to 11th place. Sweden slipped from third to fourth

Current rankings of per capita gross national product showed: Kuwait, \$15.970; Switzerland, \$12.990; Denmark, \$10,580; Swe-

den, \$10,540; West Germany, \$10,300; United States, \$9,770; Bel-

gium, \$9,700; Norway, \$9,560; the Netherlands, \$9,200; and

In total gross national product. Europe, excluding the Soviet Union, has passed the United States and Canada with a total of about \$3 trillion, compared to \$2.3 trillion for the United States

Kuwait was not counted in the 1974 atlas, based on 1972 figures, because it had less than I million population, then the cutoff

The World Bank cautioned that its figures from some countries

They reveal little about the absolute state of poverty in the

developing world, and nothing about the distribution within each

were incomplete or unreliable and provided "only an approximate

measure of economic and social conditions and trends."

A child wearing a can marked with a Lorraine cross, the Gant list emblem, was not too happy when Jacques Chirac, the may or of Paris and Gaullist candidate in the French presidentia race, tried to give him a kiss during a campaign rally in Par

were clearly with him, though not always fully roused. He got an ova-tion when he said he would scrap a controversial miclear power sta-tion at Plogoff, not far from Brest. His denunciations of Mr. Gis-card d'Estaing were well received, though some of his exposition of

Candidate Mitterrand Focuses

By Richard Eder

New York Times Service PARIS - Cheap wine once made Beziers rich; more recently it has impoverished it. A graceful but

shabby southern town, it is taking

the general depression of the times particularly hard because its over-

produced red is steadily losing out

to cheaper wines from Italy and

Spain.
The town is usually quiet on weekdays and dead on weekends,

except for the young men bucking

old motorcycles down the central promenade. On Saturday, the som-nolence lifted, tentatively, for a bit

At the Palace of Congresses -

mainly a large yellow room with folding chairs, potted plants and a bar at one side — 400 people wait-

ed for Francois Mitterrand, the So-

cialist candidate in the French

They were farmers wedged into

black suits, doctors, lawyers, shop-keepers and teachers. Many were memployed. The department of

Herault, where Beziers lies, has a

jobless rate of more than 14 per-

cent, the highest in France.
Henri Beziat, an agricultural

technician, managed two vineyards for 25 years until the owners laid

him off last fall. "It was the end of

October, the day the harvest was in, that they gave me the good news," he said. Mr. Beziat thinks

that part of the reason was that he is a Socialist and had been elected

mayor of his village not long be-

The Unemployed Mayor'

"I am the unemployed mayor,"

he said, reaching out to pull over a young man standing nearby, "and here is the unemployed municipal councillor." Thierry Blaisot, who recently lost his job in the commercial department of a wood-fin-

ishing factory, is a Socialist coun-

cillor for the nearby town of Sete.

If any single factor does win the election for the Socialist candidate

and put an end to 23 years of gov-

ernment from the right, it may well be unemployment. At more than a million and likely to rise, it is one

of the issues that hurts Mr. Gis-

For 70 minutes the crowd wait-

When he finally arrived, there

about what interested them; the

unemployment record of the gov-ernment. "The unemployed," he said. "represent the destruction,

piece by piece, of our French in-dustry. Giscard and his experts know all about our economy, of

Brest, at the other end of

France, is another area of high un-

employment, despite its shipyards

and electronics industry. It is a Socialist precinct, although a precari-

ous one. In 1977, reversing 50

refused to vote for the city budget.

Mr. Mitterrand addressed

crowd of about 6,000 to 7,000 at

the local fairgrounds. His listeners

Shcharansky's Health

Is Said to Deteriorate

United Press International

Shcharansky has been placed in

solitary confinement in a Soviet la-bor camp, where his health has de-teniorated, according to Stan Solo-

Mr. Solomon, who resides in To-ronto, said Saturday that be

received the report from Mr. Shcharansky's brother, Leonid, by

telephone from the Soviet Union

on April 11. "He is in solitary con-finement at half rations," Mr. So-

lomon said. "His eyesight is seri-

ously deteriorating. His weight is down to about 90 pounds, and there is serious concern for his life."

mon, a cousin of the diss

TORONTO - Anatoli B.

out of the city administration.

Mayor Franck Le Ble threw them

of national politics.

presidential race.

On High French Jobless Rate

his economic proposals was less than fully attended to. But Mr. Mitterrand has his own particular eloquence. It is quiet and original, and perhaps as much as anything else it has created a pe-culiar dedication among those close to him, despite his crotchets

talked about farmers whose in come is insufficient to keep thes on the land, especially when the price offered by builders or special lators can be extraordinarily high.

"The French farmer is con-demned to die rich," he said, "afte. living poor."

It is this kind of phrase, goin; beyond the usual campaign rhetor. ic, that has given Mr. Mitterrane the image of a man with his ownideas. It is a quality that the French tend to respect; it remain to be seen whether it will win the

WORLD NEWS BRIEFS

Aquino Faces Jail if He Goes Back to Manila United Press International

MANILA — Opposition leader Benigno Aquino Jr. will be arrested in the returns to the Philippines, President Ferdinand E. Marcos says. However, Mr. Marcos said Saturday that if Mr. Aquino had asked for permission to run in the June 16 presidential elections, he would have warved the age requirement of 50. Mr. Aquino is 48.

Mr. Aquino said in Tokyo on Friday that he would return to the Philippines if Mr. Marcos assured him of freedom to act as an opposi

tion campaign manager in the presidential elections, or of media accessif he were imprisoned to face charges pending against him in a series of bombings in Manila.

Meanwhile, Communist guerrillas in Davao City south of Maniler; hurled two grenades into a Roman Catholic church packed with Easte Sunday worshipers, killing at least nine persons and injuring 140, police --

El-Fatah Gains Strength on Palestinian Pane

DAMASCUS - The Palestinian parliament-in-exile ended a nine-da session Sunday night, electing a new executive commutee of the Palestine Liberation Organization (PLO) that appeared to strengthen the leading position of the moderate commando group el-Fatah.

Fatah increased its representation from two to three seats on the 15

member committee. The committee's size remained unchanged, despit-

prior speculation that it might be increased.

The new Fatah member on the committee is Mahmoud Abbas, heat—
of the Palestinian side in the Soviet-Palestinian Friendship Society. The others are Yasser Arafat, the PLO chairman, and Farouk Kaddoum: head of the organization's political department. Mr. Abbas' election we partly balanced by the return to the committee of George Habash? Popular Front for the Liberation of Palestine, which pulled out in 1974.

34 Ministers Seek UN Sanctions on Pretoria 🦠

ALGIERS — Foreign ministers from 34 nonaligned countries calle on the United Nations Security Council Sunday to impose mandator sanctions on South Africa to force it out of South-West Africa (National Countries)

In a program of action for Namibia's independence adopted after

three-day meeting here, the Nonaligned Coordination Bureau said to sanctions should include an oil embargo. South Africa has administered Namibia in defiance of the Unity

Nations since 1966 when the world organization withdrew Pretoris mandate for the former German colony.

Basques Mark National Day Amid Violence

BILBAO, Spain - Spain's Basque country Sunday celebrated its n. tional day amid continuing violence, deepening political divisions and worsening economic crisis.

The moderate Basque Nationalist Party held festive meetings, danc and sports events to celebrate Homeland Day while the military wing the Basque separatist movement ETA claimed responsibility for a box blast that wrecked a power transformer in Bilbao.

National parties like the Socialists and Communists were not takin part in the celebrations after they failed to reach agreement on july demonstrations with Basque groups. The divisions among the vario political forces appear to be growing at a time of economic stagnatic. Unemployment in the region stands at 20 percent, well above the 12 percent average for the nation.

E. Germany Slows Nuclear Energy Program

BERLIN - East Germany has slowed its nuclear energy program a dropped plans to double output from its atomic power plants by 19 according to figures released during the weekend.

The government's guidelines for the 1981-85 five-year plan, publishing the official newspaper Neuro Deutschland, said nuclear energy work provide 12 to 14 percent of the country's electricity needs in 1985. Atomic power already accounts for 11 percent of electricity prodition and government officials announced last year that East Gerann nuclear capacity would more than double by 1985. The figures given the five-year plan indicate this will no longer be the case and West diplomats said the slowdown may be due to East Germany's large tri deficit with the Soviet Union, which provides its nuclear equipment

China Reportedly Arrests 2 Political Activis

The Associated Presi PEKING - Two political activists, including an editor, have b acrested as Chinese authorities try to stille dissent and uproot the ti democracy movement, Chinese and foreign sources said Sunday...

The arrests were the first known political detentions since Novemb 1979. The sources, who asked not to be identified, said even Chin mildest activists are fearful of a new wave of repression.

On April 10, the sources said, police handenfed and detained

Wenli, 36, editor of the defunct magazine "April Fifth Forum" and colleague Yang ling. The charges were not made public. The last km political arrest took place when police arrested another editor of magazine, Liu Qing. He was sentenced to three years of labor resonaorganizing the sale of a transcript of a dissident's trial.

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hington Post Service Leading with an exof regret from President he United States has ato calm a growing Japa-r over the ramming of a freighter by a U.S. sub-

igan sent his personal reremier Zenko Suzuki on and said he expects "suf-gress" would be made in he incident before Mr. init to Washington next

was accompanied ssage was accompanied ional appeal from U.S. for Mike Mansfield for investigating the sinking and a promise ats would not be covered

the accommodating se U.S. messages, it is se whether they will

Agency Cuts seas Posts **idget Move** idonal Herald Tribune

NGTON - The Internammunication Agency is ducing its overseas staff iministration's spending

Ryan, an ICA spokesthat the agency's over-would be reduced by 325 to 3,916, during the rese, he said, most of the d be among non-Ameri-is working for the agen-O American ICA personas will lose their jobs.

A has a total staff of y about 70 domestic pobeing eliminated. Mr. ained that the adminisd ordered that no reducnade in the 3,000-strong America staff. The re-,300 stateside ICA posibeing reduced by about percentage as those over-

an emphasized the per-ductions were entirely nding cuts and that no ical or ideological rea-involved. He said that e no particular patterns s, which included inforultural, and educational in about equal propor-

chers Find ead Men in rado Mine

ñy they died. officials vowed a "top to

ind the dead men. caused by a pocket of sas, a volatile bydrocarated with coal.

stem the outpouring of anti-American public sentiment aroused by the freighter's sinking and the loss of two crewmen's lives. Neither U.S. action met the Jap-

anese government's request for a prompt explanation of the sinking; and Mr. Mansfield blumtly told Foreign Minister Masayoshi Ito that a piecemeal disclosure of evidence of the state of t dence could prejudice the investi-gation and any litigation that might grow out of it.
The U.S. Navy is investigating the accident in which the 2,350-ton

freighter Nissho Maru was rammed and sunk by the U.S. nuclear submarine George Washing-ton in the East China Sea on April 9. But a report, if all normal procedures are followed, may take several months, military sources said. For 19 hours the surviving 13 crewmen drifted in lifeboats and later told reporters they had seen both the U.S. submarine surface

trol plane circling overhead.

The U.S. Navy said the submarine's crew never saw a ship or survivors in distress but has not explained the long delay in disclosing

Strong Public Pressure

The Japanese government is under unusually strong public pres-sure to obtain a quick explanation and has asked for an interim report, something which U.S. officials say is probably impossible to produce in a way that would answer all the questions.

Japan has demanded answers to

three questions - how the collision happened, were survivors ig-nored, and why did the U.S. Navy not acknowledge the accident for nearly 36 hours. The sinking blew up into a full

political controversy early last week, with both opposition and government party politicians demanding an early resolution. Ma-jor newspapers have published a series of extraordinarily tough edi-torials accusing the U.S. submarine of abandoning Japanese survivors and implying strongly that the U.S. Navy intends to cover up the facts to protect military secrets. There are also charges that the

pro-American government is treading too softly in demanding an explanation from the United States. As well, there have even been suggestions that the premier might be forced to call off his state visit next month, although he has countered that speculation by say-ing he will raise the issue with Mr.

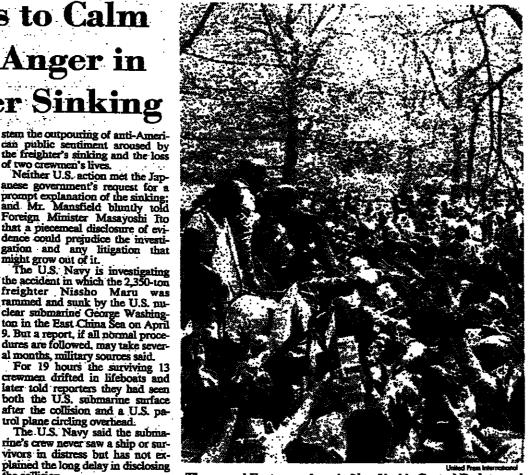
Mr. Mansfield, in a lengthy con-versation with Mr. Ito on Saturday morning, also promised that the iscompensation for the freighter and its crew would be bandled separately from the U.S. Navy investigation and that claims survivors and the ship's owners would be accepted promptly. A Japanese version of Mr.
Mansfield's comments was given
to reporters by Shinichiro Asao,
director general of the Foreign

Ministry's North American bu-Issue of Responsibility

Mr. Mansfield's reported comments, however, implied that there would be no U.S. acknowledgment of responsibility for the collision before the final Navy report is

Under questioning by reporters later, Mr. Ito said he did not regard Mr. Mansfield's comments as a categorical refusal to provide his government with an interim report on the collision. U.S. officials acknowledge that

the collision has become one of the most serious political issues in recent U.S.-Japan relations. If not resolved, the submarine incident will add to the strain of Mr. Suzuki's visit, already judged as a difficult one because of conflicts over Japanese anto exports to the United States and differences over the level of defense spending in Ja-



The annual Easter egg hunt in New York's Central Park turned into a wild stampede when prizes were tossed up for grabs. Many persons were knocked to the ground and six were hurt. Police reinforcements had to be summoned to restore order.

Pope Salutes Fellow Poles In Easter Address in Rome

ROME — Pope John Paul II addressed an Easter salute from Rome to his Polish compatriots Sunday, and Christian pilgrims from around the world celebrated the holiday in Jerusalem. "My dear brothers and sisters, I

wish you peace and the presence of Christ on this Easter feast," the pope said in Polish as part of a multilingual message to the world from the balcony of St. Peter's In Poland, which is predomi-

nantly Roman Catholic, Easter was marked with a strong flow of religious broadcasts on the Communist-controlled state radio and television networks, which reflected the gains made by the church since the emergence of the pro-Catholic Solidarity trade union. Polish Catholics offered special prayers for their 79-year-old pri-mate, Cardinal Stefan Wyszynski,

Group Claims Corsican Blast

AJACCIO, Corsica - A group calling itself the Corsican Snipers

and Partisans has claimed responsibility for a bombing at an airport near here in which a 19-year-old Swiss tourist was killed and eight persons were wounded. A letter received by Agence France-Presse claimed the group

had taken up arms for "Corsican freedom" and said "only death or liberation will make us put them down." Authorities said they had

not heard of the group.

The bomb went off Thursday inside the airport as French Presidents. dent Valery Giscard d'Estaing's plane was taxiing along the runway after landing for a presidential campaign rally. Mr. Giscard d'Estaing was not injured.

Italy Air Strike Widens The Associated Press

ROME - The air transportation workers union announced a one-day strike for Monday to support the week-old walkout by Alitalia pilots. Airport officials expected the threatened strike by transportation workers to paralyze air traffic throughout Italy for at least 10

pope, addressing 200,000 tourists and pilgrims crowded into sunny St. Peter's Square, renewed his

condemnation of abortion. "Easter carries with it the mes-sage of life freed from death, of life saved from death," the pontiff said, speaking in Italian.

"May the plans and programs for the protection of human life against death prevail, and not the

Clad in glistening white and gold robes and a gold-trimmed miter, the 60-year-old pontiff celebrated an open-air Mass from the broad marble steps of the basilica. He then went to the basilica balcony to deliver his Easter message and his blessing "Urbi et Orbi" —

marking the first day of Passover mingled with Christians celebrat-ing the feast of Christ's resurrec-

large numbers but no incidents were reported.

Catholic officials said their

congregations were the biggest since a ban on public worship was lifted after the death of Mao five

Be Jailed Apart

heen told.

Mr. Breed was one of several federal officials at the second session of the task force, which is seeking to recommend ways of fighting violent crime without spending more money. The panel by agreed to hold further hearings in Atlanta, Los Angeles, Chicago phase of its inquiry.

Quakes Strike California The Associated Press RIDGECREST, Calif. -

Pretoria Funds Diverted, U.S. Officials Say

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Probe Indicates Personal Use of Money by Publisher McGoff

By Ronald J. Ostrow and Robert L. Jackson

Los Angeles Times Service WASHINGTON - Federal investigators, after a two-year in-quiry, have found evidence that newspaper publisher John P. McGoff diverted South African funds to his personal use while allegedly serving as that country's secret agent in the United States.

Mr. McGoff, of East Lansing.

Mich., used some of the foreign money for his swimming pool, boat and house, federal sources said. But most of the \$11 million he allegedly received went for secret purchases of newspaper stock, they said.
Mr. McGoff, who is under in-

vestigation by the Justice Department and the Securities and Exchange Commission, has strongly denied being "an agent or front for any foreign government." Lawyer Denies Allegations

Raymond G. Larroca, his Washington attorney, said of the allegaington attorney, said of the allega-tions that his client's misused for-eign funds: "I certainly don't know of anything like that. I can-not conceive of John McGoff doing anything like that. My im-pression is he's a hard-driving businessman but a straight arrow."

The U.S. government has noti-fied South African Embassy officials of some developments in the McGoff investigation in recent weeks, it was learned. A source said that the diplomats "were ap-palled" to hear that Mr. McGoff, long a conservative supporter of South African policies, was alleged to have misspent funds from their This official, like several others

interviewed, agreed to provide in-formation about the investigation only on condition that he not be identified by name or by agency affiliation.

Tied to Propaganda Campaign Mr. McGoff's name figured in a 1979 report by the South African

government on a secret \$37-million propaganda campaign directed by John Vorster, who was the prime minister at the time, and Cornelius Mulder, the information minister. The Erasmus Judicial Commis-

sion, which prepared the report, condemned the clandestine disbursement of government funds to improve South Africa's image in the United States, Britain, West Germany, Japan and other countries.
The Erasmus Commission —

named after the judge who was its

Allies Developed Anthrax Bombs, Newspaper Says

LONDON -- British and Amerito produce germ-warfare bombs that would have been capable of killing half of Germany's urban population in World War II. The Sunday Times reported.

Quoting previously secret government documents recently reeased, the London newspaper said that a plant was built in the United States in 1945 by the Chemical Warfare Services division to produce bombs carrying anthrax spores. Each 500-pound (226-kilogram) bomb had more than 100 cluster projectiles containing the

Detailed plans also had been made for air attacks on Berlin, Frankfurt, Hamburg and other najor cities, the newspaper said. Millions of people in German cities would have died from an-

thrax, according to the 1945 report by a pathologist from Britain's secret chemical and germ warfare base in southwest England. The areas hit would have been contaminated indefinitely, forcing the evacuation of survivors. Anthrax is so deadly that a remote Scottish island used in 1941 to test its effects is still uninhabitable.' The bomb reportedly was devel-

oped because of fears that Germany might have been developing bi-ological weapons and was "designed for strategic bombing as a

Brussels Protest Against A-Arms The Associated Press

BRUSSELS — An estimated 5,000 to 6,000 persons from six

West European countries and the United States demonstrated at the NATO headquarters here against the buildup of nuclear arms throughout Europe and they called for an immediate start to negotiations for mutual disarmament. In a petition given to an official of the North Atlantic Treaty Or-

ganization on Saturday, they urged the Soviet Union to stop deploying SS-20 missiles and NATO to end plans for the deployment of 572 medium-range Cruise and Pershing-2 missiles. "Governments in the East and

the West waste precious talent and resources on massive retaliation weapons and genocide: the arms race is the main cause of global poverty that kills innocent people without a shot being fired," the pe-tition said. The demonstrators said their long-term aim is to create a nuclear-free Europe.

Colombian Flood Deaths

BOGOTA - At least 25 persons are feared dead in floods near Colombia's Caribbean coast, civil defense officials said Sunday.

chairman — charged that Mr. McGoff had received \$11 million

idence that Mr. McGoff used South African funds to buy more than 400,000 shares of stock in Panax Corp., a publicly held cor-poration that once owned 65 small newspapers. Failure to disclose that foreign funds were used for

SEC investigators, in an effort to enforce subpoenas that Mr. McGoff has fought, told Judge Gerhard A. Gesell of U.S. District

Saudis Reportedly Reject

Delay in AWACS Purchase

Court in December, 1979, that Mr. McGoff had received South African funds and "carried out the wishes of the Ministry of Informa-

Two sources familiar with the SEC investigation said that the agency believes it now has solid evsuch a purchase is a federal viola-

Mr. Larroca said Mr. McGoff intends to carry his subpoena bat-tle with the SEC to the Supreme should protect him from such gov-

ernment intrusion. The U.S. Court of Appeals in Washington rejected that issue in February. SEC investigators have obtained considerable documentation for their case, however, ac-cording to sources close to the in-

vestigation. Conclusion of the Justice Department's grand jury investiga-tion of Mr. McGoff reportedly is still months away. If charges result, the primary allegation will be that Mr. McGoff did not register with the Justice Department as an agent of South Africa, sources familiar with the case said. Alleged diversion of funds could constitute a secondary fraud charge.

His conciliatory remarks were

unusual for the leader of one of the

Front-line African countries con-

lions of dollars to support the pre-vious white minority rule when

Rhodesia broke away from Brit-

ain, is Zimbabwe's biggest trading partner and most imports and ex-ports use South Africa's ports and

South Africa, which spent bil-

fronting Pretoria over white rule.

Mugabe Offers Olive Branch to Pretoria gard the people of South Africa as

work" to achieve progress in what

icies, which have won him acclaim

was essentially a reiteration of pol-

By Jay Ross

from Mr. Mulder in 1974 to try to purchase The Washington Star, the

only afternoon newspaper in the U.S. capital. When that deal fell

through, Mr. McGoff used \$6 mil-lion to buy the Sacramento (Calif.)

Union, the commission said. He is

in federal court papers that the commission report amounted only

to allegations that Mr. McGolf

"may have borrowed funds which ultimately may have originated in

Mr. McGoff's lawyers have said

publisher and part owner.

South Africa.

SALISBURY - Prime Minister Robert Mugabe has marked the first anniversary of black rule for Zimbabwe, born from one of Africa's bloodiest guerrilla wars, by continuing the country along its moderate path of change and offering an unusual olive branch to South Africa.

Mr. Mugabe, in his independ-ence day speech on Saturday, out-lined plans to speed programs for black advancement in land resettlement, government employment, education, health and housing. He gave few details, however.

He appealed to the people of

By Bernard Gwertzman

New York Times Service
WASHINGTON — Saudi Ara-

bia has rejected Reagan adminis-

tration suggestions that a political fight in Congress might be avoided

if it postponed the purchase of five

electronic surveillance planes and

settled instead for equipment to

enhance its previously ordered F-15 fighters, senior State Depart-

The officials, clearly concerned

about the damage to future rela-tions with the Saudis if, as is ex-

pected, a major confrontation

takes place in Congress over the sale of Airborne Warning and Control System (AWACS) planes,

said Saturday that the Saudis seem

damant about the aircrast being

included as part of one package,

with the F-15 equipment and seven

informed the Saudis that it might be difficult to persuade Congress to approve the AWACS sale be-

cause of strong Israeli opposition.

Moreover, Secretary of State Alex-

ander M. Haig Jr. was said to have

The Saudi position - expressed

repeatedly to U.S. officials — is

that Saudi Arabia wants the AWACS for its defense, and that it

regards the administration's carry-

ing out of its commitment to sell

the planes as a test of friendship.

According to State Department officials, a delegation headed by

Sen. Howard H. Baker Jr., Repub-

lican of Tennessee, received a

rough reception in meetings in Ri-

yadh last week with Saudi officials

Some of the members of the dele-

gation reportedly asked the Saudis

for some reciprocal gesture toward Israel to alleviate Israel's concern

The AWACS matter is causing

some tension within the adminis-

tration, with State Department of-

ficials privately complaining that

the Defense Department has not

shown enough political sensitivity toward the issue and has made

commitments on its own to the

Saudis without taking into account

the Israeli and congressional reac-

One Package

Although Mr. Haig defends the projected sale of the AWACS as in

the U.S. national interest, his aides

said that he argued against putting

the aircarft in the same package with the F-15 enhancement equip-

ment because of the expected trou-

ble with the Israelis and with Con-

At a National Security Council

meeting on April 1 — two days be-

fore he left on a trip to the Middle East — Mr. Haig's arguments did not prevail. Defense Secretary

Thatcher Begins

3 Days of Talks

In Saudi Arabia

The Associated Press

ister Margaret Thatcher arrived

Sunday in the Saudi Arabian capi-tal for three days of talks. She was

greeted by Crown Prince Fahd.
Prince Fahd was accompanied
at the airport by the entire Council

of Ministers and the British diplo-matic staff in the kingdom. All stood at attention while the na-

tional anthems of both nations

were played. Sir James Craig, the British am-

bassador to the kingdom, said that Mrs. Thatcher will discuss "a

broad range of subjects, especially

relating to political and regional is-

sues, and commercial ties" with

Gulf security and proposals for

the development of a Western rap-

id deployment force for the region

were expected to be high on the

Saudi leaders.

RIYADH - British Prime Min-

and were turned down.

was in Riyadh this month.

The U.S. Embassy in Jidda has

aerial tankers

ment officials have said.

In an interview on government television and radio Friday night, Mr. Mugabe pledged his country to "peaceful coexistence" with South Africa despite his government's concern over "aggressive and hostile activities against us" by South Africa's white minority government.

in the West.

While he criticized South Africa's racial segregation and its refusal to grant independence to Namibia, Mr. Mugabe said, "Although we are opposed to the politics of South Africa, we do not re-

Caspar W. Weinberger reportedly

pointed out that the Saudis had

the Carter administration, and that

they were threatening to seek air-

craft elsewhere if they did not re-

President Reagan affirmed the

decision to put the five AWACS, the seven KC-135 tankers and the

F-15 equipment into one package. But no decision was made at the

April 1 meeting on when to inform Congress officially of the adminis-

must inform Congress of such a

projected sale. It goes through au-tomatically unless both houses of

Congress, by majority votes, turn

it down within 50 days. Since that

law was written five years ago, no

arms sale has been blocked.

Under law, the administration

tration's intention.

ceieve the entire arms package.

een promised the AWACS during

However, last month South Af: rica gave the required one-year notice that it intends to cancel a preferential trade agreement that is a holdover from Rhodesian white Mr. Mugabe predicted that

our enemies at all."

railways.

South Africa "might proceed to take even sterner measures against He said it was important to dis-

tinguish between political and trade relations and Zimbabwe would "continue to maintain trade relations with South Africa to the extent that South Africa makes it possible for us to do so.



Since 1858. its smooth and distinctive taste has made it a favourite all over the world.



Every country does something best.

Canada makes Canadian Club

NE, Colo. — Searchers vered the bodies of 15 ed in an explosion deep olorado coal mine and gation is under way to

robe of the accident, the ne mine since a 1965 exlled nine miners. Rescue aring special breathing iday picked their way les of rubble in the mine tims were found about inside the sloping mine hich was described by inspector as one of the ines in the nation. The nsion Wednesday appar-

of federal and state inbegan its investigation ident to see if something e been done to prevent

ssports Enter Machine Age lew \overline{U} .S. System to Scan Documents at Borders

Richard D. Lyons ew York Times Service o travel abroad will soon d a new passport that ead by a machine in an speed the passage of through red tape at and to reduce fraud.

Department officials 15,000 of the so-called readable passports had been printed in a test the system was to be nal on a limited basis spring. 11m-size document has a

e cover and will contain er's name, sex, birthirthdate, and issuance ration dates. earer's picture is lami-id inside a plastic coatan placed in the appro-achine, the passport will coded symbol invisible

not going to help eiters by divulging what id Norbert J. Krieg the of the passport office.
find out fast enough."
congressional hearing
k, Mr. Krieg and other
partment officials connat the franchulent use unterfeiting of U.S. 5 was on the rise and ensingly linked to nar-

dicking in Latin Amer-

Similar machine-readable passport systems are under development in Britain, West Germany and Ireland. The aim of immigration officials over this decade is to have the equipment to scan the new documents at the busier ports of entry in North America and Europe.

An even longer-range aim would be the linking of the machines that read the passports to a central computer system that would, at least in theory, keep track of the comings and goings of the vast majority of international travelers.

To Increase Control About 800,000 persons who

enter the United States each year with valid visas are not documented as having left the country when the visas expire, State Department officials told the immigration subcommittee of the House Judiciary Committee. While it is not believed that most of the 800,000 persons re-main in the United States, esti-

"The real aim of the machinereadable passport is not keeping track of people's movements, but production of the documents themselves and eventually speeding up the examination process," Mr. Krieg said. He noted that the State De-

partment was assuing more than

mates of the number vary wide-

them had been wearing out. lobbying Congress for a change in the law that would extend the validity of a passport to 10 years, instead of the current five

ducing the work load.

the computer company that de-

Document Issuance System, which is the State Department's name for the new operation, has encountered a few difficulties. Some passport officers in for-eign countries have challenged have been issued.

3 million passports a year, a number likely to rise, and said that the equipment to produce The State Department is also

years, as another means of re-One countermove, however, is a new requirement that even small children must have

The Planning Research Corp., veloped the new passports under a \$14-million federal contract, is testing the machine that produces them at the passport office in Washington. Similar machines are to go into operation elsewhere by end of the year.

Testing of the so-called Travel

hine-readable passports that The refusal of State Depart-

ment officials to provide infor-

mation about the new passports,

except under direct questioning

from either congressmen or re-

porters, also led to some confu-

sion as to the validity of the new

illusions of those who see human progress in the right to inflict death on life which has just been

to the city (Rome) and the world. In Jerusalem, Jewish worshipers

Israeli troops were present in

In Peking, about 7,000 Chinese Christians flocked to Mass in the city's two Roman Catholic cathedrals, and 40 persons were baptised in a crowded Protestant

years ago.
In Moscow, Tass reported that representatives of the Russian Or-thodox Church gathered with members of the diplomatic corps and their families for an Easter

U.S. Aide Urges Violent Inmates

WASHINGTON --- Half the inmates in state prisons could safely be moved to less secure facilities or placed on probation to make room for more violent criminals, a federal task force on violent crime has Allen F. Breed, director of the

National Institute of Corrections, Friday told Attorney General Wil-liam French Smith's eight-member panel that no more than 15 percent of the 290,000 inmates require costly high-security prisons, but that 70 percent of the institutions fall into that category.
"I don't agree with the view that
we have to build more prisons be-

fore we can incarcerate violent offenders," former Attorney General Griffin B. Bell, the task force's cochairman, said. A distinction should be made between violent offenders and other lawbreakers when it comes to sending them to prison, he said.

Mr. Breed agreed: "The national pattern of incarcerating so many nonviolent offenders requires a reassessment." Otherwise, it would cost between \$8 billion and \$10 billion to end present overcrowded conditions in state prisons, he esti-

ries of earthquakes, the largest measuring 4.4 on the Richter scale, hit an area 120 miles (192 kilometers) north of Los Angeles early Sunday, but no injuries or damage were reported. A seismologist said there "was a small swarm of earthquakes ... The second one was a pretty good size. It rambled on for

INTERNATIONAL Herald Tribune

Page 4 Monday, April 20, 1981 *

Question for Europe

paradox in dealing with Europe. It wants to rally its allies to provide a maximum deterrent to any Soviet crackdown on Poland. For this, the point man, the secretary of defense, has just persuaded his European counterparts to say publicly that, if Moscow intervenes, their governments will not enter negotiatiations on limiting nuclear weapons in Europe. But the United States also understands that it must accommodate the powerful currents in Europe pulling for detente. Europe, for instance, will almost certainly back away from its commitment to deploy new missiles to counter the Soviet SS-20s if those negotiations are not soon begun. For this, the point man, the secretary of state, has just notched up the U.S. readiness to begin preliminary talks with the Soviet Union on getting them under way.

Can the Reagan administration manage the tensions between the common demands of alliance defense and Europe's particular demands for detente? The question has not been so troublesome since World War II. There is in Europe, and especially in West Germany, the key country, not only a desire for accommodation with Moscow but also a tendency to doubt the balance, constancy and competence of Washington's leadership in both economic and political-military matters. Meanwhile, there is in the United States a renewed readiness, and even eagerness, to carry the burden of alliance leadership but. at the same time, a growing undercurrent of impatience at Europe's reluctance to acknowledge the imperatives of a global power.

The usual prescription for alliance disorders of this sort is "consultation." But that in itself seems pale. The chief problem in the 'alliance is not insufficient consultation. Nor does it lie simply in differing tactical assessments of what the confrontation-cooperation ratio ought to be right now in facing the Soviet Union. Nor, again, does it lie in the relatively greater strength of the political left in most European countries.

. The chief difficulty arises from a common

The United States is caught up in a familiar reluctance to cope with the imbalance between the United States' essential globalism and Europe's regional perspective. Americans finally must be concerned with a world balance of power and a world strategy. Europe's horizons are closer to home.

If the problem is defined that way, certain clarifying lines of policy follow. For instance, it is idle to expect the allies to play too much of an exposed role, especially a military one, in regions outside Europe, such as the Gulf. Similarly, it is misguided to expect them to make a balanced and positive contribution to resolving disputes outside Europe, such as the Arab-Israeli dispute.

In Europe, however, it's another story. The European contribution, to diplomacy as it affects Europe as well as to defense, is undeniably large. There can be an excessively assertive or patronizing element in the American outlook, and the Europeans, jittery anyway on account of their exposed position and their dependence, understandably react to it.

Still, the real reason Europeans do not wield greater influence than they do is not so much that Americans are overbearing as that the Europeans do not carry their own weight. Specifically, they allow the United States to continue providing the disproportionate share of the continent's defense that it picked up more than a generation ago when Europe itself was still weak from the war. As they regained their economic power, the Europeans could have assumed a larger defense burden and translated it into a louder diplomatic voice. Instead, they regularly explain how hard it is for them to do more.

It is hard. The question is whether even at this late date the Europeans will decide it's worth it in order to regain a larger measure of control over their own destiny. Until the Europeans do decide, the truly tough question of how the West should deal with the East will be complicated on the Western side by the nagging question of how the components of the West should deal with each

THE WASHINGTON POST.



It's hard not to feel embarrassed about that U.S. nuclear submarine that collided with a small Japanese freighter in the busy East China Sea earlier this month. The U.S.S. George Washington is one of the most lethal of modern war machines, equipped with nuclear-tipped missiles and sophisticated detection gear. The 6,000-ton Polaris submarine sank a freighter one-third its size, ramming it below the waterline with its conning tower.

The U.S. sub was clearly at fault. It was operating just beneath the surface, unseen, in a busy shipping lane. What it was doing there has not been revealed, but an informed guess is that it was raising antennas to establish radio communication with a nearby plane or more distant commanders.

... If so, this raises serious questions about the skipper's choice of a spot to come up to talk. It may also pose some questions about the undersea nuclear forces: if a merchant ship can blunder across their path undetected, would approaching enemy killer forces be noticed?

More immediately perplexing is the evidence that a U.S. vessel hit and ran from a peacetime accident. Japanese survivors

charge that the George Washington surfaced briefly but then fled. They also contend that U.S. aircraft circled overhead and that they saw periscopes fixed on theirlife raft. But no one offered assistance.

It took the Navy 35 hours to accept public responsibility, with the limp excuse that none of its sailors or airmen could spot the survivors in the fog and rain.

There may be a more devious yet plausible explanation for the Navy's conduct. Conceivably, every move since the accident - the submarine's flight, the Japanese protests and the U.S. apologies - has been part of a ritualistic charade. For although the Japanese rely on the defense of U.S. nuclear forces. they are loath to admit it to a Japanese public highly sensitive about nuclear weapons.

It may well be that the sub's skipper felt a higher duty to avoid disclosing his presence to the Japanese and that the leaders of both countries now carry on his pretense. But if that is the case, the incident marks the failure of this deception. The Japanese public is doubly aroused and the United States has not been well served.

THE NEW YORK TIMES.

Lebanon for Lebanese

In the continuing struggle between Christians and Syrians in Lebanon, a critical element has been lost sight of. Much can be said about the methods and motives of the Christians, but one thing is clear: They are Lebanese. The country in which they are striving for a place is theirs. Their right to be there and to contest cannot be denied.

The same cannot be said of the Syrians. They are, after all, foreigners. They were invited in by the Lebanese government to police the internal conflict that was raging in the mid-1970s, but their role has since become closer to that of an occupying force. In any event, they have no legitimate claim to any role in Lebanon apart from that accorded to them by the Lebanese government.

This seems to us the essence of what is still going on around the Christian city of Zahle in the Bekaa Valley east of Beirut. The Syrians are refusing to acknowledge that their forces are meant to be only temporary guests. It is not simply that they have been firing on Lebanese Christian areas, killing some hundreds of citizens in the process. Nor is it just that they are insisting that any Lebanese army units in the area come under their command and control, not the other way around. They are making suggestive noises to the effect that their security requirements compel them to divorce their presence from any considerations of Lebanese sovereignty and to stay there for an indefinite basis on their own. They are using their influence in Lebanon's Moslem community, and the widespread fear that civil war will resume full blast if their "peace-keeping" forces depart, to ensure that their five-year-old invitation to Lebanon is not withdrawn.

As we have indicated before, we are not sanguine about the possibilities of putting an end to Lebanon's multi-layered misery while the Arab-Israeli dispute remains unresolved. In any approach even to mitigating Lebanon's tragedy, however, one principle must be underlined: Lebanou for the Lebanese. The country is plainly incapable of mustering either the strength on its own or the international protection to keep its sovereignty inviolate. First the Palestinians swept in, uninvited, and different kinds of Israeli and Syrian intervention followed. It is difficult now to separate out any one of these interventions and resolve it apart from the others. The main point remains that eventually the Lebanese, and the Lebanese alone, must be allowed to decide which foreigners remain on-

THE WASHINGTON POST.

In the International Edition

April 20, 1906

Seventy-Five Years Ago

SAN FRANCISCO - Surpassing in an appalling extent even the first wild reports, the San Francisco earthquake catastrophe grows with every hour. The latest advices from California indicated that the destruction of practically the entire city by fire as almost inevitable. In the absence of water, nothing can stop the flames until they tail for want of material. The supply of explosives is reported as failing. The business district and the tenement quarter to the north and along the river front are laid waste and the fire is now eating its way rapidly into Nob Hill, the best residence section of the city. Gen. Funston reports that the situation could not be worse and 200,000 are horneless.

Fifty Years Ago April 20, 1931

LONDON - The ban hitherto placed by law in this country against the lending to countries abroad of national works of art for exhibition purposes is to be removed, if not entirely, at any rate very considerably. Both Houses of Parliament have agreed that the existence of such a legal prohibition is improper, given the generosity with which Dutch, Italian, American and other art treasures have been loaned by their owners for exhibition in London. The trustees of the British Museum advised a reservation restricting the works allowed to be sent abroad to those of British origin dated after 1600. They think that certain paintings upon wood would be liable to irreparable injury from climatic change.



Taking the Measure of Heroes

By Stephen Klaidman

camp survivor have triumphed in

one case over poverty and in the

other, on a different scale, over the Nazi death machine. The hostages

But there is another test for her-

oism. It is whether, by their ac-

the moral standard set by those

around them. By that measure, de-

spite the awe-inspiring inner

from Auschwitz, the sheer act of

survival does not qualify as hero-ism. Neither does Mrs. Louis' sur-

vival of deprivation and degrada-

tion in the rural South. The ordeal

of the Iran hostages does not meet

Survivors

The point is not that a concer tration camp survivor is any less

admirable than Mr. Armstrong or

Mr. Hillary (many are even more

admirable); or that there are no

heroes among concentration camp

survivors (there are). It is only that

survival, even under unimaginably

difficult circumstances, is not a

A true hero must be courageous,

he must rise above his surround-

ings and his heroic act must be ex-

emplary and inspirational. Mr. Walesa, Mr. Hillary, Mr. Arm-

strong and some of the Vietnam POWs fit the mold.

without greatness and greatness

without heroism. Winston Church-

l was a great man, but not a hero.

Most Medal of Honor winners

were heroes, but not great men.

History may well record that none

of the heroes listed above were

But what of Gen. Bradley and

Joe Louis? Gen. Bradley made his

military reputation as a battlefield

strategist. That is not the stuff of heroism. But in 1957, this pre-emi-

great men.

There is, of course, heroism

definition of heroism.

have shown courage.

the test either.

WASHINGTON — Omar Nel-ASHINGTON — Omar Neltion, but an empire. Mr. Louis' son Bradley and Joseph mother and the concentration Louis Barrow were returned to the earth last week in Arlington National Cemetery, burial ground of American heroes.

The two men, one white, the came through a lengthy ordeal ther black; one born poor, the with dignity, the POWs survived ther in desperate poverty, rose to greater hardship with honor. All other black; one born poor, the other in desperate poverty, rose to the pinnacle of fame as fighters. Both won the respect of the public as much for their essential decency as for their formidable skills. General of the Army Omar N.

Bradley, the last remaining soldier with five stars, died at the top. By law, he was on active duty until his death. Former world heavyweight boxing champion loe Louis, the last remaining sports figure of mythic proportions, died nearer to his Alabama sharecropper origins. He was a greeter in a Las Vegas

Gen. Bradley was buried at Arlington by right. He was an out-standing U.S. soldier. Joe Louis was buried there because of a special act of presidential grace. In bringing the Brown Bomber's body to the national cemetery, President Reagan displayed his sensitivity to another order of

Contrasts

Much could be said about the similarities and contrasts in these two lives, but few would dispute the American consensus that, in different ways, both were heroes.

When Gen. Bradley died, an appreciation by The New York Times military analyst Drew Middicton carried the headline: "Omar

N. Bradley: A Military Hero, American Style." And back in 1970, the magazine Ebony carried an article about Louis that said: "Louis was the black Atlas on whose broad shoulders blacks were lifted, for in those days, there were few authentic black heroes."

There is something almost magi-cal about the word hero. Once it becomes attached to someone, that person is forever transformed into something exemplary, emblematic, no longer subject to the standards and rules by which ordinary men are measured and judged, even if they fall on hard times, as Mr, But there is also a kind of ines-

capable fascination with the nature of heroism, for who in his or her dreams does not want to be capa-

The hero rises above his surroundings by an act of physical or moral courage that becomes a source of admiration and inspira-tion. What kind of an act, though, is truly heroic? What kind of a life must a genuine hero lead? Was John Lennon a hero? What about Neil Armstrong, or Sir Edmund Hillary? Is Lech Walesa a hero? What about Mr. Louis' mother, Lilly, who raised eight children in a shack, or an Auschwitz survivor? Were the U.S. hostages in Iran heroes, or the POWs in North Viet-

Mr. Lennon falls clearly into a different category. He was an idol, admired by many for his talent, and by others for his style of living. But his life was not distinguished by the kind of towering courage that is an essential charac teristic of heroism.

All of the others have some of the attributes required to fit into all but one of the categories of heroism. The category they do not qualify for is the spontaneous bravery typical of most Congressional Medal of Honor winners.

Some, such as Mr. Hillary and Mr. Armstrong, seem larger than life because of the magnitude of their deeds. Mr. Walesa is the personal embodiment of a movement that is challenging not only a pato preserve civilization. That came Joe Louis made his reputation

by battering other men senseless in the boxing ring. That is not the substance of heroism, either. But be maintained his integrity in a profession frequently defined by the lack of that quality. By the combination of his awesome skill and his unfailing dignity and hon-or, and the fact that he rose to the top at the right time in U.S. histo-ry, he satisfied all the require-

Gen. Bradley came close but in the end probably fell just short of being an authentic hero. He was, complishments, a great American.

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Journalistic Hubris Draws Sharp Concern

By Anthony Lewis

BOSTON — The fabricated story that won a Pulitzer Prize has made newspaper people think about their business as nothing else has for years — and not just on the paper that printed it, The Washington Post There is a sharp ened concern about the responsibility of reporters and editors: the standards we impose on ourselves.

But the episode points to a deeper problem, and I wonder how many in the press will face it. That is the danger of hubris, the overweaning pride that leads to a fall. In our case it is a constitutional hubris, a belief that the First Amendment gives journalism an exalted status. It is in particular a belief that the Constitution gives

us a right to use anonymous sources without being called to account.

The prize-winning story, about a supposed 8-year-old heroin addict in the Washington shuns, did not name the child or the drug-dealer who was described as pushing a needle into "the boy's soft skin like a straw pushed into the center of freshly baked cake." The reporter told her editors that she had promised to keep the names secret and could not tell even them.

Hoax Uncovered

When the hoax was finally un-covered, The Post said in a frankly apologetic editorial that "warning apologetic editorial that "warning bells of some kind should have sounded" at the paper. A good many bells were rung in fact, but they were not heard. The mayor of Washington and the police chief, among others, said from the beginning that they did not believe the

The question is why those warnings did not provoke a critical re-examination by the paper before the prize unraveled the story. A major reason was evidently the mystique of confidential sources. When officials questioned the tale, the paper was concerned signifi-cantly — perhaps primarily — with repelling a challenge to the claim that it had a constitutional

right to keep its sources secret.

The idea that the Constitution gives journalists a privilege not to testify about their sources is a recent one. The claim was made for the first time in a 1958 case. But it is now a part of journalistic litany. The Post editorial on the hoax warned against using the episode to discredit the various First Amendment protections that were sharpened between the paper and the authorities on the question of identification of sources."

No Privilege But there is no First Amendment privilege for journalists when the law demands their testimony in an appropriate case. So the Su-preme Court held in a 1972 case, Branzburg vs. Hayes. It rejected a reporter's claim of a First Amendment right to ignore a subpoena to

tell a grand jury about drug traf-1 [1] [1] fickers he had described, without [1] using their names, in a story

"We are asked." Justice Byron White said for the majority, "to in-terpret the First Amendment to grant newsmen a testimonial privi-

joy. This we declined to do." Notwithstanding that defeat, the press has continued to talk about a "First Amendment privilege" as if it existed. It does not, and in my strong opinion it should not.

The press has always used confidential sources, and it must. But necessity is a long way from exelting the practice into a constitutional right. That can bring - it has brought - unhealthy consequence

In recent years the confidential source has become a mythic figure. in American journalism. In Watergate he got a provocative name and a shrouded appearance in the movies. Every young reporter and journalism student dreams of findhis own Deep Throat.

The danger in that development is that nameless sources will be used too loosely. They should be the last resort, not the first. They should be confined to the necessity that alone can justify them, not used as a substitute for hard work. So most editors believe, but it is easy to lose track of principles in the hustle of daily journalism.

Abuse of Power

Abuse of power is an even greater danger. A column by Jack Anderson last October attributed to unnamed "intelligence sources" the claim that a high U.S. official had disclosed a major intelligence secret. If the official sued for libel should Mr. Anderson be able to es-cape responsibility — or should the papers that published the column — by relying on confidential sources? I think such a doctrine of irresponsible power would be deeply harmful to the press.

When confidential sources are used as incidental elements in a story, there is no great risk. Nor is there when their point of view is made clear: "White House somees" or "Western diplomats." It is another matter when the unnamed: source is the heart of the story, especially one making charges of a the bells should sound.

Reporters who promise confidentiality to get a vital story must keep that promise. Not many judges will push them to disclose, in the end. But if a few brave journalists go to prison for their promise. it is no disrespect to them to say: that the battle is better fought that way — in the balance of court-2 = room interests and public opinion ... than under the distorting guise of constitutional privilege for jour-

Norway and the Nazis

many of them perished.

der the rug.

By John C. Ausland

While most younger Norwegians

are aware of the struggle against

the Nazis, they are generally less

well informed about the followers

of Quisling. Once the trials of the

the war, the subject was swept un-

Reaction

ported Quisling. Thus, there is still alot of pent up hatred, some of

which emerged as a reaction to the

recent television programs.

Given these strong feelings, it is

perhaps not surprising that the government has not found it possi-ble to agree to West German Army

combat units participating in exer-

cises in Norway, even though these units are part of an allied force de-

signed to show the NATO flag in

On the other hand, the tolerant

Norwegian attitude toward politi-

cal parties has permitted the emer-

gence of an extreme rightist party

called the Norsk Front (Norwegi-

former member of the Front, Hans Peter Kyvik, threw several hand-

made bombs into crowds. One per-

son was seriously injured. After his arrest, Kyvik claimed that he acted

under the orders from the Norsk

Front's leader, Enk Bluecher.

Bluecher denied this, and the po-

lice never charged him. Neverthe-

On May 1, 1979, a 19-year-old

Norway in event of a crisis.

OSLO — Over a third of a cen-tury after the end of World War II. Norwegians are finally beginning to come to terms with what happened. The most painful part of this is the fact that 50,000 of their fellow countrymen cooperated with the Nazis during the Occupation. The vehicle for reminding them of this unpleasant fact was a recent series of television programs about Vidkun Quisling's party, the National Union.

Shortly before these television programs began, Norwegians were brutally reminded that Nazism is not dead. This was brought home to them when two young men who are allegedly members of an illegal rightist terrorist group, the Vigilantes, murdered two of their associates. The fact that these murders were related to the theft of weapons from a military supply depot made them even more alarming.

Like other people, Norwegians prefer to remember the heroic parts of World War II. And Nor-

This does not mean, however, that the World War II generation has forgotten what happened. Norway is a small society, with not a great deal of mobility. Even if they do not talk about it, people know who — and whose relatives — sup-

nent U.S. warrior spoke out passionately in favor of arms control

-Letters

Seal Slaughter Re: The Washington Post editorial "The Seal Slaughter" (IHT,

March 28-29):

Thank you for printing the editorial which highlighted the cruelty of the annual Canadian baby harp

As one concerned about the unnecessary suffering visited upon animals by mankind, I would like to see more news items on the animal problems. As a member of humane organizations for the past 10 years, I can assure you that the inside story of the fur trade, factory farming, etc. is indeed "news" to the general public.

CLOVA ABRAHAMSON. Stavanger, Norway,

British Harbingers

Shirley Williams' article, "Why We Left the Labor Party," (IHT, March 21-22), clearly indicates the political shortcomings evolved in the marvelous British system, oscillating between the different ideologies of the Laborites and the Conservatives.

The decision of the four harb-

ingers (Messrs, Roy Jenkins, Da-

vid Owen, William Rodgers and Mrs. Shirley Williams) to create a Social Democratic front should be very encouraging to Britons, and perhaps this attitude may be expanded in other democracies. The ills of a society cannot always be remedied by going to ex-tremism as has been thought and decided by the British Labor Party. Such extreme Socialism and/or syndicalism have suffered the proclivity of failure among their own pioneers, who are still inundated with numerous socio-economic and political ills.

Now, it is up to the British citizens how to save their fascinating democracy by preventing it from extremism and make the new Social Democratic front work its way into a political entity.

The four harbingers are bridging

a once moated castle of tradition to a new political world of reali-

MOSTAFA MODITAHEDI.

way has every reason to be proud less, the incidents and the subsequent trial of Kyvik focused con-siderable press attention on the of its contribution. If the losses in their merchant marine are taken into account. Norway suffered more fatalities than the United group. Kyvik recently escaped... from the mental institution in States on a ner capita hasis. Thorawhich he was confined and is at ... sands of Norwegians who resisted the Nazis were sent to concentra-

Norwegian authorities have also tion camps in Germany, where become increasingly concerned the past few years over the growing theft of weapons and ammunition from unguarded military depots scattered around the country. These are for the use of the Home. Guard, which has the mission of protecting the rear in event of atcollaborators were completed after

The most recent of these thefts. took place on Feb. 9: near Oslo. When two of the people involved. implicated the Vigilantes, the po-lice released them and placed the group under surveillance. Unforinnately, this did not prevent the group, when they became suspi-cious, from murdering the two who had led the police to them. After apprehending the killers, in a dramatic car chase on the morning of Feb. 22 police arrested five young appearant and seized large amounts of stolen weapons and ammuni-

Embarrassed: The Norwegian military were

anbarrassed to learn that all five of the arrested had been trained by them. Two of them are noncommissioned officers in the army, one of whom was on duty with the UN force in Lebanon at the time of his arrest. The other three, one of whom is a woman, were in the Youth Corps of the Home Guard. Nor are the problems confronting the police with extremist vioience over. There has been serious rioting by young thugs in the cenin the past few years, in which rightist youths have become involved. All signs point toward an even more violent confrontation this year. 0/98/, Invernational Revold Tribute.

Herald-Tribune John Hay Whitney Chairman Katharine Graham Arthur Ochs Subberger Co-Chairmen

SINGULATIONAL Housed Technics, S.A. as empired de 1,200,000 F. R.C. Paris No. 73 B 2112. 199/181. Into Charles de Geoffe, 1923.) No.003-sur-Scienc, Tel. 701-12-65. Telesci 612718 Hersild, Train Caldest Berald, Paris. Disposar de la guidication, Walter N., Tanye, U.S., softwarpione price 5235 yearly. September does prosper paid at Long Minard City, N.Y. 11101 C 1931 International Hersild Technics. All rights reserved. Constitution Parishar No. 24.201.

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Lee W. Huebner Philip M. Foisie Walter N. Wells Robert K. McCabe

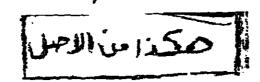
Executive Editor Editor Deputy Editor Chief Editorial Writer

Publisher

Roland Pinson Rene Bondy Francois D 1980

Stephen Klaidman

Associate Publisher Director of Finance Director of Circulation Director of Advertising



irin Shroud Image as Made by a Body, cientists Conclude

3y Philip J. Hilts

IINGTON - Scientists en a step closer to declarbroud of Turin an authenan burial sheet, although ssarily that of Jesus Christ te living in his time. Sciendying the religious relic, elievers say is the burial Christ, have reached a hypothesis about how the I the human face on the

aht have been formed.

ficial report of the Shroud Research Project, released , concludes after scores of and photographic tests cloth image is not a for-Je can conclude for now shroud image is a real orm," the report said. "It be product of an artist." the information in the rebeen made known previ-

ists have been working for to test whether anything e cloth is authentic. Begin-1978, about 30 scientists a research group to travel to examine the famous The cloth, 14 feet by-4 is a very faint, straw-colige of the front and back ded man.

nage is so faint, however, ppeared to be little more

etail in the image.

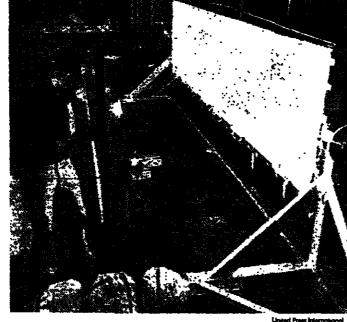
Although the most important test is yet to come - the dating of the shroud by the carbon tests of archaeology — the scientists be-lieve that they have ruled out sev-

eral previous theories.

Scientists now believe that the archbishop of Turin will allow carbon dating as soon as techniques that can use only minute samples of the cloth can be perfected. Until recently, carbon dating would have required destruction of a large piece of the shroud.

"We have pretty well ruled out several popular theories," said Barrie Schwortz, a photographer who was on the scientific team that traveled to Turin. "The hand-painted theory has been pretty much dispelled," he said, as well as the possibility that the image could have been the scorch marks of a metal statue exposed to a fire while wrapped in the cloth. He said the image was also inconsistent with the hypothesis offered by some believers that a burst of radiation from the body might have marked

"The most popular theory with the group, and the working hypothesis now, is that the image was formed when the oils from the skin touched the surface of the cloth and adhered to it," Mr. Schwortz said. "The oils would, over time,



A researcher from the Shroud of Turin Research Project is shown setting up the cloth for investigation in Turin in 1978.

entists held cloth to parts of their ficult to duplicate with any materibodies and then subjected the ma- al that might be painted on; no terial to artificial aging, primarily
by heating it. The tests did produce images, and those of the fingers looked much like the finger cess failed to reproduce the fine detail in the face on the shroud.

Over a body, with the cloth touching in the right places and receding are visible in the shroud image.

The chief reasons why such an the image adheres only to the very top of the cloth fibers and is so Calif.

To duplicate such a process, sci- thin that it would be extremely difages on the shroud. But the pro- perfect match for an image that would be made by laying a cloth in the right places.

The research group's report was image could not have been paint- released for the opening of an exed, according to the scientists are: hibit at the Brooks Institute of Photography in Santa Barbara,

ndon Race Riots: Shards of Glass, Shattered Myths

William Borders

les York Times Service ON — The bricks and s that went crashing the windows of dozens of ad police cars in South two weeks ago also shat-ne well-established public about race relations.

itish were appalled to disit racial violence can hap-, that there is "a Niagara tent among young blacks e being discriminated over jobs, housing, and tters," as Clinton Davis, a ember of Parliament, said. didn't know that there oblem here at all," said a old black man who said he led stones at policemen ne disorders. "Now they

i's new racial difficulties ne to the fore relatively Middle-aged Britons relmost entirely white, Ann society, comfortably ous. Now, a governmentd commission is trumpettrengths of "a multiracial

cial composition of Britged rapidly after World

and the

couraged immigration from former almost all the policemen were olonies to fill jobs that Britons white. And no one denies that police commissioner, conceded that "a multiracial society is puttions developed, immigration was But the nonwhite population has

NEWS ANALYSIS

continued to grow, because of the arrival of immigrants' spouses and children from abroad and because a high proportion --- 58 percent of nonwhites are of child-bearing age. About 4 percent of the population is of Asian, African or West Indian descent. Although these are small minorities by U.S. standards, concentrations in London and Birmingham have produced dispro-portionate visibility. Brixton, the scene of the London rioting, is predominantly white but has a distinctly West Indian flavor.

After the Brixton violence produced dozens of injuries and 200 arrests, authorities stressed that white youths also took part, and that therefore it was not a race riot but a riot directed against the police. In an opinion poll in Brixton last year, 70 percent registered litthe confidence in the police. Still,

Brixton, a delapidated neighbor-hood that includes perhaps 50,000 blacks, is a focus of deep racial hostility.

group warned that relations between Brixton residents and police were nearing a "breaking point" and called the situation "extremely

Without Representation

Now that more than 40 percent of the country's nonwhites are born in Britain, they find it irritating to hear their troubles described as an "immigration problem." They have the frustrated feeling that "no one is representing us," as a black bus driver said. There are Mrs. There are no nonwhites among the 635 members of the House of Commons. Nor are there nonwhites in positions of importance at Buckingham Palace or 10 Downing Street.

Offensive racial stereotypes that have long since disappeared from public view in the United States cannibals, pickaninnies and shiftless black servants - still appear regularly in British advertisements and cartoons, despite a govern-ment-sponsored educational cam-

Party officials reluctantly admit

that they were taken by surprise.

"We were aware of continuing actions by nationalists and ir-

redentist elements," Mr. Bakalli

said. In this case nationalism refers

to separate sovereignty proposals

who want Kosovo to join Albania.

with the help of demagogic slo-

gans, they managed to win over a

MOSCOW — Soviet industrial growth slowed further during the

first quarter of 1981 from the same

period a year earlier, and steel and

coal production fell slightly but oil

"But to be quite frank, what can

ting the fabric of our policing philosophy under greater stress than at any time" in the past 150 years. With severe recession, national unemployment has climbed to 10 percent; among the young and poorly educated in places such as Brixton, it may reach 20 percent or 30 percent.

Rejecting suggestions to in-crease public spending in the riot area, Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher said: "Money cannot buy trust and racial harmony. Trust is a two-way business. No one must condone the disgraceful acts which took place. They were

Mrs. Thatcher's economic austerity policies - including rigid restraints on spending for social programs - have restricted services and facilities that poor neighborhoods had come to expect under the old Labor Party government. "But beyond all that sort of thing, it is a question of attitudes."

said Courtney Laws, the leader of the Brixton Neighborhood Association. "You just cannot imagine what it is like to be black in white Britain. The attitudes are going to

store windows, and the rest of the

damage had been cleared away or

repaired, and a tacitum population

World, the poorest part of the

country, with the gap growing be-tween its poverty and the relative

affluence of the richest republic,

vo cling to a traditional way of life

moted by Belgrade. Death vendet-

tas are commonplace. Intermar-

United States ordering brides by

Many of the Albanians in Koso-

Kosovo is Yugoslavia's Third

had little to say to visitors.

from among the Yugoslav repub-lics, and irredentism refers to those Slovenia, on the Austrian frontier.

be termed as a surprise to us is that despite rapid development pro-

larger number of young people for riage is resisted at knife-point. those demonstrations than I Many marriages are brokered, thought possible," Mr. Bakalli with dozens of Albanians in the

Industrial Pace Continues to Lag

In Soviet Union in First Quarter

By the time reporters arrived in mail from Kosovo.

sovo Is Quiet, but Yugoslavia Remains Concerned

an important role.

Louis B. Fleming INA, Yugoslavia - Kosoesity will reopen Monday, eks after the last of the vi-its here, but officials still

state of emergency will be ry soon," said Mahmut the president of the Com-

'arty's provincial commit-

oss, just 11 months after ath, were led by Albanian sts, stirring concern that of the country was being

edicated much of his rule utempt to bind together ntly Yugoslavia's six rend two autonomous provone of them Kosovo. o is dominated by people ian origin, who are at the

of the country's socioelists, barred since the viooke out, had their first the situation Friday and

of last week. It was a rided tour, however, Indetravel remains prohibited. visits by diplomats from ssies in Belgrade. e restrictions were unable il that the two words that

as the slogans of the Kosovo Republic - rebasis for deep concern. lemonstrators' demands autonomous province be o the status of a republic to Serbia, of which it is ovince — jolted the coun-≃shio.

im is the disintegration of ia, Mr. Bakalli, the the tour, told reporters. re making political de-(a counterrevolutionary

sher Sentenced eek Libel Case

The Associated Press IS — A local court has George Konris, a fug-e newspaper publisher, to is in prison for libeling or of another Athens dai-

ouris' daily newspaper, had accused Seraphim director of the leftist ypia, of collaborating ulitary dictatorship that sece from 1967 to 1974. nce was handed down in on Saturday, Mr. Kouris ce late last year to avoid nent after being found disseminating false inforad libeling Greek Premier

His concern was that a Kosovo Republic would be the first step to an independent republic that even and hostile emigre elements played stration. Burned cars, shattered tually might join neighboring Al-

Most of Yugoslavia's 1.5 million Albanians live in Kosovo province. It had been assumed that they earful of further demonwere by now fully integrated Yugoslavs. The rioting proved differently.

Legitimate Complaints

The demonstrations began March 11 in a Kosovo University canteen, focused on complaints about food, scholarships and over-crowded conditions. Violence escalated March 26 and reached a climax the first two days of April.

Maximum participation in the violent street demonstrations was 2000. Officials argued that most were led blindly and did not know they were being manipulated by "nationalist agitators."

The hard-core organizers and demonstrators are estimated officially at 200. Only 28 have been formally charged.
In the violence, nine persons —

eight demonstrators and one policeman - were killed. That is a reduction from the official estimate of 11 given April 6. Police do not yet know who killed whom, but firearms were widely used. Some citizens reportedly fired on the demonstrators from their

A total of 75 protesters are listed as having been seriously wounded, 55 of them by firearms.

is that the picture of a nation coming unglued? Foreign diplomats in Belgrade think not. And Fan Fox Samuels, 84, Dies in U.S.;

The Associated Press

NEW YORK - Fan Fox Samu-

els, 84, a major benefactor of the Lincoln Center for the Performing

Arts and of the New York City

Opera died Thursday.

Mrs. Samuels was born July 4.

1896, in Hartford, Conn., where

OBITUARIES

her family owned the G. Fox de-

partment store. Her first marriage was to Fred Auerbach, whose fam-

ily owned department stores in

Salt Lake City. After his death, she married Leslie R. Samuels in 1940

and moved to New York. They do-

nated millions of dollars to arts in-

stitutions, especially Lincoln Cen-

Their total contribution over the

coln Center, said that in the last

output rose, according to latest government statistics. The production of meat and dairy products An Izvestia report Saturday on Central Statistical Board data said that industrial output rose 3.1 percent on a year-on-year basis from

Jan. 1 to March 31; the projected

growth rate for 1981 was 4.1 per-

Was Benefactor of Performing Arts five years their donations amounted to at least \$5 million.

Gwyn Thomas

LONDON (AP) — Gwyn Thomas, 67, a writer who put the ordinary people of his native South Wales into often hilarious stories, novels and plays, died April 12 at his home in Cardiff. He as best known for his early novels and collections of short stories, notably "All Things Betray Thee." "The Alone to the Alone" and "The Alone to the Alone" and
"The World Cannot Hear You."

Peggy Duff

LONDON (AP) — Peggy Duff, 71, an organizer for leftist causes and of the "ban the bomb" camyears was not disclosed, but paign for nuclear disarmament in Amyas Ames, the chairman of Linithe late 1950s and 1960s, died

cent. Industrial output grew by about 8 percent a year during the period 1966-1975, 4.6 percent a year during the five-year plan that ended in December, and 3.6 percent last year.

The production of meat and dairy products was down by 2 per-cent. The new five-year plan seeks large increases in milk and meat Oil production rose 1 percent to

150 million tons but was behind the required pace to meet the year's goal of 610 million tons. Coal production was 186 million tons, down less than 1 percent for the quarter, but ahead of the pace required to surpass last year's output. Steel production, which has decreased marginally each of the past two years, was at 38.1 million tons, down slightly. Natural gas production was 117 billion cubic meters, slightly ahead of the pace required for the 1981 goal of 458 billion cubic meters.

Leftist Editor Jailed By Turkish Military

ISTANBUL — A military court has sentenced a journalist from a banned leftist newspaper to 18 months in jail for "weakening Turkish national unity by making separatist propaganda."

Martial law authorities said Saturday that Engin Aydin, an editor of the Marxist daily Politika, was convicted of writing an editorial two years ago that supported Kurdish separatist activities in Turkey. The newspaper was closed a year ago by the authorities.

Washington Post Editors Unravel **Invented Story That Won Pulitzer**

"Jimmy" was the story of an 8-year-old heroin addict who never existed; the story disturbed Washington and humiliated The Washington Post — proud house of Watergate investigations. The story was a lie, and The Post compiled

this account of its spectacular failure. The Post returned the Pulitzer Prize that had been awarded last week to Janet Cooke, the woman who

This article was prepared from interviews, primarily with members of The Post's staff. It was written by Bill Green, the newspaper's ombuds-man. Miss Cooke declined to be interviewed for this report, so her version of events is not represented. Where Miss Cooke is quoted directly, the remarks are usually attributable to those in con-

By Bill Green

Washington Post Service
WASHINGTON — Pulitzer Prize deci-W sions were made on April 3. Formal an-nouncement was scheduled 10 days later, but two members of the advisory board called The

Post's executive editor, Benjamin C. Bradlee, within hours after the decisions were final. He was elated and called both the assistant managing editor, Bob Woodward, and the city editor, Milton Coleman

Janet Cooke was in New Haven working on the Reagan shooting story. Mr. Woodward and Mr. Coleman reached her by telephone to tell her she had won the Pulitzer Prize in the feature-writing category for "Jimmy's World."

Later, she told an interviewer, laughing, "It was right on deadline when they called. I thought they were calling because I hadn't filed the story yet, and all I could think of was. 'Oh, God, is it possible to get fired from 600 miles away?"

Mr. Bradlee got on the telephone and repeated the message. "Even then, I wasn't convinced," she said.

Finally persuaded, she faced an evening alone. She said she bought a bottle of champagne, called her mother and watched "Dallas" in her motel room. The public announcement of the awards was

made April 13. That day The Toledo (Ohio) Blade, where Miss Cooke had worked before going to The Post, carried a story on Miss Cooke and her Toledo background.

"Sometime later that day, one of the editors showed me a copy of the AP's biographical sketches on Pulitzer winners," said Joe O'Connor, The Post's executive news editor. "The information in it did not jibe with our information, so we did what we would normally do: we pointed out to AP that our information and theirs didn't mesh."

AP Response

At The Associated Press, the story moved to Louis D. Boccardi, vice president and executive editor in New York. He said: "Tuesday morning. The Toledo Blade pointed out to our correspondent in Toledo that there were discrepancies between our account of Miss Cooke's educational background and what they knew to be the truth. More specifically, the background we carried, which was given by The Post to the Pulitzer committee, said that she had a master's degree from the University of Toledo, an undergraduate degree from Vassar, and had studied at the Sor-

Michael Holmes, the AP's correspondent in Toledo, started his own checking, and confirmed the Blade's facts. He reported to his New York office.

"Miss Cooke said, essentially, that the infor-At this point, it was quite clear that something was wrong, and so we pressed our efforts on the story," Mr. Boccardi said.

The official biography released by the Pulitzer committee and carried on the AP wire came from a standard Post biographical form that had been attached to her nomination for

Miss Cooke filled it out. Nobody on The Post checked it, yet it differed significantly from the resume she had filed for The Post when she applied for a job.

New Resume

The new resume claimed that she spoke or read French, Spanish, Portuguese and Italian. Her original resume claimed only French and Spanish. The new form claimed she had won six awards from the Ohio Newspaper Women's Association and another from the Ohio AP. Her first resume claimed only a single award from the Ohio Newspaper Women's As-

The new form also showed that she graduated magna cum laude from Vassar in 1976, at-tended the Sorbonne in 1975 and received a master's degree from the University of Toledo in 1977. The original made no reference to the

Vassar records show that she attended classes there for one year. She graduated from the University of Toledo, but received no master's

Between 3 and 3:30 Tuesday afternoon, telephones in the office of Howard Simons, the managing editor, and in Mr. Bradlee's office rang simultaneously. Mr. Boccardi was calling Mr. Simons, and Dixie Sheridan, assistant to the president of Vassar, was calling Mr. Bradlee. Miss Sheridan's call was prompted by the AP queries she had received.

The callers asked Mr. Bradlee and Mr. Simons the same questions: what did they know about the records discrepancies? Neither of the editors had an answer.

Mr. Simons summoned Mr. Woodward, Mr.

Coleman and Tom Wilkinson to Mr. Bradlee's office. Mr. Wilkinson, The Post's assistant managing editor for personnel, brought Miss Cooke's personnel folder and the Pulitzer biography.

Discrepancies Noted

"When we saw the papers, we knew we had a problem," Mr. Simons said. He and Mr. Bradlee decided that the first thing to go after was the Vassar discrepancies.

To do that, they dispatched Mr. Coleman to take Miss Cooke for a walk around the block

and talk to her. Mr. Coleman and Miss Cooke walked across L Street to the Capitol Hilton Hotel. In the bar they ordered two ginger ales, and Mr. Cole-man questioned her persistently on her backd. Why was Vassar saying she only at-

tended classes there one year when Miss Cooke was saying she had graduated? Miss Cooke said she did not know. "OK, let's call Vassar," Mr. Coleman suggested at one point. It was 4:30 in the afternoon, and he was afraid the college's registrar's office might close. "I don't see why it is so important," Miss

Cooke said. "The Vassar records are just me. The 'Jimmy' story is something I did." Vassar Call In a call to Vassar, Mr. Coleman was told by

Margaret Battistoni, administrative assistant to the registrar, that Miss Cooke had not graduated from the school.

Mr. Coleman looked at Miss Cooke,

said she had records to prove her claim, that her mother had the papers.
"Let's call Toledo," Mr. Coleman said,

meaning the university. But Miss Cooke wanted to talk to her mother, and did, for 15 or 20 minutes, while Mr. Coleman stood by. After that conversation Miss Cooke said. "Let's talk." They returned to the bar and or-

dered two more ginger ales.

Miss Cooke told Mr. Coleman that Vassar was right, that she had gone there but had run into emotional problems and returned home following year to enter the University of Toledo, from which she had graduated. Then that part of your resume is wrong," Mr Coleman said.

"What about languages? Do you speak four languages?"

"And the 'Jimmy' story?" "It's true.'

Editors Talk

When Mr. Coleman went to the telephone to call Mr. Woodward, a member of the city school board happened to be at the next pay phone. Mr. Coleman told Mr. Woodward he would have to speak in code.

"Vassar?" Mr. Woodward asked.
"Not true," Mr. Coleman answered.

Jimmy? "She says it's true."

At The Post, Mr. Bradlee suggested that Mr. Coleman be asked to bring Miss Cooke back into The Post at the L Street entrance to avoid being conspicuous and to take her to the vacant eighth-floor office of The Post's corporate president. Mr. Bradlee and Mr. Woodward ined Miss Cooke and Mr. Coleman there. Mr. Simons stayed in the fifth-floor newsroom to conduct the daily 6:30 story conference.

When Mr. Bradlee and Mr. Woodward arrived, Miss Cooke was seated on a sofa, crying and saying, "You get caught at the stupidest

things."

Mr. Bradlee shook her hand, then came on strong. He, Mr. Simons and Mr. Woodward had decided while Mr. Coleman and Miss Cooke were out that the records discrepancies cast serious doubts on her honesty and that her honesty was the only thing that held the "Jimmy" story together.

Reporter Cries

Miss Cooke was crying harder, and Mr. Bradlee began to check off her language profi-ciency. "Say two words to me in Portuguese," he said. She said she could not. "Do you have any Italian?" Mr. Bradlee

Miss Cooke said no.

Mr. Bradlee, who speaks French, asked her questions in the language. Her answers were stumbling. Mr. Bradlee said later that it sounded as if she once had had some high school

Mr. Bradlee made an accusing comparison with Richard M. Nixon: "You're like Richard Nixon - you're trying to cover up." Later, the executive editor said it was one of the most unpleasant conversations he had ever had. He asked about the six Ohio journalism awards, and Miss Cooke's answers were inconclusive.

Mr. Bradlee asked about "Jimmy's" identity. Tuesday was the first time Post editors had been told his full name, "Tyrone Davis." His mother and her boyfriend, they were told, were named Candi Davis and Robert Jackson Anderson, and they lived on Xenia Street. This was the first time any of them had been told nere "Jummy" st iddoseaiy (iveal

"You've got 24 hours to prove the 'Jimmy' story is true," Mr. Bradlee said. Now it was Mr. Woodward's turn to get tough. "I don't believe you on the 'Jimmy' sto-

"You don't believe me." Miss Cooke re-

"No, I don't, and I'm going to prove it if it's the last thing I do." It was the first time Mr. Woodward had said that even to himself. Next Step

Mr. Bradlee and Mr. Woodward left the room, and decided that the best next step was to send Mr. Coleman with Miss Cooke to Xe-

nia Street in an effort to establish whether she did know the precise location where the "Jimmy" story had its origins.
Mr. Bradlee, Mr. Simons, publisher Donald

Graham and Mr. Woodward reassembled in Mr. Bradlee's office.

David Maraniss, deputy metropolitan editor and one of those who had earlier doubted the story, joined the group. Mr. Maraniss had known Miss Cooke since shortly after she arrived at The Post, although he was never her editor. Genial and respected as an editor, Mr. Maraniss develops close relationships with his staff. He and Miss Cooke had had lunch several times, and he had gone over her stories in-formally on occasion. His friendship was to

prove crucial during the evening.

Mr. Bradlee and Mr. Graham went to dinner as Miss Cooke's notes and tapes for the story arrived at The Post. The documents had been held in safekeeping in the law offices of Williams & Connolly since shortly after the story was published.

Mr. Woodward, Mr. Maraniss and Mr. Wilkinson began the laborious job of going over 145 pages of handwritten notes and listening to her tape-recorded interviews. It was th ckground for the "Jimmy" story, but this was the first time that any editor at The Post had inspected her materials. Mr. Woodward said later that he saw "echoes" of the published story all through her notes, but no indi-cation that she had actually interviewed a child

using heroin.

While the three editors were going over the tapes and notes, Mr. Coleman called. He said they could not find "Jimmy's" house, and Mr. Coleman later said that when Miss Cooke failed to identify a house, that fact convinced him the story was a fake. Everyone dealing with Miss Cooke now believed she was lying. But she stuck with her story.

Early Doubts

The editors called Elsa Walsh, Miss Cooke's roommate since mid-December, who was covering a City Council meeting in Alexandria for the Virginia Weekly. She drove to The Post and told an editor, for the first time, that she had never believed the "Jimmy" story. Once, she said, she had looked through Miss Cooke's "Jimmy" notes and found none about the boy. She also recalled that Miss Cooke had once told her that she was valedictorian at Vassar. Miss Walsh had not gone to an editor with her

While Mr. Coleman and Miss Cooke drove back to the office, Mr. Bradlee and Mr. Simons went home. It was 11:30 p.m. Both left instructions to be notified if anything devel-

Mr. Coleman and Miss Cooke joined Mr. Woodward, Mr. Maraniss and Mr. Wilkinson in The Post's fifth-floor conference room, and the questioning continued.

'Janet looked awful." Mr. Maraniss said. "Her eyes were glassy, her face contorted, and she seemed not to know what word would

come out before she said it." Mr. Woodward led the questioning. "It's all over," he said to Miss Cooke. "You've got to come clean. The notes show us the story is wrong. We know it. We can show you point by

point how you concocted it."
"I was tough," Mr. Woodward said later, "but I was convinced we had to finish it up Mr. Wilkinson told Miss Cooke he was con-

cerned for her. Mr. Woodward continued to say that he knew she had faked the story, even though she had done it brilliantly. "This is getting too cruel," Miss Cooke said

"All I have left is my story."
But Mr. Maraniss was comforting. "Give up the Pulitzer," he said to her, "and you can have yourself back." The editors say she continued to deny that "Jimmy" did not exist, repeated it 15 or 20

times, and then a subtle change crept into her "I have to believe the story. What am I going to do?"

Mr. Coleman remained silent. Mr. Woodward tried one last time. "If a just God were looking down, what would He say is the

"I don't know what you mean," Miss Cooke

Compromise Offer Mr. Coleman paced the floor. Mr. Maraniss sat at the table across from Miss Cooke. Mr. Woodward proposed a compromise. Would she sign a statement saying she did not deserve a Pulitzer Prize because she could not prove it? Miss Cooke replied that she did not know why she should say that although she understood it

Mr. Woodward and Mr. Wilkinson left the room, and Mr. Coleman soon joined them. Mr. Maraniss sat alone with Miss Cooke. Both were weeping. He held her hand.

"I was afraid I was going to be left alone with you," Miss Cooke said. "The first time I saw you today I thought, 'Oh boy, he knows, and I'm going to have to tell him.' I couldn't lie to you. I couldn't tell them. I never would tell Woodward. The more he velled, the more stubborn I was. Wilkinson represents the corporation. It means so much to Milton. You guys are smart, Woodward for the mind, you for the heart. Why were you smiling?"

"Because," said Mr. Maraniss, "I had a fremendous surge of empathy for you, refusing to submit to the institution in an absurd situation. You were so strong not to give in. The institution will survive." "Oh, David, what am I going to do?" Miss

Cooke asked. They talked for an hour, reviewing their childhoods. Each time another editor opened the conference room door. Mr. Maraniss waved him away.

They talked about the horror and the fear she had gone through, especially when she was nominated for a Pulitzer. "I didn't think I had a chance," she said.

"There were so many other great stories."
"You can recover and you will," Mr. Maraniss told her. "The only thing I can do is write," Miss

Cooke said. "That's not true." Mr. Maraniss replied. Then he said, "You don't have to say any

tell them? "There is no 'Jimmy' and no family," she said. "It was a fabrication. I did so much work on it, but it's a composite. I want to give the

Mr. Woodward and Mr. Wilkinson had left the room to discuss the feasibility of putting Miss Cooke on indefinite leave. They called Mr. Bradlee, and he decided against it. Mr.

Bradlee said to call off the questioning. But when Mr. Woodward, Mr. Wilkinson and Mr. Coleman went back into the conference room, Mr. Maraniss looked up and ahnounced: "You can go home now, 'Jimmy' is a

composite.

Hugs, Kisses Each editor hugged and kissed her. "I'm sorry I was such a son-of-a-bitch," Mr.

Woodward said.
"I deserved it." Miss Cooke answered.
"Yes, you did," Mr. Woodward said. Mr. Woodward and Mr. Wilkinson called Mr. Bradlee, and Mr. Coleman called Miss Cooke's parents and said he would meet Mrs. Cooke when she flew in the next day.

Miss Cooke had confessed the fraud, and now, emotionally spent, she talked freely with Mr. Maraniss. He told her he would do everything he could to help her, including trying to get her another job, and he promised to stand by her as long as she needed him.

When the conversation drifted to why she had done it, Miss Cooke said she felt she knew enough to bring it off by the time she concocted the story. She had thought about it for two days before writing the original draft she sub-

mitted to Mr. Coleman. Her Reasons

There were three other reasons for her confi-The police could not find the boy because

he did not exist. She would not be afraid of the city offi-

 In a meeting in Mr. Simons' office before the story was published. Mr. Simons had as-sured her that he was not going to ask her the name of the boy or his mother, nor was he going to ask for the street address. "I hope," she said, "that Milton doesn't get in trouble over this. He is a good man who

cares about his people." Mr. Maraniss drove her to the Ontario apartments, where she stayed up all night,

talking with friends.

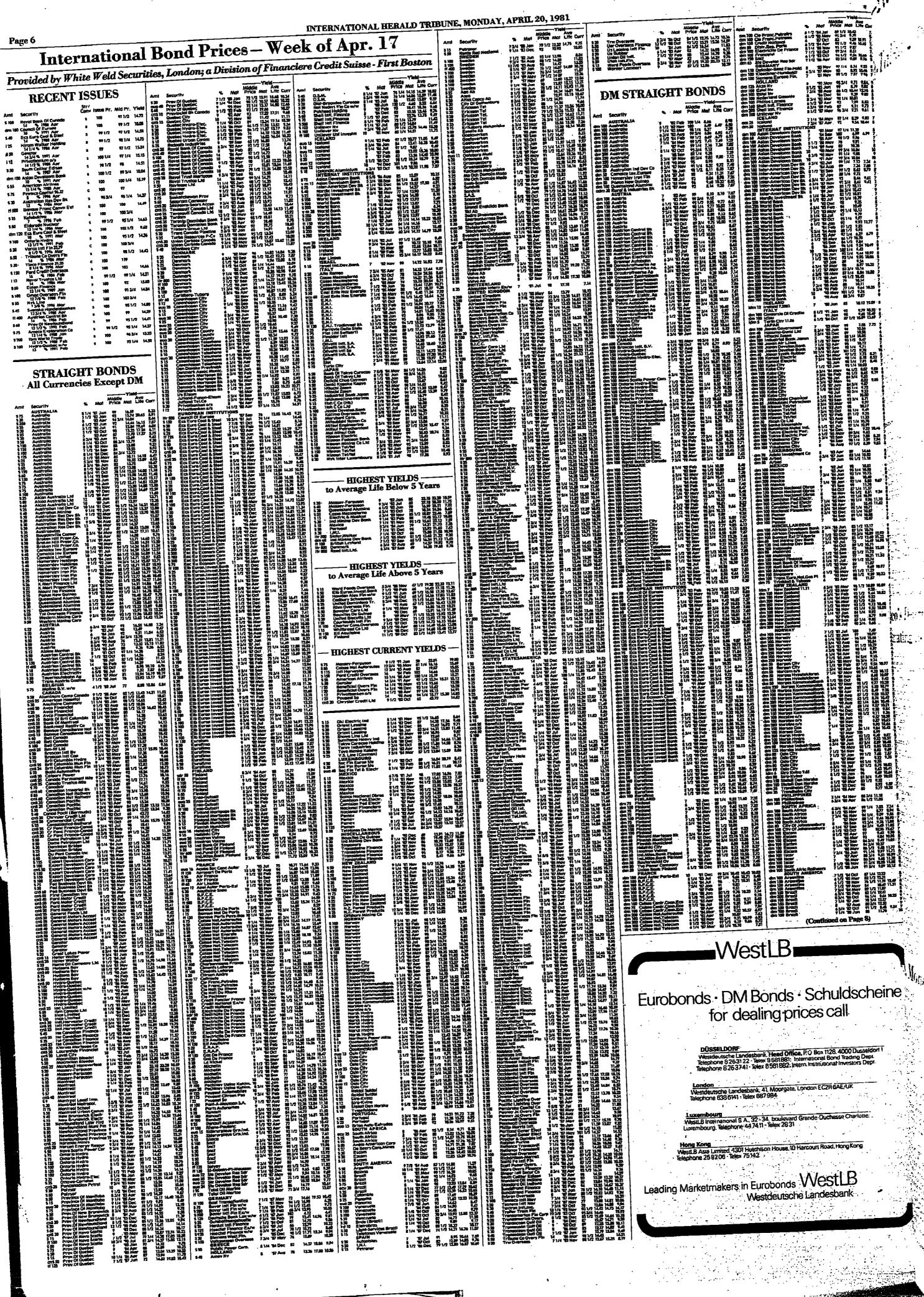
At 7 o'clock Wednesday morning, Mr.

Bradlee broke the news to Mr. Graham. Mr. Bradlee invited Mr. Graham to his house for breakfast, and they talked about what to do

After two hours of sleep at Mr. Woodward's house. Mr. Maraniss returned to the Ontario, where he and Miss Cooke talked for two hours. Then he called Mr. Bradlee, who asked Mr. Maraniss to get Miss Cooke's resignation and a written statement.

In longhand, she wrote: "Jimmy's World was in essence a fabrication. I never encountered or interviewed an 8-year-old heroin addict. The Sept. 28, 1980, article in The Washington Post was a serious misrepresentation which I deeply regret. I apologize to my newspaper, my profession, the Pulitzer board and all seekers of the truth. Today, in facing up to the

truth, I have submitted my resignation.



صكذا من الاصل

Page 7 Monday, April 20, 1981

ft-Talking Brock Grips Trade Role

ulungtan Post Service VGTON — Bill Brock fore answering a ques-

s soft, almost whispery drawl. He cleans out his the flick of a pen, then pipe and takes a puff. head back reflectively. A -life painting of Teddy hangs prominently be-

in to think he was one of presidents," Mr. Brock e the way he operated by and carry a big stick' are I think this country

posture U.S. Trade Rep-William E. Brock to have. Mr. Brock, the airman of the Republinal Committee who was sted from that job last as already quietly taken ole in the politically sennese auto imports queson victories against his impetitors and has enself in the good President Reagan and

ck - who lost his reid for the Senate five and was almost passed te chairmanship of his tse he was considered a as bounced back. The vas quick with the causeveral months ago not softly now, but speaks said he has chosen to his opponents rather

ople, several weeks ago, tary of State Alexander r. reportedly sought a e in auto trade discushe Japanese, Mr. Brock But within several days nan announced that the ad reassured Mr. Brock ade discussions would ne trade representative's

lays later, Republican t J. Dole of Kansas and abers of the Senate mmittee were reassurxk. a former committee at trade policy was his not the State Depart-

he Japanese auto disir. Brock "didn't move / with a public line," B. Hormats, assistant

York Times Service

CITY -- The full-page

it for a jewelry sale in

o looked strangely out

m the pages of the

y daily newspaper Ex-

the Joske Department made no mistake. Its

by prices that are fre-

If those prevailing at and more middle-class

re flying to San Anto-

ter U.S. cities near the

mentum of Mexico's

noom — its gross do-not grew by 7.4 percent such that commerce is

ible to keep up with lo-

I. The flight of con-mptomatic of the eco-

lances that oil is bring-

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the government's de-

to maintain the peso's

the dollar. Last year, while prices rose 29.8

more than twice the

nimward by only 1.9
3.5 to the dollar from

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a dollar now costs

pesos. But foreign

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Sprinkei, treasury un-

ponent of monetarist

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"[Control of the sup-

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Sprinkel — to the ex-

her anti-inflation mea-

something else again. nonetarists fear that

will put the economy

fairs. "He talked to all the actors. It's given him a lot of credibility

Mr. Brock said confusion reigned within and outside the new administration on the auto issue. Mr. Reagan decided, after his Cabinet publicly aired its internal divi-sions, to allow the Japanese to restrict imports of their cars voluntarily, if they see it in their interest

"All of us were new," Mr. Brock said. "The Japanese weren't sure who to deal with. They started dealing with everyone and got confused...We have to speak with one voice." But the administration spoke with many voices, Mr. Brock said.

'2 Individuals'

People within the administration did not even know which Japanese leaders the issue should be discussed with, he said. "It seemed as though there were two different individuals speaking for Japan. Both sides were having trouble adjusting to the new administration." He would not say who the two individuals were, but sources said the two Japanese camps in conflict were the Ministry of International Trade and Industry and the Foreign Ministry.

Mr. Brock said the U.S. anto companies, while demanding auto import restrictions to improve their own sales, "were issuing pretty optimistic sales forecasts for 1982." The Japanese concluded that they did not need to restrict sales of their cars in the United States if American car sales were expected to take off.

He also said it seemed ironic to the Japanese that Detroit complained about \$4.5 billion in losses last year and inadequate cash flow to make plant improvements when they're still paying bonuses

Mr. Brock said the administration did not ask the United Auto Workers union or the heads of the major auto companies to hold down wage demands, cut salaries. stop paying dividends or make other concessions because the administration felt it was best to leave such decisions up to the individual companies.

"We've been trying to tread a very fine line" between protectionism and free trade, he said. Mr. Reagan was a great listener during Cabinet debates on the

domestic prices for foreigners

wanting to visit Mexico or buy its

products. The bottom line last year

was a current account payments

deficit of \$6.6 billion, the highest

in Mexico's history and a 36-per-

Covering Up Cracks

"Oil is being used to cover up all the cracks," said a Mexican econo-

mist who is critical of government

policy, "so we're becoming more

and more dependent on oil to stay affoat at all."

The currency policy is particu-larly harmful to the tourist indus-

try. Acapulco, for example, report-

ed its lowest winter occupancy in 15 years. Officials argue publicly that this is the result of the U.S.

recession, but many hotels, restau-

rants and nightclubs have virtually

cent increase over 1979.

auto question, he added. "One thing I like about his style," Mr. Brock said. "is he wants to hear for running an issueless campaign. everybody out."

Mr. Brock, 50, was born in Chattanooga, Tenn., an heir of the Brock (not Brachs) Candy Co. He graduated from Washington and Lee University with a bachelor of science degree in commerce in 1953. Even then, he said, he was interested in international trade and economics.

Cagey on Position

He said he played the part of broker during Cabinet-level discussions on the auto issue, and he is still cagey about what position he personally took. His posture is reminiscent of

the Brock campaign changed the billboards to read "Bill Brock Be-lieves What We Believe." When asked for his position on

the auto issue, Mr. Brock said, "I have resisted saying anything on

He said the issue probably will be resolved before Japan's Premier Zenko Suzuki visits Washington in May. The Japanese could opt to restrain imports for "a realistic period of time, and that's three years," or they could increase pur-chases of U.S. auto parts or invest in the United States, he said.

Mr. Brock said he hopes to use the auto issue as a stepping-stone billboards plastered around Tennessee during his successful Senate U.S. firms.

Busch to Brave Berlin's Beer Market



The partners hope to have Berlin's initial reac-

tion within six weeks, and a final judgment from

Convincing German beer drinkers will not be easy. Market tests for a light beer that Berliner Kindl tried in 1979 were a failure. The two com-

"German beer drinkers are notoriously conservative," Mr. von Eckardt said. "They switch reluc-

Local Brewery Contracts

for marketing beer, under which restaurants and

bars are often bound to a local brewery by a long-

term contract that makes it almost impossible for

an owner to switch or to carry a second brand.

For German beer drinkers, switching brands of-

cause the western part of the divided city, in effect an island within East Germany, is precisely de-

fined geographically. Berlin has two firmly established breweries, Schultheiss and Berliner Kindl,

as well as a number of smaller beer manufactur-

ers, and is considered one of the tightest markets

for beer in Germany.
"If it makes it here," Mr. von Eckardt said, "we

can be reasonably sure it will be accepted else-

The venture with Oetker is not Anheuser

Busch's first connection with Germany. The

brewery has an agreement with Wuerzburger

Hofbraenhaus, a northern Bayarian brewery, to

Packaging and promotion in Berlin will make clear that the Anheuser-Busch product is an

American beer. The two companies' marketing ex-

perts are evidently banking on a current German

craze for products that have the flavor of Ameri-

sell its beer in the United States.

Berlin is a favorite site for marketing tests be-

Another difficulty is West Germany's system

panies admit there are formidable obstacles.

consumers within several months

tantly from one beer to another.'

ten means switching bars.

William E. Brock

Flaws in Giant Bank of America Are Starting to Show, Critics Say

By Debra Whitefield Los Angeles Times Service

NEW YORK - Even for some of the nation's most skeptical banking analysts, it is hard to imagine something amiss at Bank of

The San Francisco-based giant remained by far the top money-maker among banks last year. In terms of deposits, it continues to be the biggest bank in the United States, although it gave up its leadership in overall assets to New York's Citibank last year. Its consistently strong return-on-equity record remains intact.

But in the view of a growing number of analysts, competitors, and even some B of A executives. those strengths disguise significant flaws. And those lie at the root of the 19-percent year-to-year earnings decline for the first quarter that BankAmerica, B of A's parent, announced last week. It was the first time in 14 years that the bank or its parent had reported a quarterly profit drop.

The picture that emerges from interviews does not match the bank's public image as a conservative, superbly managed bank. Rather, Bank of America is por-trayed as a bank in transition; ultraconservative in some ways, but gambler in others — taking risks that even some of its more flamboyant New York competitors consider chancy.

Potentially 'Suicidal'

Some of B of A's heretofore unreported problems would be "stri-cidal if left uncorrected," said George Salem, a banking analyst with Bache Halsey Stuart Shields

in New York. In the past two years, the bank's earnings growth has slackened, its domestic market share has been eroded, its capital structure has weakened and its avenues for

growth have sharply narrowed. Partly, this shows that B of A is not immune to the volatile interest rates, rising inflation and stiffer competition that have hurt most banks. But some analysts and bankers say the problems go be-

The word in banking circles is that the strategies that worked so well for B of A through the turbulent 1970s are no longer effective.

new strategy has been prepared that is adequate to cope with the turmoil rocking the financial services industry.

For the short term, at least,

these concerns spell trouble, ac-cording to several Wall Street analysts who have lowered their 1981 earnings estimates for B of A from as high as \$5.60 a share to as low as \$4.50, compared with \$4.39 a
year ago. Most predicted downturns in the second as well,
Declaring that "nobody knows

how bad the rot is within the

bank," one B of A senior executive was even more pessimistic. He forecast the bank's first yearly earnings decline in 18 years. Moreover, the decline would have shown up sooner, bank sources say, had it not been for some unusual steps the bank took in the fourth quarter of 1980.

In those three months, the bank repurchased some of its debt --which is uncharacteristic of B of A and revalued the stock holdings of its venture capital company to

reflect the higher market value compared with book value. Without the \$54 million in onetime, after-tax gains derived from these actions, the bank would almost certainly have recorded an earnings decline for the fourth quarter and perhaps for the full year as well, analysts say.

Solving these problems before they grow more serious is the challenge facing Samuel H. Armacost, who on Tuesday will succeed B of A President A.W. Clausen.

Fundamental Reordering

It is unclear to what extent Mr. Armacost will discuss the bank's troubles with B of A shareholders at their annual meeting the same day. He declined to be interviewed, as did Mr. Clausen, who will head the World Bank.

Armacost to orchestrate a funda-mental reordering of the bank's capital structure and to close a sig-nificant number of its 1,100 California branches as a first step in what is expected to be a major overhaul of the vital California division and its unparalleled branch-

ing network. It is in this division, historically the foundation of the bank's growth, that the problems are said to be most serious. The bank has lost market share to its more ag-gressive California competitors, its earnings have eroded, the source of much of its profitability in the 1970s, real estate loans, has become unprofitable and it has many old mortgages on its books.

Cost Cutting

Strict cost-cutting measures have been taken this year to weed out millions of dollars in operating, labor, travel and entertain-ment expenses. While no hiring freeze accompanies these cuts reportedly aimed at reducing ex-penses by 15 percent — some exec-utives say they have been instructed to hire fewer people this year.

The proposed budget is almost always cut to some extent, but this year it was pared down more than usual, said Robert W. Frick, an executive vice president who re-

placed Mr. Armacost as cashier.
One problem that Mr. Frick concedes is serious and that is known to be a matter of debate among the bank's directors is the strategy of funding loans with a "mismatched book." This means the bank funds its long-term, fixed-rate loans, such as auto loans, with short-term money, such as certificates of deposit.

The more conservative approach is for a bank to make a four-year term loan, for example, only if it can match the loan against a fouryear money market certificate.

There is nothing sinister about this "mismatched" strategy. If a bank expects interest rates to fall, it might make a long-term loan and cover it with short-term borrowed money, hoping to refinance its loan later at a lower interest But B of A has one of the largest

(Continued on Page 9, Col. 6)

in Berlin, an Oetker subsidiary.

after Easter.

mand," said Peter von Eckardt, a spokesman for Details Still Top Secret

By John Tagliabue

New York Times Service
BERLIN — The Germans call it "bearing owls

to Athens," and Americans would probably say "carrying coals to Newcastle": Anheuser-Busch, the United States biggest brewery, has an-

nounced plans to sell American beer in Germany.

Germany's largest food companies, Anheuser-Busch said it will brew a light, American-style

beer in West Berlin and begin test marketing there

new idea upon Germany's rigid beer market,

which is plagued by overcapacity, sagging profits and, most troubling, shifting German lifestyles

that are causing beer consumption to taper off.
Using a recipe developed by Anheuser-Busch

brewers in conformity with tough West German

laws governing the purity of beer, and employing barley imported from the United States, Oetker

will brew the beer at the Berliner Kindl Brauerei

"We want to find out whether there is a de-

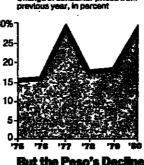
Brewers in Berlin say the move will thrust a

Together with Rudolf A. Oetker, one of West

Most of the details — the brand name, price and amount to be brewed — are still top secret. But Mr. von Eckardt revealed that the product would be a typical light beer, and would be packthe companies would not use either of Anheuser-Busch's U.S. brand names, Budweiser and Michelob; people close to the beer industry said the would likely be called simply Anheuser-

The beer will be sold in bottles, and "will not be among the cheaper brands," Mr. von Eckardt

Mexico's inflation Rate Has Soared ... Change in consumer prices from previous year, in percent



But the Peso's Decline Has Been Slow Value of Mexican page at

'Not Justified' "If industrialists argue that it would give them a competitive edge in foreign markets," Industry Minister Jose Andres Otevza noted recently, "we should first analyse the fact that there are no products to export, that all of production is consumed on the domestic market and therefore a devaluation is in no way justified."

have been repeatedly rebuiled by

stant prices implied a drop.

priced themselves out of the mar-Fed by high government exket. A single room in a first-class penditure, consumer spending has soared over the past three years hotel in Mexico City, for example, costs about \$100 a night, comand, after the slump in private in-vestment that marked the contropared with about \$35 four years Mexicans, who traditionally versial administration of President Luis Echeverria between 1970 and spend three times more abroad than do visitors to Mexico, are 1976, many factories are still struggling to expand their capacity to

being indirectly encouraged by the currency situation to take vaca-tions in the United States, Western catch up with domestic demand. Further, with both government and the private sector importing a Europe or the Caribbean. Last year the number of visitors to Mexico was unchanged and their great deal for industrial projects, some officials have said that devaluation would merely increase spending grew by 15 percent, but

ico's Determination to Prop Up Peso ravating Its Problems With Inflation cans to buy abroad and travel

Not surprisingly, with the doabroad, and it translates into high

mestic price of labor and raw materials rising about 30 percent a year, Mexico's non-oil exports have also faltered against the products of countries with flexible exchange rates. Last year, the value of its manufactured exports rose by only 15 percent, which at con-Calls by some industrialists for a devaluation of the peso, however,

"The main political problem is inflation," one official noted, "so the government is paying the economic price of holding it down." But oil's rising share of Mexico's total exports — from 42.7 percent in 1979 to 64.5 percent in 1980, and probably close to 75 percent this year — is strong evidence of what is known locally as "Ia

By Ken Gepfert Los Angeles Times Service box-office hits.

conglomerate's name — Simon Ramo and Dean Wooldridge went into business in 1953 follow-

ed States' top-priority program: development of a ballistic missile

ny played a starring role in the space program. Among other things, it supplied spy satellites and built the guidance system that helped save the Apollo 13 astro-nauts when an explosion crippled their craft.

Today, however, the scientists breakthroughs.

Record Profit

Despite a recession that caused operating profits from its bedrock tive year of earnings growth.

TRW is so well positioned in fast- its emphasis on replacement parts. growing, recession-resistant businesses that it has a good chance to motive electronics systems that are achieve an ambitious goal for the 1980s: real growth in earnings and

dividends of 5 percent a year.

auto industry. "If we were limited to a single product or a single market, it would be kind of stupid to set long-range goals," said Ruben F. Mettler, chairman and chief executive since 1977.

Although there have been occasional miscalculations, TRW's diversification generally has succeeded in catching what Mr. Met-tler likes to call "tailwinds" in the marketplace. In the automotive business, for example, TRW foresaw several key developments and restructured its operations to

 The downsizing of U.S. cars.
TRW identified this trend early and concentrated on developing small-car parts for the European market. By the time Detroit began phasing out its big gas-guzzlers, TRW was the leading independent producer of lighter-weight rackand-pinion steering systems, which soon will be standard on downsized U.S. cars.

• The tendency of people to keep cars longer. Anticipating that inflation would make autos much

and keep control of the money

His frankly stated worry is that

the Fed will talk about stable mon-

ey growth, but turn in no better

results than it has for the past six

years. "There's a lot of evidence

that [money growth] was volatile

much of the time, especially in

1980. And neither I nor they want

to see a repeat of that performance," he said.

To control inflation, Mr. Solo-

mon suggests, President Reagan would be better advised to concen-

trate on achieving a lower federal

deficit. The financial markets, he

implied, are skeptical about the

TRW Diversity Helps It Weather Recession Moreover, industry analysts say more expensive, TRW increased of the reason was that the compa-

LOS ANGELES — The brief stuff of best-selling novels and The "R" and the "W" in the

ing a dramatic split with Howard Hughes.
Their company, begun in the former quarters of a Los Angeles barber shop, grew explosively after being selected to oversee the Unit-

After merging with Thompson Products — the "T" — the compa-

and engineers who run the Cleveland-based company are winning more raves for their achievements with the balance sheet than for their continuing technological

automotive parts business to fall 22 percent, TRW ended 1980 with record profit of \$212 million, or \$5.69 a share, on sales of almost \$5 billion, marking its ninth consecu-

cern. The way he sees it, the Dem-

ocratic and Keynesian critics of the Fed always wanted the Fed to

pump up the money supply. In the

monetarist view, that's what causes

interest rates to rise. "All we want

is stable, moderate growth in mon-ey," Mr. Sprinkel insisted.

In congressional testimony last week, Mr. Sprinkel called on the

Fed to pay less attention to inter-

est rate targets, and more to hold-ing down the growth in money. What he really thinks came

through in the interview: "You

can't rig rates, or try to rig rates,

In reality, it is more than that.

 The introduction of the autoreplacing many traditional mechanical parts. TRW is vying to

become the leading producer in These hones are achievable. this business, which is expected to grow to \$17 billion by 1990 from \$1.5 billion last year. company officials and analysts agree, because of a long-standing diversification strategy that has Without these moves, and othhelped TRW steadily reduce its deers, TRW would have been much pendence on two tough customers more severely burt by the econom-- the federal government and the ic downturn that has so damaged

the U.S. auto industry. "We would look like Ford or GM," Mr. Mettler said. Although Mr. Mettler stressed that he has been building on the accomplishments of his predecessors, analysts give the soft-spoken

engineer much of the credit for TRW's high marks on Wall Street. The unique thing about Dr. Mettler is, he is a very eminent scientist but he also understands money," said Philip K. Fricke of Goldman, Sachs, "I think that combination is the reason TRW has done so well."

When pressed for TRW's shortcomings, outside observers offer only a short list: • It has failed to move fast enough in marketing some of its technological advances. Francis A.

LeCates Jr. of Donaldson, Lufkin & Jenrette suggested that TRW's management tended to "leave developmental businesses in the hands of fellow engineers, who are oriented toward technological perfection, for too long before turning them over to hard-nosed, profitmotivated, market-oriented busi-

• TRW has a reputation in some businesses as a high-cost sup-plier. Mr. LeCates said he found TRW overhead expenses to be higher than at other selected conglomerates and suggested that part people."

losses in two manufacturing businesses it has entered; computerized cash registers and digital tele-phone switching equipment. But even the critics concede that "

TRW has taken steps to minimize these problems. Earlier this year the company reorganized its electronics, energy, space and defense hopes will enhance the transfer of technological advances to the commercial market. TRW has been gradually aban-

doning low-precision product lines in favor of higher-technology offerings. While the move was intended to reduce the company's exposure to economic downturns, it also has had the effect of placing TRW in markets where cost control is not a major factor in compe-And last year TRW entered a

joint venture with Fujitsu of Japan, a move enabling it to cut its losses in computerized cash registers and concentrate on distributing Fujitsu's computers. Mr. Mettler conceded that the market for TRW's telephone switching systems is "lousy" now, but he insisted that its future is bright.

Meanwhile, TRW's recent contract for the technical supervision of the MX missile could vield the company \$1 billion in revenues during the next 10 years.

In 1980, for the first time, TRW's sales in electronics and space systems exceeded revenues from automotive operations. We're beyond the point where one product or one mistake can sink us," Mr. Mettler said. "That's the strength of diversification."

CURRENCY RATES

Interbank exchange rates for April 17, 1981, excluding bank service charges

D.M. F.F. N.L. 498.00 210.99 ---0.4566 0.1934 0.0915 -

Dollar values Corrency nmarcial franc. (b) Amounts needed to buy one pound. (*) Units of



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mate the peso's "real" the peso cost that must eventually petrolizacion" of the Mexican Mexicans spent 41 percent more r to 30 to the dollar. abroad than in 1979. be passed on to the public. ion encourages Mexi-S. Monetarist Sprinkel Defends 'Simple Truth' Inflation Cure

rapidly diminishing returns and

cessive reliance on monetary poli-cy have been best articulated by Wallich later warned: "There are Iobart Rowen ington Past Service Democratic liberals. But the highly GTON — Unless res ground, President i Paul A. Volcker's rve Board will stay on

monetarist coloration of the rapidly rising costs to a tighter Reagan administration is now control of the money supply]." There has never been an inflation brought under control that I'm aware of that was not

preceded by a slowdown in money

growth....That's simple but it's also the for monetary affairs guts of the truth.' perceived as a threat by the Feder-

> ship has leaned more and more toward monetarist theory. In a major policy speech March 6. New York Federal Reserve Bank President Anthony M. Solo-mon, the No. 2 man in the Fed hi-

al Reserve itself, even though the Fed under Mr. Volcker's leader-

erarchy, put it bluntly: "I think there is a real danger that the monetary solution to infin tion will be seen in overly simple terms, and that sight will be lost of the other elements that will be needed if success is to be ily, the dangers of ex- achieved."

Mr. Sprinkel, when asked in an interview to respond to the con-cerns of Mr. Solomon, Mr. Wallich and others, was candid: Yes, the Reagan administration approach is a monetarist one. But no one ever said it would be painless. The de-sired slowdown in the growth of the money supply will be followed by a slowdown in economic growth in the short run. "If you try to avoid [that cost]...forget about getting inflation under control,"

Mr. Sprinkel said. Mr. Solomon, who preceded Mr. Sprinkel as undersecretary for monetary affairs, argued in his

speech that the origins and cures years for its failure to control the of inflation are "more complex money supply. That is still his conand diverse" than monetary performance alone. He called for policies dealing with the market power of labor and management, and for an attack on price "rigidities" in various sectors of the economy. Mr. Sprinkel's rejoinder: "There has never been an inflation that I'm aware of in any country that

not preceded by a rapid growth in money, and conversely, there has never been an inflation brought under control that I'm aware of that was not preceded by a slowdown in money wth....Now, I say that's simple but it's also the guts of the truth."

In private life, at the Harris Bank of Chicago, Mr. Sprinkel had been a bitter critic of the Fed for

1400-1700 3400-3900 7:00-1000 28:00-31.00 3:00-5:00 21:00-21:00 1:00-2:00 13:00-11:00 0:50-1:00 8:00-11:00 Valeurs White Weld S.A. l, Quai du Mont-Blanc 1211 Genera 1, Switzerland 1cl 318251 - Teles 28305

Gold Options (prices to \$/ex.)

International Bond Prices – Week of Apr. 17	NEW YORK (AP)-Weekly Over the C stocks giving the high, low, and lost bid for the week with the net channe from the one week's fast bid prices. All quotation	EW YORK (AP)-Weekly Over the Counter tooks styling the high, low, and lost bid prices or the week with the net change from the previous week with the net change from the previous week set bid strices. All graphilities supply		
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Friday Baseball

Tigers Outslug Blue Jays, 8-5

TORONTO — Kirk Gibson belted a two-run homer to cap a four-run first inning and a two-run single by Alan Trammell contrib-uted to a four-run sixth Friday as

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Detroit downed Toronto, 8-5. walk off loser Luis Leal and scored on a Steve Kemp double to center. Champ Summers followed with an RBI single, setting the stage for Gibson, who hit the first pitch from Leal 400 feet over the center

Detroit had nine batters in the sixth. Gibson led off with a single. and Parrish scored him with a double and advanced on a sacrifice by Mick Kelleher. Lou Whitaker followed with an RBI single, Rick Peters doubled and Trammell sin-

A's 16, Mariners 1

In Oakland, Tony Armas hit two homers and a double, driving in five runs, as the A's routed Seattle, 16-1. Armas' heroics came before a record Coliseum crowd of 50,255 in the home opener. The A's collected 18 hits off three

pitchers.
"Right now the ball looks a lot bigger," Armas said. "It's the most fun I've ever had playing baseball. When you're hot, you're hot, but I don't know what's going on."

Yankees 2, Rangers 1 In Arlington, Texas, Reggie Jackson doubled in two runs in his

first plate appearance of 1981 to give New York a 2-1 victory over Texas. Ron Guidry gave up four hits through 6½ innings, including a homer to Jim Sundberg in the sixth. Rich Gossage obtained the

Angels 4, Twins 0

In Anaheim, Calif., Dan Ford rookie Tom Brunansky hit solo homers to support Ken Forsch's six-hit pitching as Califor-nia beat Minnesota. 4-0.

Orioles 3, Royals 2

In Kansas City, a two-run double by Rich Dauer off reliever Dan Quisenberry and a sacrifice fly by Eddie Murray highlighted a threerun rally in the eighth that gave Baltimore a 3-2 victory. Red Sox 8, White Sox 5 In Boston, Carney Lansford had

ing the Red Sox to an 8-5 victory over Chicago. Dennis Eckersley, who pitched the first five innings. was credited with the victory.

In the National League, in

four hits, including a two-run ho-mer, and Rick Miller drove in

three runs with three hits in spark-

Houston, Rick Rhoden bested his

More Sports On Page 11

burgh beat the Astros, 4-3. Tim Foli went three for three and scored twice for the Pirates, who got three of their runs on sacrifice flies. Rhoden scattered six hits in

eight innings to earn the victory.

In Atlanta, Doyle Alexander and Greg Minton combined on a five-hitter as San Francisco downed the Braves, 6-2.

Cardinals 9, Reds 5

In Cincinnati, the hitting of George Hendrick, Garry Temple-ton and Tony Scott led St. Louis to a 9-5 defeat of the Reds. Lary Sorensen struck out five and retired nine batters in a row after allowing Cincinnati a run in the fourth on an RBI double by George Foster.

Phillies 6, Cubs 2 In Philadelphia, Larry Christenson worked seven strong innings and yielded just four hits while his teammates backed him with an 11hit attack to down Chicagom 6-2.

Padres 3, Dodgers 2

In San Diego, a single by Bro-derick Perkins with one out in the 10th scored Gene Richards and enabled the Padres to snap a six-game Los Angeles winning streak, 3-2

Bank of America Hitting Snags

(Continued from Page 7) mismatches in the industry - \$6.7 billion in the fourth quarter. In other words, it has \$6.7 billion more in long-term, fixed-interest loans than it has in long-term,

fixed-interest borrowings. This is estimated to have cost the bank as much as \$320 million last year — \$80 million or more lost because the bank funded home loans, some with maturities of up to 30 years, with short-term money, some with maturities of only 30 to 60 days.

Asked whether this type of mismatching is common or pru-dent, a financial chief of a major Western bank said, "Oh God, no." Another high-ranking bank execu-tive in Los Angeles called the tactic "a horrendous risk."

B of A's Mr. Frick said he could not verify the \$80-million loss fig-ure. Nor is it relevant, he said. To work its way out of the mismatch, Mr. Frick said, B of A

s trying to "stretch out our liabili-Treasury Bills

ties by going to the longer-term debt market" instead of acquiring so many short-term certificates of deposit. Also, the bank issued several hundred million dollars in mortgage pass-through certificates 3 Factors

The bank also is counting heavi-ly on three factors largely beyond its control: A downturn in interest rates, acceptance by consumers of floating-rate installment loans, and the new types of adjustable-rate mortgage loans soon to be offered by B of A and others.

Many critics contend that mortgage loans were the culprits that got B of A into trouble in the first place. "A large part of the Bank of America is nothing more than a huge S and L and you know what a mess the S and Ls are in," said Backe's Mr. Salem Bache's Mr. Salem.

Until the mid-1970s, said Oppenheimer analyst Mark Bider-man, the bank had "tremendous liquidity on its balance sheet" and thus was well-positioned to make thousands of consumer and mort-

gage loans. But by 1977, the liquidity had begun to erode as consumers began pulling their savings out of banks and the banks in turn were forced to borrow money at higher rates than they were accustomed to loans. B of A continued to offer long-term, fixed-rate mortgages at virtually the same pace it had before, while many of its competitors either cut back or pulled out of the market altogether.

"They thought they could gain market share in California by making mortgage loans when no one else was," said Larry Cohn, an analyst with Dean Witter Reynolds. doing that, but it cost them a for-tune and now they're way too heavy in real estate loans."

In the fourth quarter, 40 percent of the bank's domestic loan portfolio was in real estate loans. Of the major California banks, which are far more active in the mortgage lending business than their Eastern competitors, only Wells Fargo is known to have more of its loan portfolio in real estate — as high as 51 percent — and its resulting troubles are well-documented.

Assuming that Mr. Armacost and other executives are able to solve the more immediate problems, analysts say there remains the question of where B of A can turn for growth.

Much of B of A's growth in 1980 came from its overseas operations, which contributed \$29 million to total earnings of \$643.4 million — 28.6 percent more than overseas

operations earned in 1979. But analysts generally look for this to be a flat year in internation-

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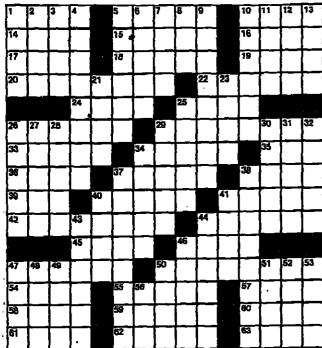
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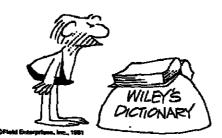
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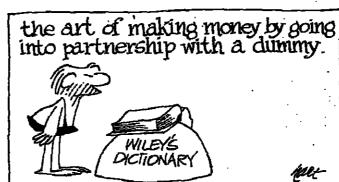






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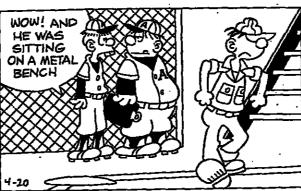










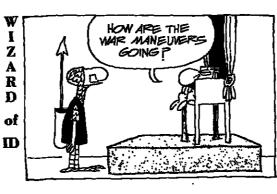


















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Broadcosts of 0000, 0200, 0200, 0400, 0500, 0600, 0700, 0600, 0700, 1100, 1300, 1400, 1700, 1800, 2000, 2200, 2300 (All times GAT). Wester's Enraps: 648KHz and 433M Medium Wove. 5,875, 6,880, 7,120, 7,185, 7,255, 9,410, 9,750, 12,095 and 15,070 KHz in the 49, 41, 31, 25 and 19 mater bands.

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Middle East; 1323KHz and 227M Medium Wave. 25,650, 21,710, 17,770, 15,310, 11,760, 9,410, 7,140, 6,720 and 1,900 KHz in the 11, 13, 16, 19, 25, 31, 42, 47 and 75 meter bands. Segreera Asia: 1413KHz and 212M Medium Wove. 25,650, 21,550, 17,770, 15,710, 11,750, 9,600, 7,180 and 6,195 KHz in the 11, 13, 16, 19, 25, 31, 41 and 48 meter bands.

East and South East Asia; 25.450, 17.770, 15.310, 11.865, 9.570. e,175 end 3.915 KHz in the 11, 16, 19, 25, 31, 48 and 76 meter bands. Also for Singapore only: 88,900 KHz VHF. **VOICE OF AMERICA**

The Voice of America broadcasts world news in English on the hour and of 25 minutes after the hour during verying periods to different regions.

Western Europe: KHz 15,345, 7,325, 6,865, 5,955, 3,889, 1,197, 792, 11,760, 9,760, 1,296 in the 19,7, 41.1, 49,5, 50,4, 75,7, 251 (medium wave), 37,7 (medium wave), 25,5, 30,7 and 232 (medium wave) meter bands. Middle East; KHz 15,205, 11,915, 1,760, 7,200, 6,040, 1,260 in the 19,7,252, 30,7,41,7,49,7,236 meter bands, East Asia and Pocific: KHz 17.20. 17.740, 15.270, 11.746, 9.770, 25.000. 6,110 and 1.575 on the 14. 16.9, 19.5. 25.3.327, 17.4.472, 190 meter bands.

South Asia: KHz 21,540, 17,740, 15205. 11,915. 9,740, 7,105 on the 13.9, 16.9, 19.7, 25.2, 39.7 and 42.2 meter Africa: KHz 26.040, 21,660, 17,670, 15,330, 11,915, 9,740 7,280, 4,125, 5,995, 3,995 on the 11.5, 13.6, 16.8, 19.6, 25.2.

2 Low-Paying Jobs on Deserted Isle Draw Hundreds of U.K. Candidates The Associated Press

HAVERFORDWEST, Wales — Hundreds of people applied to be marooned for eight months on a tiny, rocky, windswept island without electricity or telephone, to look at birds. The West Wales Naturalists Trust said Saturday that letters poured in

for the iobs of warden and cook on Skokholm, a sanctuary for seabirds three miles (five kilometers) off the coast here. The trust chose two unemployed zoologists, Graham Gynn and Elizabeth Culwick, both 28, who are to be married soon. They will start work after their honeymoon.

Imprime par P.I.O. - 1, Boulevard Ney, 75018 Paris

Jumbles: SORRY EATEN BUSHEL DIVIDE

Answer: "Nothing but the most expensive, darling --"--"DEAREST"

DENNIS THE MENACE



I WAS GONNA RUN AWAY FROM HOME, BUT MOM SAID TO WAIT FOR HER! YOU WANTA COME WITH US?

BOOKS

THE UNFORGETTABLE SEASON

By G.H. Fleming. Foreword by Lawrence River. Holt, Rinehart & Winston, Illustrated. 334 pp. \$16.95.

Reviewed by Christopher Lehmann-Haupt

L OOK out, here comes a sneaky one. G.H. Fleming is a professor of English literature at the University of New Orleans, whose first four books were "The Young Whistler," "That Ne'er Shall Meet Again: Rossetti, Millais, Hum," "Rossetti and the Pre-Raphaelite Brotherhood" and "George Alfred Lawrence and the Victorian Sensation Novel."

His fifth is a rather ordinarylooking volume, whose dust jacket is covered with old photographs of baseball players, with the rather ordinary title "The Unforgettable Season." It is a day-by-day reconstruction of the 1908 season, as experienced by the New York Giants. Can you imagine anything more tedious - a day-byday reconstruction of a 154-game baseball season? I couldn't — until I began reading it.

Beautiful Bingles

At first, I found myself merely amused by the sportswriting — the references to catchers as "windpaddists," outfielders as "suburbanites," star pitchers as "stellar twirlers" and a burst of base hits as "a bountiful bevy of beautiful bingles." Or the description of the great Pittsburgh Pirates shortstop, Honus Wagner, who tended to bowleggedness, as "hiking for third as fast as his parenthetical pins would carry him." Or of the brilliant Chicago Cubs pitcher Mordecai Peter Centennial (Three-Finger) Brown, who was born in 1876 and as a child lost the index finger and pinkie of his right hand in an accident, as "the man with the missing digits." Or the case of the outfielder who turned away from a fly ball because "the sun had blinded him and he feared that the ball would fall on the vacuum that terminated his neck."

Next I began to distinguish among the various New York and other National League-city sportswriters and to be entertained by their individual trademarks — the relatively una-domed and thus still-lucid reporting of Sid Mercer of The New York Globe (proving that the simplest style lasts longest). The tendency of The New York Times' W.W. Aulick to invent unlikely conversations: "Your eyesight appears defective, said Mr. Donlin," the hard-hitting Giants rightfielder, to Rudderham, the umpire. "Possibly you are right, agreed Mr. Rudderham." I cannot see you for the rest of the gree."

the rest of the game. Which is the Brooklyn equivalent of a benching." Then the landscape of "The Unforgettable Season" began to seem even more varied with the cropping up of bits of historical trivia — an article about some wild inventor's trying to design an automatic pitching machine; a story announcing the innovation of a tarpaulin to cover the Pitts-burgh infield during a rainstorm; a prediction that someday baseball might attract crowds of more than 20,000. Finally, I got caught up in the excitement of the 1908 National

League pennant race.
A trick of willed forgetfulness I have perfected enabled me to stay ig-norant for a while of the particular reason why 1908 was indeed "the most exciting and calamitous race of all time," as the dust jacket of "The Unforgettable Season" promises. So Fleming's carefully constructed buildup had its way with me as if I were an

The inadequacy of using only two umpires to cover a major-league game; the case with which they were intimidated by the spectators, especially by overflow crowds; the tend. ency of ballplayers in those days to ignore at the end of a game baseball's rule No. 59, which holds "that if a base runner reach home on or during a play in which the third man be forced out, a run shall not count, an incident in Pittsburgh early in the season in which the Chicago Cube mid unsuccessfully to take advantage of this rule by throwing the ball to see ond base long after the winning rin had scored and the base runner, who should have advanced from first K second, had retired to the clubhouse to avoid the swarming postgame crowd; and the failure of the New York press to report this incident ade.

quately, thus keeping the Giants players unaware of the fact that hence forth the umpires and the National League president might well be force; to uphold any such protest — all this is knitted so seamlessly into the day to-day story of the season that its drama builds as if by magic. But even for those baseball fair.

who remember or have heard of Free Merkle's famous "boner" — when the failure of the Giants player to com plete his route to second base on winning hit ended by costing the tean the 1908 permant — Fleming's reconstruction will provide an unusua reading experience. For Merkle's "er ror" was not a simple lapse. It was the final link in a chain of events that only a malevolent god could have de signed. Had anyone died of the even-— or could the subsequent suicide of Harry Pulliam, the National Leagn president, be more directly ded to the cident - it would have been the stuff of tragedy. As it is, it was a crac-fluke. But by focusing his wonderfu-book on it, Fleming has brought an entire era back to life.

Christopher Lehmann-Haupt is the staff of The New York Times.

Agency in U.S. **Warns Against** Too Much Salt

WASHINGTON — The Food an Drug Administration is beginning campaign to try to persuade Amer cans to cut excess salt out of the diets to help prevent high blood pre-sure and other ailments.

Dr. Mark Novitch, acting deput FDA commissioner, told a House subcommittee that half the sodiu that Americans consume comes from prepared foods, half from their sa

FDA Commissioner Arthur Hu Hayes has approved a plan to require disclosure of the amount of sodium i foods that already carry nutrition heling and to define "low" and "n duced-sodium" products better.

The agency will also continue an e fort to have food processors voluntar ly reduce the salt in hundreds of hear ily salted prepared foods.

CHESS_

By Robert Byrn.

DOUBLED pawns are usually a nuisance, even when they are not vulnerable to attack and even when they are part of a position that is on the whole favorable. Especially in closed formations, they can easily be blockeded and their mobility reduced to zero.

They stand in the way of one's own pieces, denying them channels of ap-proach to the enemy camp. A bogging down of the battle is likely to res To surmount the obstacle of doubled pawns requires extraordinary virtuosity in opening the conflict. A rare successful case is shown in the game

between the grandmasters Zoltan Ribli of Hungary and Bent Larsen of Denmark in the fifth round of the Linares International Tournament in A main alternative to Larsen's immediate 5 ... BxNch would have been 5 ... P-KR3; 6 B-R4, P-KN4; 7 B-N3, N-K5; 8 Q-B2, B-N2; 9 P-K3.

BxNch; 10 PxB, NxB; 11 RPxN, N-B3, as in the encounter between Flo-rin Gheorghiu and Anthony Miles, London, 1980. Here, Black has created two sets of doubled pawns and has not had to concede the bishop pair, but Larsen would not like the loose Black kingside pawns. He was much happier with the more solid, weakness-free setup he brought about after From 20 . . . QR-B1 onward, Lar-sen could have simed for active coun-

terplay with . . . P-KB4, but he did not want to open the position since the White bishops would then become effective.
In the position after 34 ... B-B1

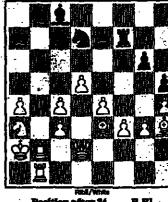
it was clear that Ribli was trying to put pressure on the backward Black QNF. But how could be hope to succeed on such a narrow corridor as the

ceed on such a narrow corridor as the QN file when his minor pieces were hamstrong by his doubled QBPs?

His tricky 35 B-K6! invited Larsen to commit suicide by 35 ... NxB?; 36 PxN, QxP; 37 N-N5ch!, K-N2 (37 ... K-R3?; 38 N-B7ch drops the queen); 38 NxPch, K-R3; 39 NxR.

Had Larsen defended, after 37-Q-QN2l, by 37 ... N-R1, it is possible that Ribli could have shifted to an attack on the other sting with 38 P.N4? tack on the other wing with 38 P-N4!? Therefore, he accepted the pawn sacrifice with 37 . . NxB; 38 PxN

Of course, after 39 R-Q1, threatening 40 RxQP1, Ribli was sore to recover his pawn, but far more importantwas the point that after 39 ... K. R3; 40 Q-Q2, P-B4; 41 QxP, QxQ; 42 RxO, he had infiltrated the Black position with his rook and still had an



Position after 34. . . B-Bl

attack against the king. Defense 42 . . . R-B3 would lose a pawn 43 BxP! After 45 N-N5!, Larsen had

time for 45 . . . R-N5? because 46 OB61, R-N1; 47 R-B7, R-R1; 48 Os! wins the trapped bishop.
Ribli's remarkable attack culmins
ed in the decisive 47 BxP1, RxB; 481. B7ch, K-N2; 49 R/6xRch, KxN; RxN, winning the exchange. The k-factor that doomed all defensive forts in this ending was that Blad

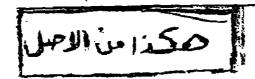
off mating threats.
On 55 R-KB7!, there was no contents to the piece-winning 56 R-B6 (55 K-K3; 56 R-B7), so Latie gave up.

king was enclosed on three ranks and

he could not get his rook back to wa

NIMZO - INDIAN DEFENSE

N DES BASE
N NOTE TO SEE
N DEST COST
N DES



Oakland Streak Equals Record;

Seaver Gets 3,000th Strikeout

tvin's 3 Goals [elp Islanders p Oilers Again

ALE N.Y. — Denis red three power-play ided two assists Friday d the New York Islan-3 victory over the Ed-ers and a 2-0 lead in eir Stanley Cup quar-

output gave him his Cup playoft hat trick i him to tie the record n a playoff game by a , set by Philadelphia's in 1980 and Deiroit's in 1942.

og their fifth straight without a loss, the pored a total of four goals in six attempts, heir playoff output to the power play. They Wayne Gretzky, the ling scorer, to a single

ored his first goal of ad third of the playoffs he second period to the added his second of the period to make ompleted the hat trick he third period with a apped a 3-3 tie. · rs, beaten 8-2 in the , played a much tighter ook the lead at 6:11 of

nod on a power-play Glenn Anderson L Playoffs JARTERFINALS

eders vs. Ed enten at (slanders mesota vs. Bottela esota hands series, 2-6) seta 4, Buffalo 3 sata 5. Buffalo 2 2 of Alimesota 2 of Alimesota visots at Buffalo alo at Minnesota resota at Buffalo Rangers vs. St. Louis (Series tied, 1-1) is 6. Rangers 3 s & St. Louis 4 outs at Rompers
sers of St. Lovis
ery vs. Phillodelphi
(Saries fled. 1-1)
etohic 4, Cotpory t)
'y 5, Phillodelphic 4
intohic at Colpany nia at Calgar

ng Summaries 6. St. Louis 4 (Beck: (2), Tolofous leabers: (4), Alfison (2), Ducumy Petiterson (2), Patey (1)) . & Edmonton 3 (b), Potivin 3 (5), sy (5), Treffler (7); Anderson 2 nt (1), Pi

3). Houston (2), Histor (1); Leish (2), Wilson (2), Goracce Buffola 2 (Christoff 2 (2), Cic-mith (2): McKesney 2 (2)).

difficult it is."

of sports, unquestiona-iest talent belonged to

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Tranic Thompson. For

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Out or most accom-

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coups by lesser artists.

most fondly remem-

the work of Wilson

young Jack Kearns in e. By the time he was

Archie Moore, Kearns

a full head of skin but

is a young man weigh-

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. . .

power-play goals 2:21 apart in the second period, with Goring's assisted by Potvin, to make it 2-1 and make it seem like another rout was on the way. But Risto Siltanen tied it at 6:05.

After Potvin scored the go-ahead goal in the third, he set up Mike Bossy at 7:59 and Bryan Trottier scored a short-handed goal into an empty net at 17:41.

North Stars 5, Sabres 2

At Buffalo, Steve Christoff and Dino Ciccarelli each scored two goals, including Ciccarelli's eventual game-winner in the third period, to pace Minnesota to a 5-2 vic-tory over Buffalo and a 2-0 lead in games in their series.

Buffalo's Tony McKegney scored his second goal of the game at 2:01 of the third period to deadlock the contest at 2-2, but Ciccarelli put the North Stars ahead for good two minutes later when he fired a slapshot from the blueline over the right shoulder of the Sabre goaltender, Don Edwards. Bobby Smith gave the North Stars a 4-2 lead at 9:59 of the third period and Ciccarelli's second

Flames 5, Flyers 4

goal, scored into an open net, se-cured the victory with 25 seconds remaining in the game.

At Philadelphia, Kent Nilsson and Ken Houston each posted a goal and an assist, and Guy Choui-nard had three assists, helping Cal-gary to beat Philadelphia, 5-4, and tie their series at one game each.

Nilsson, the league's third-best scorer, sparked a surge of four straight Calgary goals at 18:02 of the first period on a 20-foot shot Spurs Friday. With the victory, the Rockets took the Western Conference semifinal series, four games from the slot. It was his third playoff goal and it tied the game, 2-2. The Flames went on for three four minutes remaining, but San Antonio, with the shooting of goals in the second period, scoring two on the power play.

Rangers 6, Blues 4

At St. Louis, Anders Hedberg Swimming Record scored on a penalty shot midway through the final period and Mike Allison added the game-winner two minutes later as the New York Rangers defeated St. Louis, 6-4, and squared the series at one game

Hedberg was storming in alone on goalie Mike Liut when St. Louis defenseman Jack Brownschidle dove and tripped him with his stick. On the resulting penalty shot, Hedberg skated slowly toward Lint and flipped the puck past his glove side with 9:44 left in the game to make the score 4-3.

Brian Sutter brought the Blues back to within 5-4, but Ron Du-guay got the final tally for the Rangers with 47 seconds on the clock. New York had trailed, 3-2, going into the final period before Lance Nethery fought for the puck behind the net and centered it to Jere Gillis, who stapped it home.

Red Smith

MONTE CARLO - Jimmy

Connors beat Balazs Taroczy of Hungary, 6-1, 7-6, Sunday to reach

SAN ANTONIO, Texas — Cal-

vin Murphy scored 42 points, including 28 in the first half, to lead

the Houston Rockets to a 105-100

victory over the San Antonio

Houston took the largest lead of

the game at 97-90 with less than

George Gervin and Mark Olberd-

ing, tried a last-minute comeback.

GERA, East Germany - Ute

Geweniger of East Germany set a world record for the women's 100-

meter breaststroke Sunday during

meet here. Her time of one minute

9.52 seconds was 59 hundredths of

a second faster than the previous

Soviet-East German swimming

Guillermo Vilas in Monday's final. Vilas qualified for a shot at the Apr.7-\$50,000 first prize in Europe's first major clay-court tournament of

his match with Taroczy on Saturday after Vilas beat Panatia. But rain forced officials to postpone the remainder of the contest after

(Series fied, 3-3)
Apr. 7 — Phoenix 102. Korpses City 88
Apr. 8 — Korsess City 88. Phoenix, 83
Apr. 16 — Korsess City 92. Phoenix, 93
Apr. 15 — Korsess City 102. Phoenix 98
Apr. 15 — Phoenix 181. Korsess City 89
Apr. 17 — Phoenix 81, Korsess City 89
Apr. 19 — Korsess City of Phoenix
(x-ii necessory) Connors took the final set and the match by winning the tiebreak-

Slower Court

tory in seven clashes with Panatta. Vilas seemed less disturbed than

in a row from 2-2.

15 days. "Borg is suffering, according to doctors, from something similar to

Worth said that Borg first felt the injury during his Masters victory in New York in January.

Trevino Leads

Champions Golf By 1 Over Floyd

under-par 69 and was at 11-under-par 205, as Trevino moved to 12 under par. Trevino, at 41 the oldest player in the exclusive 29-man tournament, has never won a tour-

two rounds had left him at 10-under with a two-stroke lead over Floyd entering Saturday's round. Four strokes behind Trevino was Bruce Lietzke at 8-under-par. with Bill Rogers another shot back. Larry Nelson and Curtis Strange, the first-round leader, were tied at six-under. Tom Watson was well back at 214, with Jack Nicklans at 215.

But Reds Lose To Cardinals From Agency Dispatches
CINCINNATI — Tom Seaver
struck out Keith Hernandez of St. Louis in the fourth inning Satur-

day to become the fifth pitcher in

major league history to strike out 3,000 batters in a career. However, Tony Scott drove in three runs with two singles and a double and the Cardinals dampened the home fans' enthusiasm for Seaver's feat by trouncing the Reds, 10-4, behind the eight-hit pitching of winner Bob Shirley, Jim Kaat and Joe Edelen.

Seaver, 36 and in his 15th sea-son, joined Walter Johnson, Gaylord Perry, Nolan Ryan and Bob Gibson in the 3,000-strikeout club. Johnson is the record-holder with 3,508 strikeouts. Ryan passed the 3,000 mark last season and is still pitching for Houston.

Seaver entered Saturday's game needing just three strikeouts to reach 3,000. He fanned leadoff hitter Garry Templeton and notched 2,999 in the second inning by striking out pitcher Bob Shirley. When Hernandez swung at a high fastball for his third strike to end the fourth, the Riverfront Stadium crowd gave Seaver a oneminute ovation that he acknowledged by emerging from the dugout and waving his cap. He struck out two more batters in the fifth before leaving the game for a

Pirates 6, Astros 3

In Houston, Lee Lacy, who entered the same in the ninth as a pinch hitter, doubled to drive in Tim Foli for the first of three 11thinning runs that gave Pittsburgh a 6-3 victory over the Astros.

Expos 5, Mets 3

At Milwaukee, Mickey Johnson scored 22 points and Bob Lanier added 20 to lead Milwaukee over In New York, Gary Carter and Andre Dawson homered to sup-Philadelphia, 109-86. The series is port the 10-strikeout pitching tied at three games each.
Milwankee, which trailed at the Bill Gullickson as Montreal beat the Mets, 5-3. Gullickson struck half, 45-44, outscored Philadelout two straight after New York phia, 9-2, at the start of the third loaded the bases with none out in quarter, with Lanier scoring the first five, to take a 53-47 lead. The Bucks went on to a 74-66 advan-

Friday and Saturday Line Scores

030 200 300-8 14 1 002 810 029-5 12 1 Eckersley, Clear (6), Burgmeler (8) and Allen-son: Dotson, Barrios (4), Farmer (7), Hickey (7), Lomo (9) and Fisik, W—Eckersley, 1-0, L— Defson, 6-1, HRs—Boston, Lansford (1), Chicaso, Bernazard (1), Luzinski (1), Baines (1).

Bolley, Tobik (6), Saucier (7) and Porrish; Leal, McLaughiln (3), Willis (6), Jackson (9) and Whitt, Mocha (8), W— Bolley, 1-1, L—Leal 1-1. HRs-Detroit, Gibson (1), Toronto, Velez (1).

000 060 030-3 10 0

Tiant Pitches No-Hitter

United Press International
SPOKANE, Wash. — Luis Tiant, a 17-year major-league veteran sent down to the minors this year, hurled a no-hitter Saturday in leading the Portland Beavers to a 2-0 Pacific Coast League victory over the Spokane Indians.

In 1975, as a virtual unknown,

not run in 1976, then had to drop

out the next year. He has been

Stone, T.Mortinez (7) and Dempsey: Leonord, Quisenberry (8) and Walton, W.—T.Mortinez, 1-9. L.—Leonard, 1-1, HR.—Kansos City, Alkens (1),

Tom Seaver

Phillies 4, Cubs 3

mer by Manny Trillo in the bot-tom of the 10th gave Steve Carlton

and the Phillies a 4-3 edge over Chicago. It was Philadelphia's fifth

Giants 4. Braves 1

four-hitter for his first complete

game since 1976 and Joe Morgan hit a two-run homer as San Fran-

Dodgers 2, Padres 0

In San Diego, Fernando Valen-

zuela, the 20-year-old rookie left-

hander, pitched his second shutout

of the year and ran his record to 3-

0, as Los Angeles beat the Padres,

2-0 on home runs by Mike Scioscia

cisco beat the Braves, 4-1.

and Dusty Baker.

In Atlanta, Tom Griffin threw a

straight victory.

In Philadelphia, a two-out ho-

...during standing ovation.

Williams, Cerbett (7) and Smith, Butere (8); Forsch and Ott. W—Forsch, 1-6, L— Williams, 8-2. HRs—Colliernia, Dan Ford (2), Brunensky

St. Louis 411 200 106—9 13 0 Cincinneti 900 100 400—5 B 2 Sorensen. Otten (7) ond Porter; LoCoss, Mos-kou (1), Price (5), Hume (8) and O'Berry, Nolan (9), W—Sorensen, 7-0, L—LoCoss, 6-1.

Philodelphia 010 220 00x-4 11 Kravec, Coudill (1), LSmith (5), Capilla (7), and Facte, Blackwell (5); Christenson, Proty (8) and Boone, W.—Christenson, 1-1, L.—Kravec, 0-1,

Pittsburgh 100 110 100—4 9 0 Houston 100 000 101—3 6 1 Rhoden, Jackson (9), Roma (9) and Nitosla; Sutton, Sambito (7), Smith (9) and Ashby, W— Rhoden, 2-0. L—Sutton, 0-2

Los Angeles 000 100 1000—2 5 1
Son Diego 000 01 0101—3 8 0
Sufcliffe, Forsier (7), Costillo (8), Howe (10)
ond Scinscia, Yeoger (7): Eichelberser, Lihlefield (8), Loller (10) and Kennedy, W—Loller, 10. L—Howe, 0-1. HR— Los Angeles, Guerrero (1). SATURDAY'S GAMES

Americas Lagrue 000 004 000-4 8 1 100 000 022-3 7 6

unbeatable here since, joining Minnesota 104 900 100—6 10 0 Colifornia 601 900 300—4 5 1 Reditern, Cooper (7), Carbett (9) and Smith; Travers, Renka (3), Sanchez (7) and Oit, W—Reditern, 1-1, L—Travers, 0-1, HPS—Minnesota, Smatley (3), California, Hobson (1). Canada's Gerard Cote as a four-Boston police had threatened to blockade the race as a means of protesting the layoff of hundreds

lice union voted overwhelmingly not to disrupt the marathon. Chester Broderick, chairman of the 1,700-member Boston Police Patrolmen's Association, said that the rank and file took "the best interests of the laid-off officers" into consideration when they decided not to blockade the route seven

Cure the Blues Runs Third in **Wood Memorial**

miles from the end.

New York Times Service NEW YORK — Pleasant Colony overtook Kentucky Derby favorite Cure the Blues, the pacesetter, in the stretch to score an upset victory in the \$163,800 Wood Memorial at Aqueduct Saturday.

Highland Blade was second, three lengths behind, in the 11/4mile race, the final New York preparation for the derby May 2. Cure the Blues, the 1-5 favorite here, ridden by Jacinto Vasquez, finished third in the field of six 3-

Pleasant Colony, owned by Buckland Farm, trained by Johnny Campo and ridden by Jeffrey Fell, paid \$27.40, \$10 and \$2.10 for \$2 across the board. The winning time was 1:49.
Pleasant Colony, a Virginia-bred

son of His Majesty, had two victories in seven outings before Saturday. For Cure the Blues it was the second loss in a row after six straight victories. Two weeks ago, in the Gotham, he finished second to Proud Appeal, also ridden by 4 6 .400 6. 2 6 .250 7 2 6 .250 7 1 4 .200 61/2

Rodgers won his first Boston Marathon in what was then a course record of 2:09.55. He did

Detroit 000 004 000—2 8
Teronto 100 600 002—3 7
Petry, Schotzeder (1), Lopez (6) and Parris
Clancy, Garvin (6) and Whiti, W—Schotzeder
8. L.—Clancy, 1-1.

of officers, but on Saturday the po-

Section 000 000 010-1 5 1
Baston 000 000 010-1 5 1
Chicago 600 020 00-2 7 1
Temento and Allenson; Trout, Havi (8) and
Fisk, W-Trout, 1-0, L-Tomana, 0-1, HR-Chicaeo, Fisk (3).
New York 010 020 000—4 4 1
Texas 000 940 20x—4 13 1
John, Cestre (5). Bird (7) and Cerone: Honeycutt, Camer (4) and Sundbers, W—Comer, 1-8.
L—Costre, 9-1. HRs—Now York, Nettics (3), Texs. With (1).

Sectite 000 000 005-8 6
Coakland 407 011 00s-8 1i
Clay, Seattle (6). Clark (7). LAnderson (
and Narron, Builing (8): Kingman and Heat
W-Kingman, 1-0. L—Clay, 0-1. HR—Doklan
Gross (1).

whicogo 000 300 000 0—3 g 1
Philodelphio 126 001 000 1—4 11 g
Krukow, Martz (4), Tidrow (7), Le.Smith (9)
and Feote; Cartion and Boone, W—Cartion, 2-0,
L-1_E.Smith, 0-1, NR—Philodelphio, Trillo (1),
Montreal 300 100 100—5 g 1
New York 01 and 200—5 g 1
Guillicken 8—7 L—L.Smith. 6-1, MR—Philodelphilo, Trillo (1).

Montreol 300 109 109—5 8 1

New York
Guillickson, Bahnson (9) and Carher; Ra. Jones,
D.Roaerts (7), Miller (8) and Trevina, W—Guillickson, 1-0, L. Ra. James, 9-1, HRs.—Montreal,
Carber (1), Dawson (1), New York, Jargenson

000 010 002 03-6 7 0 000 010 002 00-3 8 3 Houston 000 016 002 06—3 8 3
Candelaria, Romo (8), Jockson (10) and Nicosia, Pena (8); Ruhle, Samibia (9), D.Smith (11),
LCCorte (11) and Pulots, W.—Jackson, 1-0, L—
D.Smith, 6-1, HRS.—Pittsburgh, J.Thompson (2),
Houston, A.Howe 2 (2), J.Cruz (1).

Shirtey, Koot (6), Edelen (7) and Tenace; Seaver, Berenyi (6), Price (7), Bair (8) and Bench, W-Shirtey, 1-0, L.— Seaver, 1-1, HR— St.Louis, Handrick (2).

Exuberant A's Going for 11

The Associated Press
OAKLAND, Calif. — Unbeaten
Oakland won its 10th straight game Saturday, routing Seattle, 8-0, as Brian Kingman went the route with a six-hitter. No team has ever won more games at the

start of a major league season.
The 1955 Brooklyn Dodgers, the
1962 Pittsburgh Pirates and the 1966 Cleveland Indians also won 10 straight; only the Dodgers went on to win a pennant. The A's were playing their 11th and 12th games Sunday in a doubleheader against

After Kingman pitched the ninth complete game of the streak, Seattle manager Maury Wills tipped his cap to Oakland counterpart Billy Martin, saying that the A's "seem to be doing everything right — and what they're doing is good for Oakland, good for our league and good for baseball."

White Sox 2, Red Sox 1

In Chicago, a two-run homer by Carlton Fisk backed five-hit pitching by Steve Trout and Lamair Hoyt as the White Sox beat Bos-

Indians 5, Brewers 0

In Milwaukee, Bert Blyleven pitched a four-hitter with eight strikeouts for his 42d career shutout. A two-run single by Joe Charboneau triggered a four-run sixth inning as Cleveland beat the Brewers, 5-0.

Tigers 4, Blue Jays 3

In Toronto, Dan Schatzeder pitched 5% innings of one-hit relief and Steve Kemp sparked a four-run sixth inning with a double, enabling Detroit to extend its winning streak to five games with a 4-3 defeat of the Blue Jays.

Rangers 6. Yankees 4

In Arlington, Texas, Bump Wills hit a three-run homer in the fifth inning, starting a comeback that carried Texas over New York, 6-4, in a game delayed two hours by

Twins 6, Angels 4

In Anaheim, Calif., Roy Smalley belted the second grand slam ho-mer of his career in the third inning to power Minnesota to a 6-4 victory over California.

Major League **Standings**

32-Inning Tie Called Record For Baseball

The Associated Press PAWTUCKET, R.1. — After 32 innings, the Pawtucket Red Sox and Rochester Red Wings finally dropped their bats in exhaustion early Sunday. They later agreed to meet in June to finish what team officials called the longest game in organized baseball.

The two International League teams played for eight hours and seven minutes, unable to break the 2-2 tie that haunted them from the 21st in-The previous record for game

ength was 29 innings, accordng to Pawtucket officials. According to Pawtucket offi-

cials, the game umpires were unaware of a league rule forbidding innings to start after 12:50 a.m. Pawtucket officials decided to awaken the league president. Harold Cooper, in Grove City, Ohio, and ask him what

The longest Major League ame was a 26-inning contest between the Brooklyn Dodgers and the Boston Braves on May , 1920, according to the Book of Baseball Records.

Transactions

AMERIALL
American Leasure
CLEVELAND INDIANS—activated Andre
Thornton, first baseman. Onlined Von Hoyes.
Inflielder, to Charleston of the Southern Leasure.
Stoned Ron Pruitr, Contrier-outlielder, to a oneyear contract with Charleston of the International Leasure.

al Leoque.

Noticed Leoque
HOUSTON ASTROS—Signed David Clyde,
pitcher, to a contract with Columbus of the
Southern Leoque.
LOS ANGELES DODGERS—Placed Don
Stanhouse, pitcher, on irrevocable waivers for
the purpose of piving bim his unconditional releote.

More Sports On Page 9



tanic out for a match with the club pro, George McLean. Flynn found a couple of members willing to bet, and he backed the stranger with \$2,500.

He lost the bet as McLean won easily. Titanic, who played left-handed, conceded that he was no match for the pro but he insisted that he could play better than he had. He wanted a rematch with a 10-stroke handicap but ultimately settled for eight shots. This time Flynn covered \$13,000 in bets, get-ting part of his stake from Big Bill Duffy, a pal of the distinguished rum runner and rackets boss, Owney Madden.

Never at Random

As he had predicted, Titanic's play did improve. With the heip of his handicap, he reached the 17th tee all even with McLean. Par on 17 was three, and McLean's tee shot stopped six feet from the pin. shot stopped six feet from the pint. Titanic's was two feet from the cup. McLean missed his putt. Titanic made his and went 1 up. They halved the 18th. Flynn, Duf-

fy and Titanic split the loot. Golf was Titanic's game. He had stealing of course. Ti-npson's masterstrokes a stable of young players, some of whom became stars on the tourns-L sort of. He was a ment circuit later, whom he would match with golfing gulls at clubs all over the country. He might pick no sometimes took a con sure things.

I to be a golf club in

County, N.Y., called a young fellow out of the caddie house and bet on him against a low-handicap member. Being fore-sighted, Titanic would have plant-ed the youth in the job, and the caddy wasn't picked at random. Sprain Corntry Club. n, a fight manager who k Demosey after Jack

However, he didn't have to be at a golf club to exercise his art. He once bet a peanut vendor \$10 that he could throw a peanut across Times Square. He took a peanut from the vendor's cart, palmed it, and bounced a weighted substitute

off the Astor Hotel across the way. John Lardner wrote the definitive piece about Titanic in 1951. Along with these intrigues, the piece mentioned the time Thompson was driving into Omaha with a companion. They passed a sign post announcing that they were 10 miles from town but Titanic was looking at his watch. He reckoned aloud that they would be in Omaha inside 10 minutes. The companion bet they wouldn't. He had no way of knowing that Titan-

ic had moved the sign post five miles closer that morning.

Titanic is also credited with beating the famous gambler, Ar-nold Rothstein, in a bet on automobile license plates. On a Broad-way corner, he bet that the first New Jersey car to pass would have plates bearing a better poker hand than the first New York car. As soon as Rothstein took him on, a Jersey car showed up, driven by a confederate of Titanic. The plates

had three 3's. Perfect Pumpkin

Titanic said he developed his throwing arm as a boy by killing quail with rocks in Arkansas. At any rate, he did bet that he could throw a pumpkin over a three-sto-ry house. He produced his own pumpkin, about the size of an

orange, and won the bet.
Bill Duffy bet on Titanic in a match with an amateur golfer who could drive a ball into another zip code. The long hitter tended to spray his shots, so Titanic offered to let him have three drives on each hole and play the best one. The mark leaped at the chance. He took a comfortable lead on the first nine but by then his arms were so tired from three full swings on each tee that he couldn't knock the ball out of his shadow. Titanic easily overtook him and won going

away.
Playing a round with Titanic,
Nick the Greek Dandolus had a 25-foot putt. Titanic bet him \$10,000 he couldn't hole it. Nick ran it down but instead of paying off, Titanic offered double or nothing that he could hit a silver dollar eight times in eight shots with a pistol at a range of 10 feet. He did, and saved his 10 grand.

first half while his teammates were hitting less than 35 percent of their shots from the floor. Malone, who has proven to be a nemesis for the Spurs in averaging more than 27 points in each playoff game, hit for 21 points. He dominated the backboards at both ends of the court during his limited playing time.

WORLD ICE HOCKEY — Pavel Richter (2d from left) danced alongside his Czechoslovak

teammates after scoring a goal Saturday in a 7-4 victory over Canada in the World Ice Hockey Championships in Gothenburg, Sweden. The Soviet Union beat Sweden, 4-1, maintaining a one-point lead over the Czechs. Friday, Finland beat West Germany, 6-3, and the

United States edged the Netherlands, 7-6, on a penalty-shot goal with 17 seconds left. Sunday, West Germany beat the Netherlands, 9-2, and the Americans defeated Finland, 6-4.

Rockets Eliminate Spurs in NBA

twice with less than a minute left,

but continued to foul the Rockets.

Moses Malone, Tom Henderson

and Bill Willoughby made two

foul shots each to keep the Rock-

Murphy, the 5-foot-10, 32-year-old guard, bit 12 of 17 shots in the

The Spurs edged to within three a free throw with 12 seconds left to

make it 79-76, and Alvin Scott hit

a dunk shot at the buzzer to pro-

Bucks 109, 76ers 86

tage at the end of three quarters.
Julius Erving led Philadelphia with

25 points and Caldwell Jones had

NBA PLAYOFFS

ton 123, Son Antonio 117

Apr. 15 — Son Antonio 101, Houston % Apr. 17 — Houston 165, Son Antonio 10

vide the final five-point margin.

Sons 81, Kings 76 At Kansas City, Alvan Adams hit two free throws with 33 seconds remaining to propel Phoenix to an 81-76 victory over Kansas City, evening the playoff series at

three games each. Adams' free throws broke a 76-

record, which she set at the 1980 Connors to Take On Vilas In Final of Monaco Tennis Apr. 7 — Boston 106. Chicago 97
Apr. 10 — Boston 113. Chicago 107
Apr. 12 — Boston 109. Chicago 107
Apr. 12 — Boston 109. Chicago 107

the final of the Monte Carlo Open the season by beating Adriano tennis tournament. He was to face Panatta, 6-2, 6-2, on Saturday. Connors, the No. 2 seed, began

Connors took the first set, 6-1.

er, 7-2, on Sunday.

Panatta by the drizzle. But the dampness had slowed the court, a factor which did not suit Panatta. In both sets Vilas won four games The tournament's No. 1 seed,

Bjorn Borg, suffered a surprising defeat in the first round on Tuesday. Doctors later discovered that the Swedish star had injured his shoulder, and they ordered him not to pick up a racquet for at least

the notorious tennis elbow but situated in the shoulder," said Peter Worth, Borg's manager."

United Press International
RANCHO LA COSTA, Cahif. —
Lee Trevino parred eight holes in a
row but bogsyed No. 18 and finished with a 2-under-par 70 Saturday as Ray Floyd charged to within a stroke of the lead following the third round of the Tournament

nament in California.
His consecutive 67s in the first

of Champions at the La Costa Country Club here. Floyd, who began the round two strokes behind the leader, had a 3few months earlier in Fukuoka,

Rodgers, Seko Lead Field played his opponent in an hour and 23 minutes. It was his fifth victory in source leads to the control of the c

The Associated Press BOSTON — Bill Rodgers, at 33 the King of the Road among America'a top distance runners. bids for an unprecedented fourth consecutive Boston Marathon victory Monday. In so doing, he will renew a rivalry with 24-year-old

Toshiheko Seko of Japan. Rodgers, also seeking a fifth Boston triumph on his hometown course, and Seko, winner of the Fukuoka marathon in Japan for the last three years, loom as co-favorites in a field of about 7,000 in the 85th annual Hopkinton-to-Boston classic.

Every U.S. state and 32 foreign countries will be represented in the race, which drew only 250 runners in 1965. The most popular is certain to be Johnny (The Elder) Kelley, who won the event in 1935 and in 1945.

At 73, he will be running in his 50th Boston Marathon - wearing. The field of 674 women is headed by Jacqueline Gareau of Mon-treal, the defending champion; Patti Catalano of Boston, and the 1979 winner, Joan Benoit of Cape Elizabeth, Maine. Gareau had to wait a week to be declared the 1980 winner, after Rosie Ruiz was disqualified for failing to run the

entire distance.

Two years ago, Rodgers conquered rain and 42-degree weather while wearing down Seko on the famed "Heartbreak Hill" less than six miles from the finish. He won the fastest Boston marathon in history in 2 hours 9 minutes 27 seconds. Seko, who had beaten Rodgers a

had to settle for second place in 2:10.2. A college student at the time, Seko said his legs went numb on the hill. "I like warmer weath-et," he explained. "This was Bill Rodgers weather." New Zealand Training Seko has run only two marathons (26 miles 385 yards) since, winning at Fukuoka in 2:10.35 in 1979, and 2:09.45 there last December. However, he reportedly has been blazing at 30 kiometers, just under 19 miles, in training in New Zealand.

Language

Craftily Crafted

By William Safire

NEW YORK — "This is a plea against the dreadful word wrong with a 'well-crafted crafted,' writes Joseph Alsop, the retired columnist. "Crafted is meant to imply that porcelain, glass, furniture or metalwork has been largely handmade by a skilled craftsman. This always is a lie, unless the thing described is one of

inferior y peasant manufactures which are still cheaper than machine prod-

countries these in things things come from, the work of the really skilled 🛴 craftsmen is all but exclusively

for the local rich, while the peasant work that is bought by American importers in large part depends on the worst products of American industry, whether very sleazy rayon. or 10th-rate aniline dyes, or whatever. No really superior handmade product has ever been described as crafted, at any rate to my knowl-

The noun "craft" is from the Old English word for "force," with the underlying sense of "the cramping of muscles during the exertion of strength." This led to its meaning as a trade, particularly a line of work requiring manual dexterity or a knowledge of mechanics; a "craftsman" was an artisan, and bore the title proudly.

"Crafts" became allied to "arts": A craftsman had an artist's skill without his artistry. But the adjective "crafty" had an estab-lished meaning of cunning, sly and deceitful, and the positive sense of "craftlike" never found a home in the language. Recently, however, the noun "crafts" has acquired a status more honorable than simply "not quite arts."

With the rise of consumer interest in handmade items of clothing and jewelry, "craftspeople" have emerged, and many are willing to use "craft" as a verb: "The word 'craft' is a perfectly good verb," says Robert Ebendorf, professor of art at the State University of New York at New Paltz, and a leading goldsmith, "meaning to make something by hand, or to assemble

would also use the word in connection with writing — I see nothing

Not all craftspeople would go that far: Jan Maddox, who teaches art at Montgomery College in Rockville, Md., says: "I'd say, 'It was a well-crafted piece,' not, 'He crafted that '

Now we come to the object of Alsop's scorn: "craft" revived as a verb to mean "construct with skill" and used by advertisers to hawk the "hand-fashioned." Writes Al-

"The few remaining English tailors who cut their suits individually for their customers are called in England bespoke tailors, and you would be thought mad if you said that such a suit was 'crafted.' But I did see the word used in a flier advertising one of the Hong Kong tailors who provide sailors with a suit, a girl and a room for the weekend as a package deal. So it goes. A word that implies a lie ought to be automatically banished from the English language. Instead, 'crafted,' which began as an advertising man's word, has now crept into ordinary English. including the august columns of The New York Times."

Guilty. I described a Reagan speech as having been "crafted by Peter Hannaford.'

The people who despise the sneaky new verb are legion: "To craft," snarls Bertram Lippman of Corman, N.Y., "had its proveni-ence in trade, in the mercantile world of advertisers, the same people who say 'weatherproof' when they would like to say 'waterproof' but dassent. It is intended by the uncouth to imply 'classy.' But it does not mean handmade. Would you be pleased if your columns were said to be crafted by you?"

This column is individually worked, shaped, sculpted, hammered out and fashioned by a contented columnist who thinks 'craft" is a useful verb meaning "put together with care and skill and who intends to use it without shame. But - always mindful of Alsopian ire - not too often. And not to imply, craftily, "hand-

New York Times Service

John Hurt: Behind the Makeup

Success in 'The Elephant Man' May Unlock Hollywood's Gate

By Michael Zwerin International Herald Tribune

DARIS - After a 20-year ca-I reer consisting of what he calls "hurt silence." John Hurt the invisible actor is about to become a star.

His portrayal of the grotesque, sensitive Victorian freak John Merrick in "The Elephant Man" earned him an Oscar nomination (he lost to Robert De Niro). The film cost \$4.5 million and is expected to gross around \$60 milto that holy Hollywood category "bankable."

He was the astronaut whose chest was ripped open by The Thing in "Alien." a depraved Roman emperor in "I, Claudius," an out-front homosexual in "The Naked Civil Servant," a junkie inmate in "Midnight Express." the ambitious Richard Rich in "A Man For All Seasons." People keep asking him:
"Why do you do all these roles in
which you're not recognized?"

In Paris for the French opening of "Elephant Man," the reallife Hurt resembles a shy Oxford don who can still be called young at 41, and he speaks with a schol ar's thoughtfulness: "A lot of people seem to be of the opinion that actors are only motivated by fame. This is a process of thought I do not understand, nor do I

"I accept roles that interest me. I am interested by outsiders, misunderstood or unfortunate men. Elephant Man' has been called an eloquent statement against racism. I think it is broader, a statement against all sorts of prejudice. The success of the film is due to the fact that Merrick represents everything that is misunderstood in people. I am old but I feel young. I may be ugly but inside I'm beautiful."

'Other Side of the Moon'

Hurt becomes the character he plays rather than the other way around. He looks different in every role and he believes the joy and the purpose of drama is to





Scorsese anyway." Or he may

know that his reputation is now

strong enough to enable him to say what he feels strongly about

make the audience care for the character, to "give people the privilege of seeing something they would not ordinarily see, I call it seeing the other side of the moon.

On this level he is not reticent in his criticism of what he calls the "Nouveau Italian" cinema of American directors Martin Scorsese and Michael Cimino. "These people don't think it's necessary for the audience to be interested in or understand their characters. They think in terms of cinematic power, period. Taxi Driver is a good example. And now that it has influenced Hinckley to shoot Reagan, people are actually surprised.

"In 'Raging Bull,' every time something seems to be starting to happen in a scene. Scorsese cuts straight to the next scene without comment. You can never forget it's a film, he bombards you with technology. There is no depth to the character so that what you end up with is a portrait of the piggish behavior of an uninteresting boxer. Scorsese just ob-served. It would have been interesting if he had asked the question why, why does this man be-have like a pig? It's very well acted but, really, it adds up to nothing but a series of amazing audition sketches."

Reminded that his comments are being taped, he smiles and shrugs: "I'll never work for

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GENSTONE DISCOVER

PAGE 9 FOR MORE

CLASSIFIEDS

or what he's doing or who he is is never explained in the script. We left it to Cimino. We thought this was his province, that a pattern would emerge in the cutting room. The characters in The Deer Hunter' were never really explained either." Cimino's "The Deer Hunter"

was a film about the Viet Nam war in which the Americans were all good guys and the Orientals were either evil or unappealing Despite its enormous commercial success, it was widely criticized as racist and reactionary.

'The Deer Hunter was a bit of a fluke," says Hurt. "I know it was, I talked to Cimino about it, I told him frankly what I liked and disliked about the film. I said that one of the things I liked was the irony of the last scene, the 'God Bless America' thing. He said: 'What do you mean, irony? It was for real.' I said: 'Of course it's played for real, but the directorial statement is ironic. He said: 'No. It's for real.' I thought, Jeezus - it's frighten-

Son of Clergyman

Hurt's concern for the moral responsibility of cinema comes in part from being the son of a clergyman. He grew up in modest circumstances in rural England, went to school in London, drank heavily at the beginning of his acting career and then "just gave it up" when he moved back from city to country.

Hurt now lives in Oxfordshire ("that's where my sanity lies") with his French companion Marie Lise Pierrot. They have been together 14 years but are not married. "I don't know why people feel the need to get married," he says, and his explanation of why they have no children perhaps reflects a career of identifying too closely with the misunderstood and unfortunate characters he chooses to play: "I don't believe in having children just because you somehow feel you ought to. It's a shame to bring another poor soul into this PEOPLE: Menta Nagged by Low Over Shankar Concerto When Zubin Mebta leads the New York Philharmonic on Thursday in a new concerto for sitar and orchestra, with the composer, Ravi Shankar, as soloist, it will be with

take his first fling at teaching Boston University in the fall a new departure for me Shannon will leave his t post in June and be succeed William McCann, a New Jers some trepidation. The two celebrated Indian musicians talked surance executive. As one of about their coming venture in Avcry Fisher Hall in interviews in the ton University's nine "univ professors," Shannon will be side department structures a April issue of Ovation magazine. Shankar was enthusiastic, while Mehta had some nagging doubts. free to teach courses in diff "For many years I have been dreaming of playing with the maestro from Bombay," said the disciplines. Initially, he sai plans to specialize in history ernment and journalism. Shi sitar virtuoso. "This second conwas a columnist at the Newl certo, coming as it does some 10 Post and an editorial writer i years after my first one, will reflect New York Times. developments in my thinking and some basic problems in the collab-Jeb Smart Magruder, one oration. "I have never really bepresident's men in the Wat lieved that Indian music can be

case, has again embarked on life of Christian service as short term in prison for observations justice. In August, 1979 21/2 years of studies for a mai divinity degree at the Prir Theological Seminary in Ne sey, Magnuder changed c dusting off his master of bu administration degree from University of Chicago and ta job as vice president for mar. with the Star Dental Manuf ing Co. in Valley Forge, P. Magroder, 46, has resigned the company and is back, seminary. He expects to gre in June. "I probably will soo later go into a parish ministr said. But not, he added, un wife, Gail, completes her st She is also attending the Prir seminary and has two years for her master's degree."

The University School of ville in Tennessee has refus allow scenes for a television starring Vanessa Redorave filmed at its campus because support of the Palestine Libe Organization. The private : has a sizable Jewish eurol among its 680 students: "It . have been both unwise or un tive to have any part of the fidone at University School, Harvey B. Sperling, the schorector. "It would have been sive to our school and comty." Officials said they had a to let scenes be shot at the f. but refused after Redgravechosen for the lead role i --Redgrave portrays an ailing i

-SAMUEL JUS

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The 'Heaven's Gate' Flasco at all reluctant to speak frankly about Cimino's "Heaven's about Cimino's

in a shortened version.
"It's difficult for me to talk

without fear. His next film will be for the bankable director Franco Brusati ("Bread and Chocolate") co-starring the super-bankable Bette Midler.

In any case he does not seem

Gate," the disastrous high-budg-et film in which he plays an al-coholic drifter. After being taken out of circulation for an expeasive re-editing a few days after its initial calamitous release last fall, it is now scheduled for re-release in the United States on April 24

about it because I haven't seen it. We weren't allowed to see any rushes. But from what I've heard, it seems to confirm all my fears during the shooting. Everybody was saying: 'Oh my god, it's so strong, so powerful.' I thought to myself, if the emotional values at the center of the film work, then it may be powerful. But I had my doubts. From what I've heard, it sounds like there are no emotional values in the center. My character pops up now and then as a sort of commentator, an occa-sional brief chorus. He's an alcoholic. But quite why he's there

their patron, Prince Charles, visit-ed. Since leaving London on Sept. 2, 1979, Sir Ranulph and his com-panious, Charles Burton of Britain and Oliver Shepard of South Afri-ca, have followed the Greenwich meridian through Europe and Africa to the Antarctic. They spent nine months on an Antarctic base at Ryvingen before making a record 66-day, 2,600-mile (4,200kilometer) trek aboard snowmobiles across the south polar icecap in December and January. They will visit Los Angeles and Van-couver, British Columbia, before going via the Yukon River to the Canadian Arctic and the North Pole. They expect the North Pole crossing to be more hazardous than the Antarctic crossing.

creativity." Mehta referred

played by a Western symphony or-

chestra," he said. "Ravi feels that

at this point he has done so much

of it that he can write for us. His

problem is that he cannot read our

notation, and I cannot read his -

I mean, there is hardly any Indian

notation." However, said Mehta,

"We have already had some long study sessions. I feel at the moment that it will work."

The British Transglobe Expedi-

tion has left Sydney on the second

stage of its three-year attempt to

circumnavigate the world via the

poles. The expedition, led by Sir Ramuigh Flennes, 37, sailed for the United States on Friday after a two-week stopover in Sydney,

where they held an exhibition that

He has had offers to return to journalism, in Washington, or take. a new political appointment on Capitol Hill, but when he leaves his position as U.S. ambassador to

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